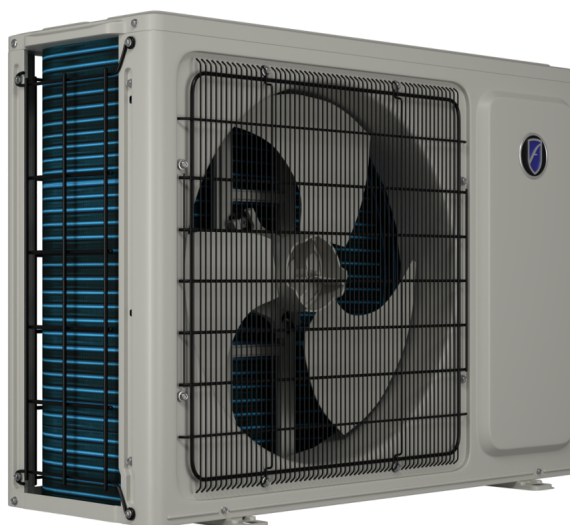




FRIEDRICH

Ductless Floating Air® Select Single Zone R- 32 Refrigerant



System

115-Volt: FSHW091C, FSHW121C
230-Volt: FSHW183D, FSHW243D, FSHW36D

Wall Mounted Unit

115-Volt: FAHFW09A1C, FAHFW12A1C
230-Volt: FAHFW18A3D, FAHFW24A3D, FAHSW36A3D

Outdoor Unit

115-Volt: FSHSR09B1C, FSHSR12B1C
230-Volt: FSHSR18B3D, FSHSR24B3D, FSHSR36B3D

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INTRODUCTION

Important Safety Information

The information in this manual is intended for use by a qualified technician who is familiar with the safety procedures required for installation and repair, and who is equipped with the proper tools and test instruments required to service this product.

Installation or repairs made by unqualified persons can result in subjecting the unqualified person making such repairs as well as the persons being served by the equipment to hazards resulting in injury or electrical shock which can be serious or even fatal.

Maintenance is the responsibility of the owner. Failure to properly maintain or repair equipment may result in personal injury and/or various types of property damage (fire, flood, etc.).

Safety warnings have been placed throughout this manual to alert you to potential hazards that may be encountered. If you install or perform service on equipment, it is your responsibility to read and obey these warnings to guard against any bodily injury or property damage which may result to you or others. Due to continuing research in new energy-saving technology, all information in this manual is subject to change without notice.

This service manual is designed to be used in conjunction with the installation and operation manuals provided with each air conditioning system. This service manual was written to assist the professional service technician to quickly and accurately diagnose and repair malfunctions.

Installation procedures are not given in this manual. They are given in the Installation/Operation manual which can be acquired on the Friedrich [website](#). Click the Link or scan the QR code to be directed to the Professional page where you can locate our technical literature.



SAFETY IS IMPORTANT

We have provided many important safety messages in this manual and on your appliance. Always read and obey all safety messages.



This is a safety Alert symbol. This symbol alerts you to potential hazards that can kill or hurt you and others.

All safety messages will tell you what the potential hazard is, tell you how to reduce the chance of injury, and tell you what will happen if the instructions are not followed.

All safety messages will follow the safety alert symbol with the word "WARNING" or "CAUTION". These words mean:



WARNING

Indicates a hazard which, if not avoided, can result in severe personal injury or death and damage to product or other property.



CAUTION

Indicates a hazard which, if not avoided, can result in personal injury and damage to product or other property.

NOTICE

Indicates property damage can occur if instructions are not followed.



This symbol indicates that this appliance uses a flammable refrigerant. If the refrigerant is leaked and is exposed to an external ignition source, there is a risk of fire.



This symbol indicates that the Operation Manual should be read carefully.






This symbol indicates that service personnel should be handling this equipment with reference to the installation manual.



This symbol indicates that information is available such as the Installation and Operation manual, or the Service Manual.

INTRODUCTION

Personal Injury Or Death Hazards

| SAFETY FIRST |  WARNING |  AVERTISSEMENT |  ADVERTENCIA |
|-----------------|---|---|---|
| | Do not remove, disable or bypass this unit's safety devices. Doing so may cause fire, injuries, or death. | Ne pas supprimer, désactiver ou contourner cette l'unité des dispositifs de sécurité, faire vous risquer de provoquer le feu, les blessures ou la mort. | No eliminar, desactivar o pasar por alto los dispositivos de seguridad de la unidad. Si lo hace podría producirse fuego, lesiones o muerte. |

|  WARNING |
|---|
| ALWAYS USE INDUSTRY STANDARD PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) |

ELECTRICAL HAZARDS:

- Unplug and/or disconnect all electrical power to the unit before performing inspections, maintenance, or service.
- Make sure to follow proper lockout/tag out procedures.
- Always work in the company of a qualified assistant if possible.
- Capacitors, even when disconnected from the electrical power source, retain an electrical charge potential capable of causing electric shock or electrocution.
- Handle, discharge, and test capacitors according to safe, established, standards, and approved procedures.
- Extreme care, proper judgment, and safety procedures must be exercised if it becomes necessary to test or troubleshoot equipment with the power on to the unit.
- Do not spray water on the air conditioning unit while the power is on.
- Electrical component malfunction caused by water could result in electric shock or other electrically unsafe conditions when the power is restored and the unit is turned on, even after the exterior is dry.
- Use air conditioner on a single dedicated circuit within the specified amperage rating.
- Follow all safety precautions and use proper and adequate protective safety aids such as: gloves, goggles, clothing, properly insulated tools, and testing equipment etc.
- Failure to follow proper safety procedures and/or these warnings can result in serious injury or death.

INTRODUCTION

PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH HAZARDS

- **REFRIGERATION SYSTEM REPAIR HAZARDS:**

- Use approved standard refrigerant recovering procedures and equipment to relieve high pressure before opening system for repair. Reference EPA regulations (40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F) Section 608.
- Do not allow liquid refrigerant to contact skin. Direct contact with liquid refrigerant can result in minor to moderate injury.
- Be extremely careful when using an oxy-acetylene torch. Direct contact with the torch's flame or hot surfaces can cause serious burns.
- Make certain to protect personal and surrounding property with fire proof materials and have a fire extinguisher at hand while using a torch.
- Provide adequate ventilation to vent off toxic fumes, and work with a qualified assistant whenever possible.
- Always use a pressure regulator when using dry nitrogen to test the sealed refrigeration system for leaks, flushing etc.

- **MECHANICAL HAZARDS:**

- Extreme care, proper judgment and all safety procedures must be followed when testing, troubleshooting, handling, or working around unit with moving and/or rotating parts.
- Be careful when, handling and working around exposed edges and corners of the sleeve, chassis, and other unit components especially the sharp fins of the indoor and outdoor coils.
- Use proper and adequate protective aids such as: gloves, clothing, safety glasses etc.
- Failure to follow proper safety procedures and/or these warnings can result in serious injury or death.

- **PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARDS**

- **FIRE DAMAGE HAZARDS:**

- Read the Installation/Operation Manual for the air conditioning unit prior to operating.
- Use air conditioner on a single dedicated circuit within the specified amperage rating.
- Do not remove ground prong of plug.
- Do not cut or modify the power supply cord.
- Do not use extension cords with the unit.
- Be extremely careful when using acetylene torch and protect surrounding property.
- Failure to follow these instructions can result in fire and minor to serious property damage.

- **WATER DAMAGE HAZARDS:**

- Improper installation, maintenance or servicing of the air conditioner unit can result in water damage to personal items or property.
- Ensure that the units drain has sufficient pitch to the outside to allow water to drain from the unit.
- Do not drill holes in the bottom of the drain pan or the underside of the unit.
- Failure to follow these instructions can result in damage to the unit and/or minor to serious property damage.

INTRODUCTION

Personal Injury Or Death Hazards

⚠️ WARNING: The manufacturer's warranty does not cover any damage or defect to the air conditioner caused by the attachment or use of any components, accessories or devices (other than those authorized by the manufacturer) into, onto or in conjunction with the air conditioner. You should be aware that the use of unauthorized components, accessories or devices may adversely affect the operation of the air conditioner and may also endanger life and property. The manufacturer disclaims any responsibility for such loss or injury resulting from the use of such unauthorized components, accessories or devices.

⚠️ WARNING: This appliance is not intended for use by persons (Including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.

Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

⚠️ WARNING: The maximum altitude for this appliance is 2,000 meters(6,562 feet).
Do not use above 2,000 meters(6,562 feet).

⚠️ WARNING: Electrical Shock Hazard

Disconnect all power to the unit before starting maintenance. All electrical connections and wiring **MUST** be installed by a qualified electrician and conform to the National Code and all local codes which have jurisdiction. Failure to do so can result in property damage, severe electrical shock or death.



⚠️ WARNING: Read Installation Manual

Read this manual thoroughly prior to equipment installation or operation. It is the installer's responsibility to properly apply and install the equipment. Installation must be in conformance with the NFPA 70-2023 national electric code or current edition, International Mechanic code 2021 or current edition, and any other local or national codes.



⚠️ WARNING: Safety First

Do not remove, disable, or bypass this unit's safety devices. Doing so may cause fire, injuries, or death.

⚠️ WARNING: This Product uses R-32 Refrigerant

Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.

The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.

Do not pierce or burn.

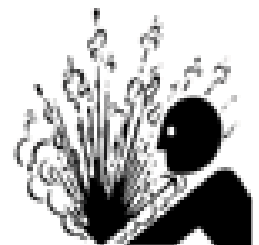
Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odor.



**Refrigerant
Safety Group
A2L**

⚠️ WARNING: Refrigeration System under High pressure

Do not puncture, heat, expose to flame or incinerate. Only certified refrigeration technicians should service this equipment. R-32 systems operate at higher pressures than R22 equipment. Appropriate safe service and handling practices must be used.



⚠️ CAUTION: Do Not Operate Equipment During Active Stages Of Construction

To ensure proper operation, Friedrich requires that all equipment is not operated during active construction phases. This includes active stages of completing framing, drywalling, spackling, sanding, painting, flooring, and moulding in the equipment's designated conditioning space. The use of this equipment during construction could result in premature failure of the components and/or system and is in violation of our standard warranty guidelines. The operation of newly installed equipment during construction will accelerate the commencement and/or termination of the warranty period.

⚠️ WARNING: Keep all air circulation and ventilation openings free from obstruction.

⚠️ WARNING: The unit should not be in contact with any equipment that will transmit vibration to the unit. Any excessive vibration or pulsation to the unit could result in damage to the refrigerant tubing.

INTRODUCTION

Model And Serial Number Location

Indoor Unit
On side of Unit



Figure 101 (Indoor Unit Model Nameplate location)

Outdoor Unit
On side of Unit



Figure 102 (Outdoor Unit Model Nameplate location)

INTRODUCTION

Model Identification Guide

MODEL IDENTIFICATION GUIDE

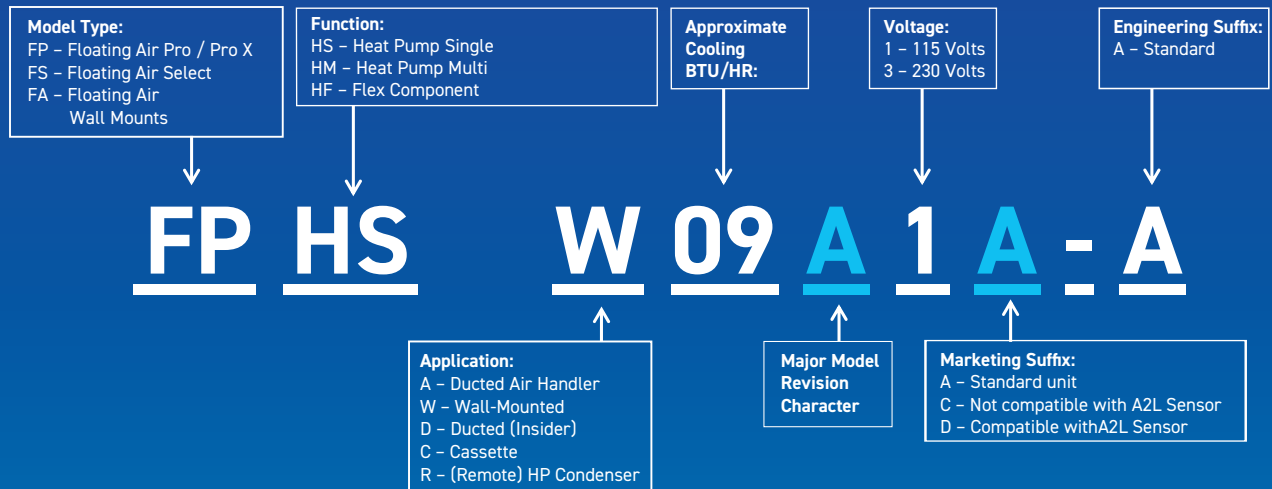


Figure 103 (Model Identification Guide)

Serial Number Reference Guide

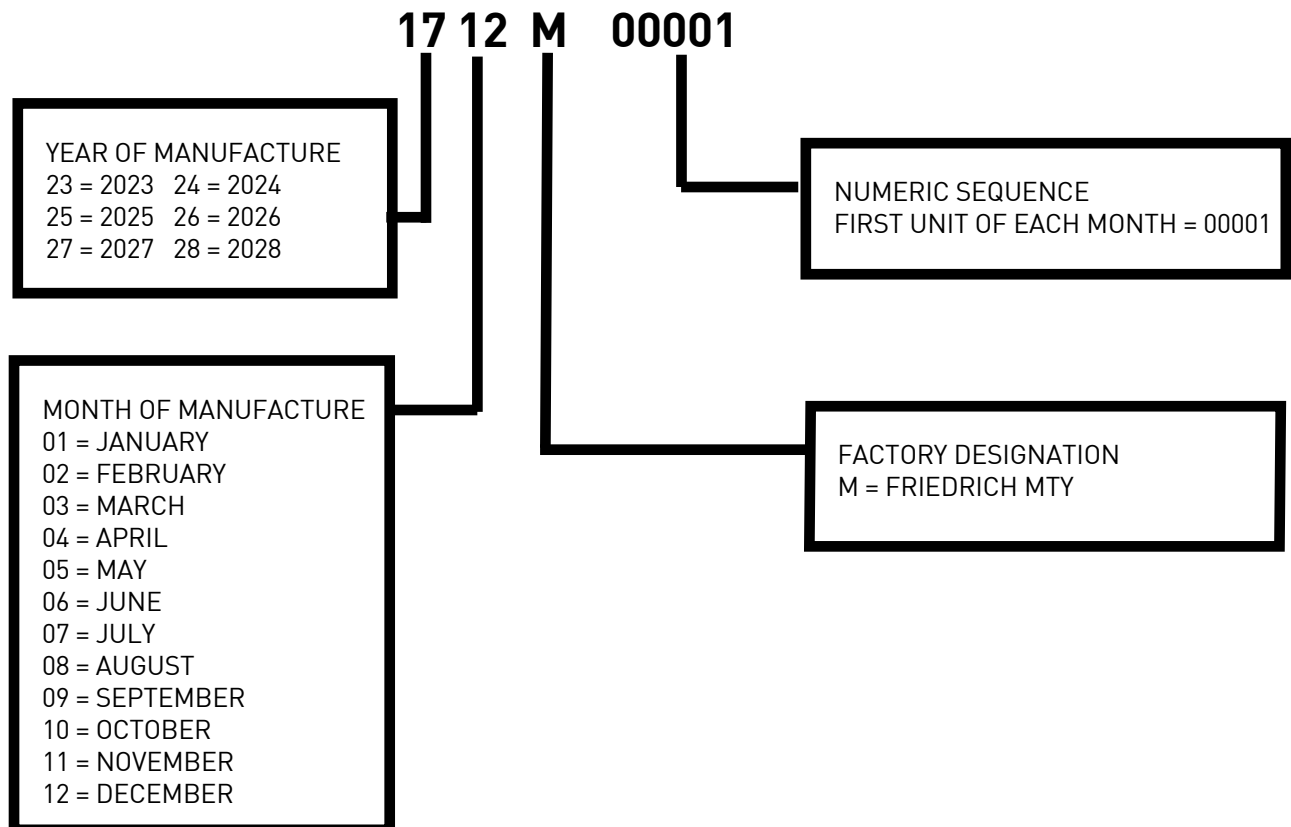


Figure 104 (Serial Number Reference Guide)

SPECIFICATION

9-12k System C Models

| | | | | |
|------------------|---|---------|----------------|----------------|
| Model | FAC Model Set | Unit | FSHW091C | FSHW121C |
| | FAC Indoor Model | | FAHSW09A1C | FAHSW12A1C |
| | FAC Outdoor Model | | FSHSR09B1C | FSHSR12B1C |
| | Power Supply | V/ph/Hz | 115V~,60Hz,1P | |
| | Energy Star Standard | Y/N | Y | N |
| | Energy Star -Cold Climate | Y/N | N | N |
| Performance | | | | |
| Cooling | Rated Capacity at 95 | Btu/h | 9000 | 12000 |
| | Cooling Capacity Range(MIN-MAX) | Btu/h | 3600-10000 | 4000-13000 |
| | Capacity at 115 | Btu/h | 8010 | 10680 |
| | Power Input | W | 720 | 1176 |
| | Current | A | 6.7 | 10.7 |
| | EER2 at 95 | Btu/h/W | 12.5 | 10.2 |
| | SEER2 | Btu/h/W | 20.0 | 18.0 |
| | Working Temperature Range | | 5 -118 | 5 -118 |
| Heating | Rated Capacity at 47 | Btu/h | 9500 | 12000 |
| | Heating Capacity Range(MIN-MAX) | Btu/h | 3600-10000 | 4000-13000 |
| | Power Input | W | 679 | 1034 |
| | Current | A | 6.2 | 9.6 |
| | COP2 at 47 | W/W | 4.1 | 3.4 |
| | COP @ 5F | W/W | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| | HSPF2(IV) | Btu/h/W | 9.0 | 8.5 |
| | HSPF2(V) | Btu/h/W | 8.0 | 7.0 |
| | Rated Capacity Heating at 17°F -8.3 | Btu/h | 6800 | 8800 |
| | Maximum Heating Capacity @17F -8.3 | Btu/h | 6800 | 8800 |
| | Maximum Heating Capacity @5F -15 | Btu/h | 6000 | 7500 |
| | Maximum Heating Capacity @-5F -20.5 | Btu/h | 4500 | 5800 |
| | Maximum Heating Capacity @-13F -25 | Btu/h | / | / |
| | Maximum Heating Capacity @-22F -30 | Btu/h | / | / |
| | Working Temperature Range | | -5 -75 | -5 -75 |
| Indoor AirFlow | Air Circulation(Max) | ft3 CFM | 382 | 394 |
| | Air Circulation(high) | ft3 CFM | 341 | 365 |
| | Air Circulation(medium) | ft3 CFM | 294 | 312 |
| | Air Circulation(low) | ft3 CFM | 247 | 253 |
| | Indoor Sound Pressure(Max//H/M/L/Quiet) | dB (A) | 42/39/37/35/32 | 42/39/37/35/32 |
| Indoor Fan Motor | Model | | DG13G1-27 | DG13G1-27 |
| | Qty | | 1 | 1 |
| | Output | W | 46 | 46 |
| | Capacitor | μF | 4 | 4 |
| | Speed(Hi/Med/Lo) | r/min | 1100/940/800 | 1154/992/800 |
| Outdoor Airflow | Air Circulation(high) for Outdoor | ft3 CFM | 1295 | 1295 |
| | Outdoor Sound pressure | dB (A) | 53 | 53 |
| Figure 201 | | | | |

SPECIFICATIONS

9-12k System C Models

| | | | | |
|---------------------|--|---------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Model | FAC Model Set | Unit | FSHW091C | FSHW121C |
| | FAC Indoor Model | | FAHSW09A1C | FAHSW12A1C |
| | FAC Outdoor Model | | FSHSR09B1C | FSHSR12B1C |
| Outdoor Fan Motor | Model | | DG13Z1D-06 | DG13Z1D-06 |
| | Qty | | 1 | 1 |
| | Output | W | 36 | 36 |
| | Capacitor | μF | / | / |
| | Speed (Hi) | r/min | 850 | 880 |
| Electrical | Rated Current | Cooling (A) | 6.7 | 10.7 |
| | | Heating (A) | 6.2 | 9.6 |
| | MOP(Rating of Overcurrent Protective Device | A | 25 | 25 |
| | MCA(Minimum Circuit Ampacity) | A | 14.6 | 15.6 |
| | communication wire size and type | | 4 x 18AWG | 4 x 18AWG |
| Refrigeration | Moisture Removal | pints/hr | 1.9 | 2.5 |
| | Refrigerant | | R32 | R32 |
| | Refrigerant charge volume | oz | 21.2 | 21.9 |
| | Compressor type | | Rotary | Rotary |
| | Compressor MFG | | GMCC | GMCC |
| | Compressor model # | | KSK75D15UDZ3 | KSN98D34UEZ3 |
| | Expansion Device | | capillary | capillary |
| | Evaporator material | | Copper tube and Aluminum Fin | |
| | Condenser material | | Copper tube and Aluminum Fin | |
| | Connecting Pipe Diameter | | | |
| | Liquid Pipe | inch | 1/4 | 1/4 |
| | Gas Pipe | inch | 3/8 | 3/8 |
| | Max. Pipe Length (Total) | ft | 65.6 | 65.6 |
| | Max. Elevation (indoor units higher than outdoor unit) | ft | 49.2 | 49.2 |
| | Pre-charge Pipe Length | ft | 24.6 | 24.6 |
| | additional refrigerant charge per foot after 25 ft | ounces/foot | 0.22 | 0.22 |
| DIMENSIONS & WEIGHT | | | | |
| Indoor Unit | Dimension (WxHxD) | inches 1/8ths | 33 7/8 × 11 2/8 × 8 4/8 | 33 7/8 × 11 2/8 × 8 4/8 |
| | | mm | 860×285×216 | 860×285×216 |
| | Packing(LxHxW) | inches 1/8ths | 36 5/8 × 15 × 11 2/8 | 36 5/8 × 15 × 11 2/8 |
| | | mm | 930×380×285 | 930×380×285 |
| | Net Weight | lbs | 22.1 | 22.1 |
| | | kg | 10 | 10 |
| | Shipping Weight | lbs | 26.5 | 26.5 |
| | | kg | 12 | 12 |

Figure 201

SPECIFICATIONS

9-12k System C Models

| Model | FAC Model Set | Unit | FSHW091C | FSHW121C |
|--------------|---|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | FAC Indoor Model | | FAHSW09A1C | FAHSW12A1C |
| | FAC Outdoor Model | | FSHSR09B1C | FSHSR12B1C |
| Outdoor Unit | Dimension (WxHxD) | inches 1/8ths | 28 1/8 × 21 2/8 × 9 4/8 | 28 1/8 × 21 2/8 × 9 4/8 |
| | | mm | 715x540x240 | 715x540x240 |
| | Packing(LxHxW) | inches 1/8ths | 32 5/8 × 23 1/8 × 13 3/8 | 32 5/8 × 23 1/8 × 13 3/8 |
| | | mm | 830x588x340 | 830x588x340 |
| | Net Weight | lbs | 52.9 | 57.3 |
| | | kg | 24 | 26 |
| | Shipping Weight | lbs | 57.3 | 61.7 |
| | | kg | 26 | 28 |
| Loading | One Set Loading Capacity (20GP/40GP/40'HQ) | | 113/234/266 | 113/234/266 |
| | Outdoor Unit Loading Capacity (20GP/40GP/40'HQ) | | 180/390/390 | 180/390/390 |
| | Indoor Unit Loading Capacity (20GP/40GP/40'HQ) | | 310/623/700 | 310/623/700 |
| | Stack height (Stack Limit) Indoor Unit/Outdoor Unit | | 8/4 | 8/4 |
| A2L Sensor | | Y/N | NO | NO |
| Figure 201 | | | | |

SPECIFICATION

18-36k System D Models

| Model | FAC Model Set | Unit | FSHW183D | FSHW243D | FSHW363D |
|------------------|---|---------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | FAC Indoor Model | | FAHFW18A3D | FAHFW24A3D | FAHSW36A3D |
| | FAC Outdoor Model | | FSHSR18B3D | FSHSR24B3D | FSHSR36B3D |
| | Power Supply | V/ph/Hz | | | |
| | Energy Star Standard | Y/N | Y | N | N |
| | Energy Star -Cold Climate | Y/N | N | N | N |
| Performance | | | | | |
| Cooling | Rated Capacity at 95 | Btu/h | 18000 | 24000 | 34600 |
| | Cooling Capacity Range(MIN-MAX) | Btu/h | 6500-19000 | 8000-25000 | 9300-36000 |
| | Capacity at 115 | Btu/h | 16020 | 21360 | 30794 |
| | Power Input | W | 1506 | 2264 | 3660 |
| | Current | A | 6.4 | 10.0 | 16.0 |
| | EER2 at 95 | Btu/h/W | 12.0 | 10.6 | 9.5 |
| | SEER2 | Btu/h/W | 21.0 | 19.5 | 20.0 |
| | Working Temperature Range | | 5 -118 | 5 -118 | 5 -118 |
| Heating | Rated Capacity at 47 | Btu/h | 18000 | 24000 | 35000 |
| | Heating Capacity Range(MIN-MAX) | Btu/h | 6500-19000 | 8000-25000 | 9600-37500 |
| | Power Input | W | 1349 | 2132 | 3160 |
| | Current | A | 8.1 | 9.5 | 14.2 |
| | COP2 at 47 | W/W | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.2 |
| | COP @ 5F | W/W | 2.4 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| | HSPF2(IV) | Btu/h/W | 9.8 | 8.5 | 8.4 |
| | HSPF2(V) | Btu/h/W | 8.2 | 8.0 | 8.2 |
| | Rated Capacity Heating at 17°F -8.3 | Btu/h | 14800 | 21000 | 19200 |
| | Maximum Heating Capacity @17F -8.3 | Btu/h | 14800 | 21000 | 19200 |
| | Maximum Heating Capacity @5F -15 | Btu/h | 15000 | 18500 | 20000 |
| | Maximum Heating Capacity @-5F -20.5 | Btu/h | 8200 | 13000 | 15600 |
| | Maximum Heating Capacity @-13F -25 | Btu/h | / | / | / |
| | Maximum Heating Capacity @-22F -30 | Btu/h | / | / | / |
| | Working Temperature Range | | -5 -75 | -5 -75 | -5 -75 |
| Indoor AirFlow | Air Circulation(Max) | ft3 CFM | 647 | 706 | 1059 |
| | Air Circulation(high) | ft3 CFM | 588 | 647 | 1018 |
| | Air Circulation(medium) | ft3 CFM | 482 | 559 | 883 |
| | Air Circulation(low) | ft3 CFM | 382 | 441 | 712 |
| | Indoor Sound Pressure(Max//H/M/L/ Quiet) | dB (A) | 48/45/41/39/36 | 50/48/43/41/39 | 52/48/43/39/38 |
| Indoor Fan Motor | Model | | ZWK465A00410 | K1B310497 | KD09060414 |
| | Qty | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Output | W | 35 | 35 | 70 |
| | Capacitor | μF | / | / | / |
| | Speed(Hi/Med/Lo) | r/min | 1100/960/800 | 1200/1040/880 | 1060/930/810 |
| Outdoor Airflow | Air Circulation(high) for Outdoor | ft3 CFM | 1471 | 1942 | 2590 |
| | Outdoor Sound pressure | dB (A) | 56 | 60 | 60 |

Figure 202

SPECIFICATION

18-36k System D Models

| | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Model | FAC Model Set | Unit | FSHW183D | FSHW243D | FSHW363D |
| | FAC Indoor Model | | FAHFW18A3D | FAHFW24A3D | FAHSW36A3D |
| | FAC Outdoor Model | | FSHSR18B3D | FSHSR24B3D | FSHSR36B3D |
| Outdoor Fan Motor | Model | | ZW511A800002 | DG13Z2D-06 | DG13Z2D-06 |
| | Qty | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Output | W | 60 | 102 | 102 |
| | Capacitor | μF | / | / | / |
| | Speed (Hi) | r/min | 840 | 880 | 900 |
| Electrical | Rated Current | Cooling (A) | 6.4 | 10.0 | 16.2 |
| | | Heating (A) | 8.1 | 9.5 | 13.8 |
| | MOP(Rating of Overcurrent Protective Device) | A | 20 | 35 | 40 |
| | MCA(Minimum Circuit Ampacity) | A | 14.5 | 21 | 25.8 |
| | communication wire size and type | | 4 x 18AWG | 4 x 18AWG | 4 x 18AWG |
| Refrigeration | Moisture Removal | pints/hr | 3.8 | 4.2 | 7.9 |
| | Refrigerant | | R32 | R32 | R32 |
| | Refrigerant charge volume | oz | 45.9 | 47.7 | 72.4 |
| | Compressor type | | Rotary | Rotary | Rotary |
| | Compressor MFG | | GMCC | LANDA | GMCC |
| | Compressor model # | | KSN140D33UFZ3 | QXFS-B212ZX030A | KTM310D58UMT |
| | Expansion Device | | capillary | capillary | capillary |
| | Evaporator material | | | | |
| | Condenser material | | | | |
| | Connecting Pipe Diameter | | | | |
| | Liquid Pipe | inch | 1/4 | 3/8 | 3/8 |
| | Gas Pipe | inch | 1/2 | 5/8 | 5/8 |
| | Max. Pipe Length (Total) | ft | 98.4 | 98.4 | 98.4 |
| | Max. Elevation (indoor units higher than outdoor unit) | ft | 49.2 | 49.2 | 49.2 |
| | Pre-charge Pipe Length | ft | 24.6 | 24.6 | 24.6 |
| | additional refrigerant charge per foot after 25 ft | ounces/foot | 0.22 | 0.32 | 0.40 |
| DIMENSIONS & WEIGHT | | | | | |
| Indoor Unit | Dimension (WxHxD) | inches 1/8ths | 45 2/8 × 13 2/8 × 10 1/8 | 45 2/8 × 13 2/8 × 10 1/8 | 52 3/8 × 14 2/8 × 10 6/8 |
| | | mm | 1148×336×256 | 1148×336×256 | 1330×363×274 |
| | Packing(LxHxW) | inches 1/8ths | 47 7/8 × 16 1/8 × 13 | 47 7/8 × 16 1/8 × 13 | 56 1/8 × 15 4/8 × 18 1/8 |
| | | mm | 1215×410×330 | 1215×410×330 | 1425×395×460 |
| | Net Weight | lbs | 32.0 | 34.2 | 40.8 |
| | | kg | 14.5 | 15.5 | 18.5 |
| | Shipping Weight | lbs | 37.5 | 39.7 | 50.3 |
| | | kg | 17 | 18 | 22.8 |

Figure 202

SPECIFICATION

18-36k System D Models

| Model | FAC Model Set | Unit | FSHW183D | FSHW243D | FSHW363D |
|--------------|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | FAC Indoor Model | | FAHFW18A3D | FAHFW24A3D | FAHSW36A3D |
| | FAC Outdoor Model | | FSHSR18B3D | FSHSR24B3D | FSHSR36B3D |
| Outdoor Unit | Dimension (WxHxD) | inches 1/8ths | 31 7/8 ×23 ×11 | 33 7/8 ×25 5/8 ×12 2/8 | 35 3/8 ×29 4/8 ×13 3/8 |
| | | mm | 810x585x280 | 860x650x310 | 900×750×340 |
| | Packing(LxHxW) | inches 1/8ths | 37 ×25 2/8 ×15 1/8 | 39 1/8 ×28 3/8 ×16 4/8 | 41 6/8 ×32 2/8 ×17 6/8 |
| | | mm | 940x640x385 | 995×720×420 | 1060×820×450 |
| | Net Weight | lbs | 86.0 | 101.4 | 121.3 |
| | | kg | 39 | 46 | 55 |
| | Shipping Weight | lbs | 92.6 | 110.3 | 132.3 |
| | | kg | 42 | 50 | 60 |
| Loading | One Set Loading Capacity (20GP/40GP/40'HQ) | | 73/151/173 | 60/127/145 | 42/86/104 |
| | Outdoor Unit Loading Capacity (20GP/40GP/40'HQ) | | 108/222/296 | 93/189/189 | 54/110/165 |
| | Indoor Unit Loading Capacity (20GP/40GP/40'HQ) | | 173/368/406 | 173/368/406 | 121/246/262 |
| | Stack height (Stack Limit) Indoor Unit/Outdoor Unit | | 8/4 | 8/4 | 8/3 |
| A2L Sensor | | Y/N | NO | NO | NO |
| Figure 202 | | | | | |

SPECIFICATIONS

Room Size Restriction

Minimum room size (R-32 refrigerant) is determined by total refrigerant charge in system. Use this chart to determine the minimum room size the indoor head can be installed in.

| | Height of installation(ft and inches) | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| | 6' | 6' 6" | 7' 2" | 7' 10" | 8' 2" |
| Refrigerant charge (oz) | Room (sq ft) | | | | |
| 64 oz. | 71 | 64 | 58 | 53 | 51 |
| 65-71 oz. | 78 | 71 | 64 | 59 | 57 |
| 72-77 oz. | 86 | 78 | 71 | 65 | 62 |
| 78-85 oz. | 94 | 85 | 77 | 71 | 68 |
| 86-92 oz. | 102 | 92 | 83 | 77 | 74 |
| 93-99 oz. | 110 | 99 | 90 | 82 | 79 |
| 100-106 oz. | 117 | 105 | 96 | 88 | 85 |

Prior to installing the unit use the chart below to determine the total refrigerant charge for the unit. **If the total charge is less than 64 oz. there is no room size restriction. If the total charge is over 64 oz. refer to the chart above.** Use the total charge, the height of the bottom of the unit, and the chart above to determine the minimum square footage of the room the indoor unit can be installed in. If rooms are connected by opening that people can walk through but with no door installed, those areas can be considered one space. Installing an approved Friedrich A2L sensor on the indoor unit allows for installation in space if exceeding room size.

| | | Pre-Charge w/ 25 ft of line set | Charge w/ 25-50 ft of line set | Charge w/ 50-75 ft of line set | Charge- w/ add 75-100 ft of line set |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Indoor Unit Model | Outdoor Unit Model | Charge Oz | | | |
| FAHSW09A1C | FSHSR09B1C | 21.2 | 27.7 | 33.2 | N/A |
| FAHSW12A1C | FSHSR12B1C | 21.9 | 27.4 | 32.9 | N/A |
| FAHSW18A3D | FSHSR18B3D | 45.9 | 51.4 | 56.9 | 62.4 |
| FAHSW24A3D | FSHSR24B3D | 47.6 | 55.6 | 63.6 | 71.6 |
| FAHSW36A3D | FSHSR36B3D | 72.4 | 83.2 | 93.9 | 104.7 |

When adding refrigerant to the system for additional line set, refer to the model nameplate and the outdoor unit installation instructions for proper charge amount.

Table 202

SPECIFICATIONS

Indoor Unit Clearances

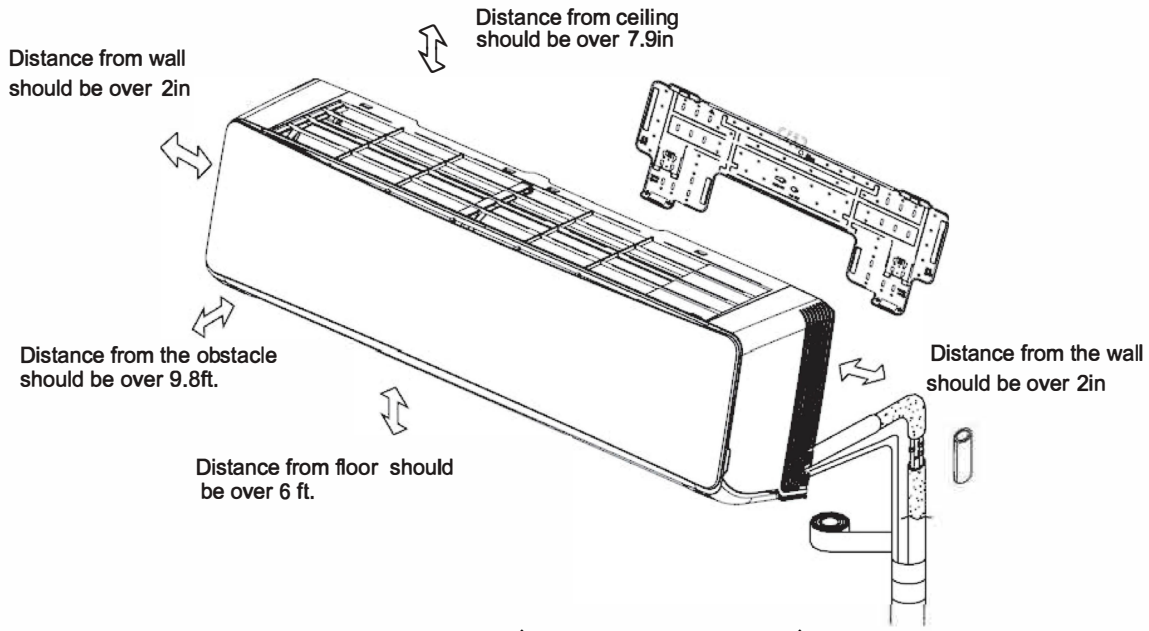


Figure 203 (Indoor Unit Clearances)

Outdoor Unit Clearances

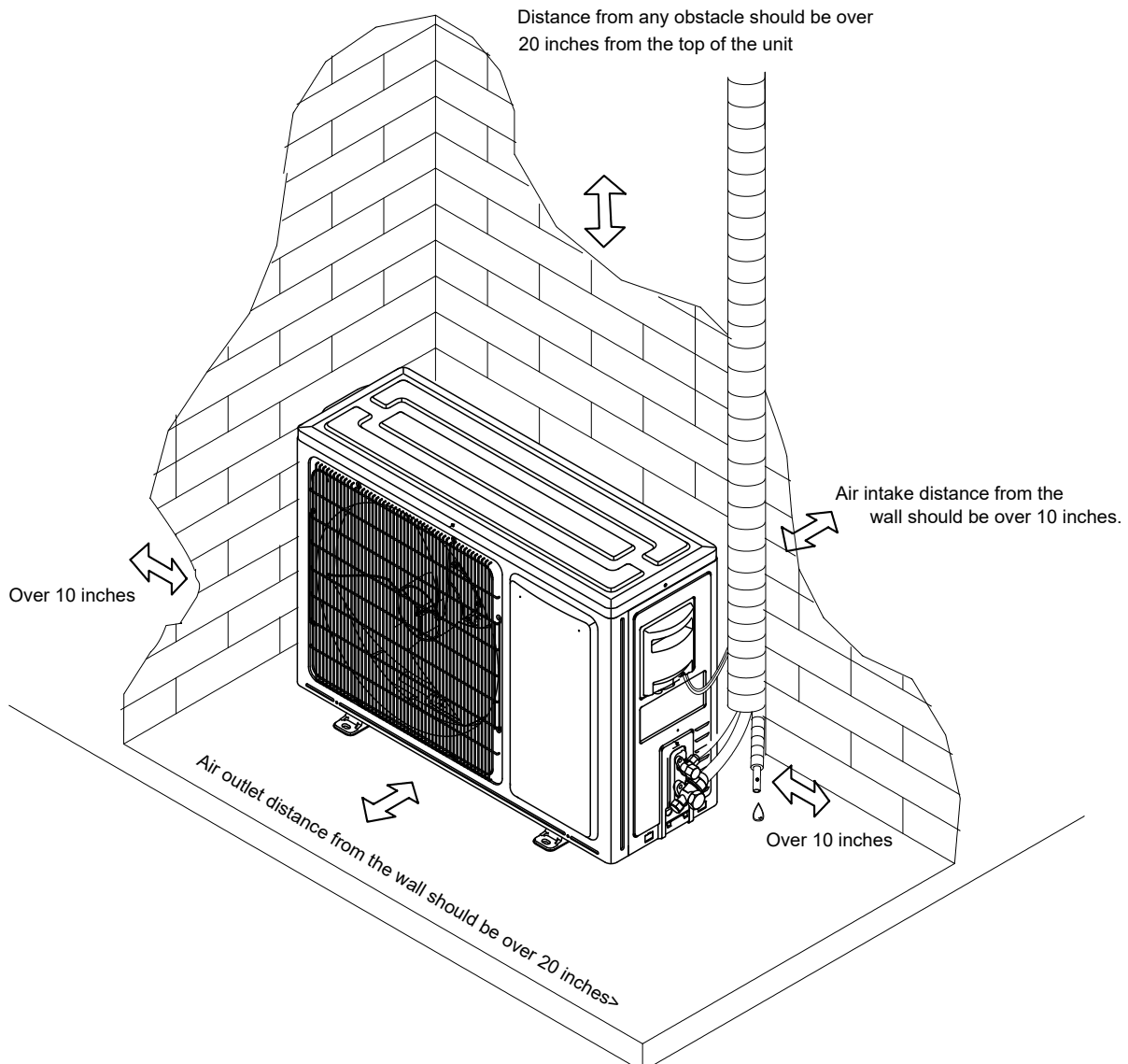


Figure 204 (Outdoor Unit Clearances)

SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions Indoor Unit

FAHSW09A1C, FAHSW12A1C, FAHFW09A3D, FAHFW12A3D

ALL DIMENSIONS GIVEN IN INCHES (")

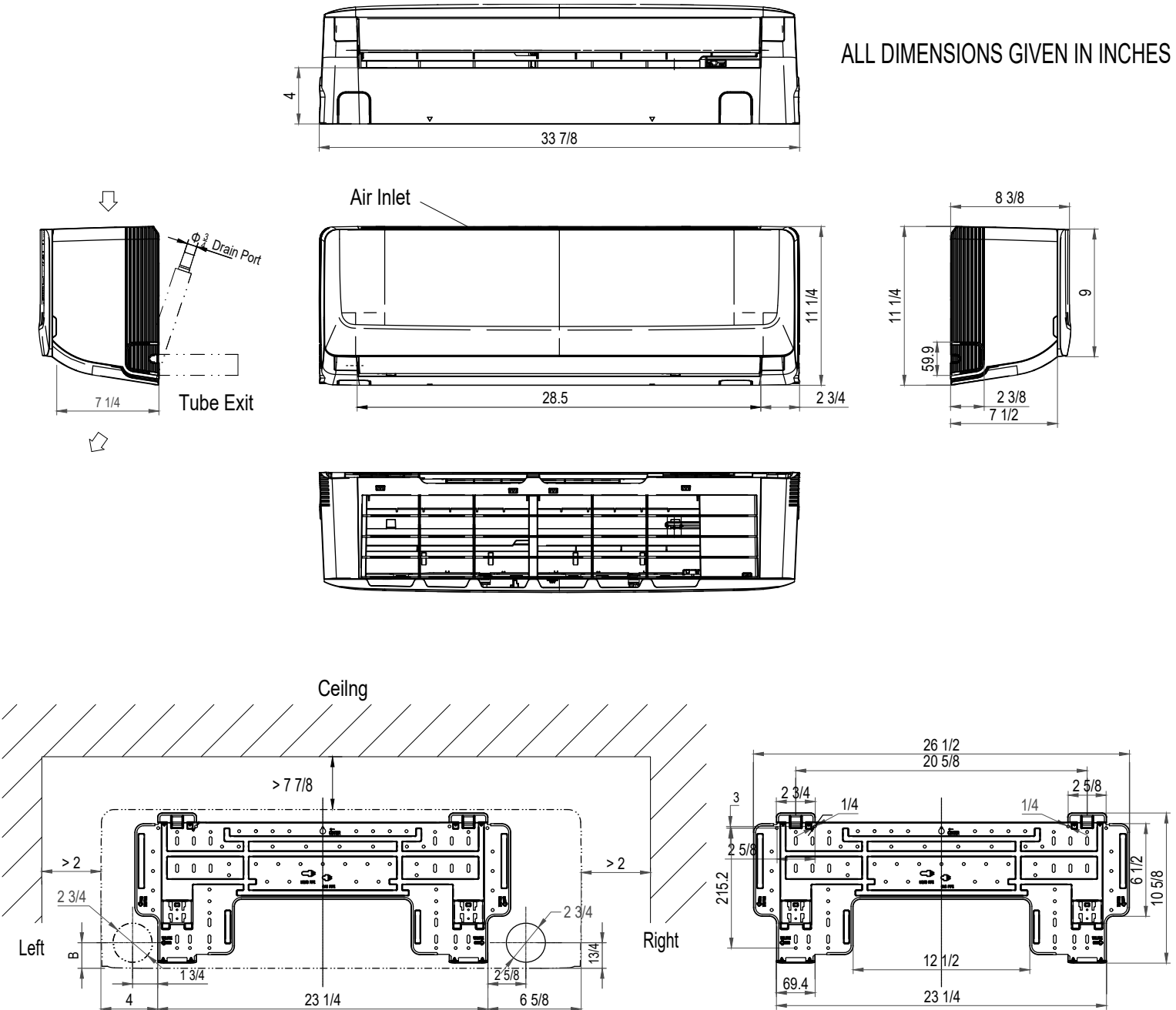


Figure 205 (9K-12k Indoor Unit Dimensions)

SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions Indoor Unit

FAHFW18A3D, FAHFW24A3D

ALL DIMENSIONS GIVEN IN INCHES ("")

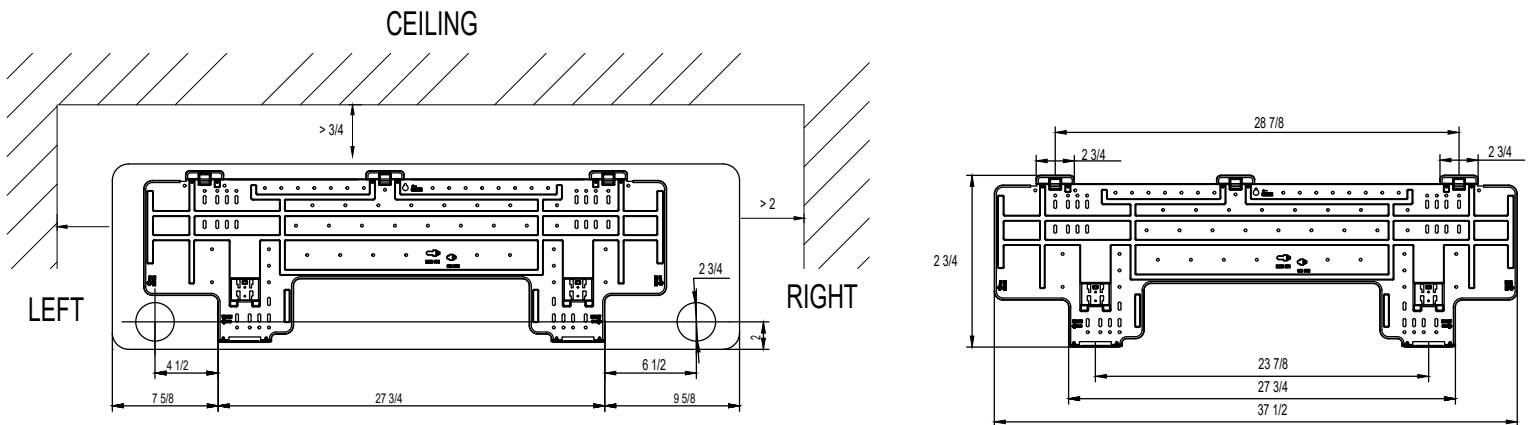
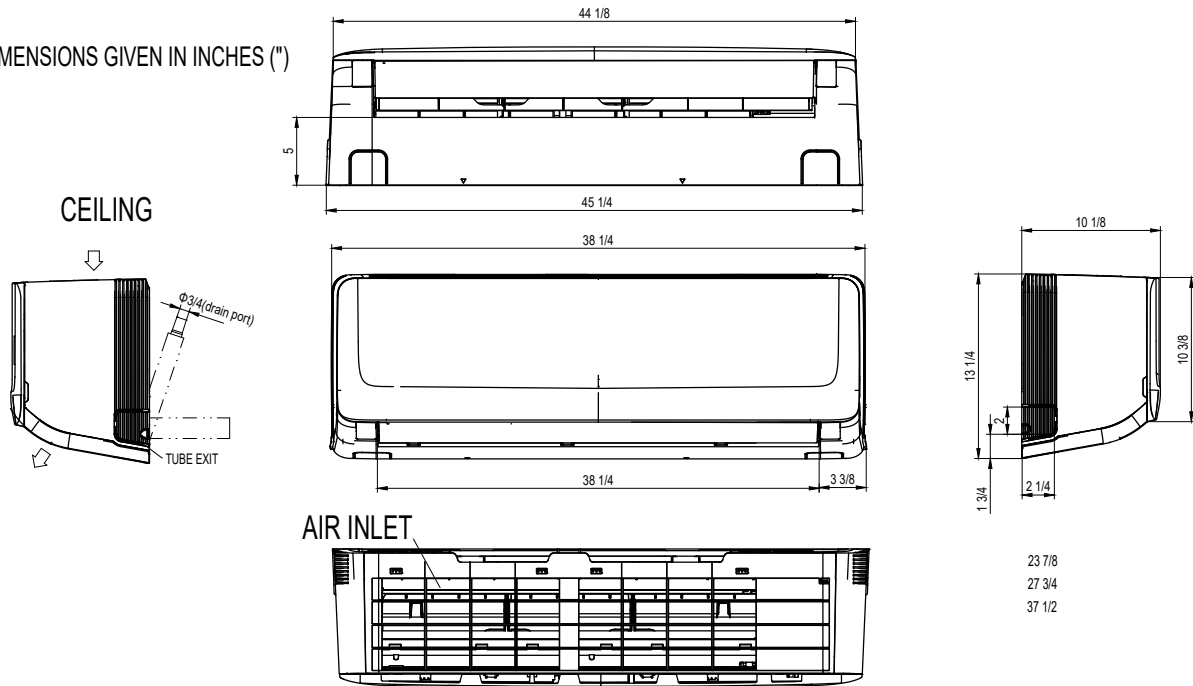


Figure 206 (18K-24k Indoor Unit Dimensions)

SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions Indoor Unit

FAHSW36A3D

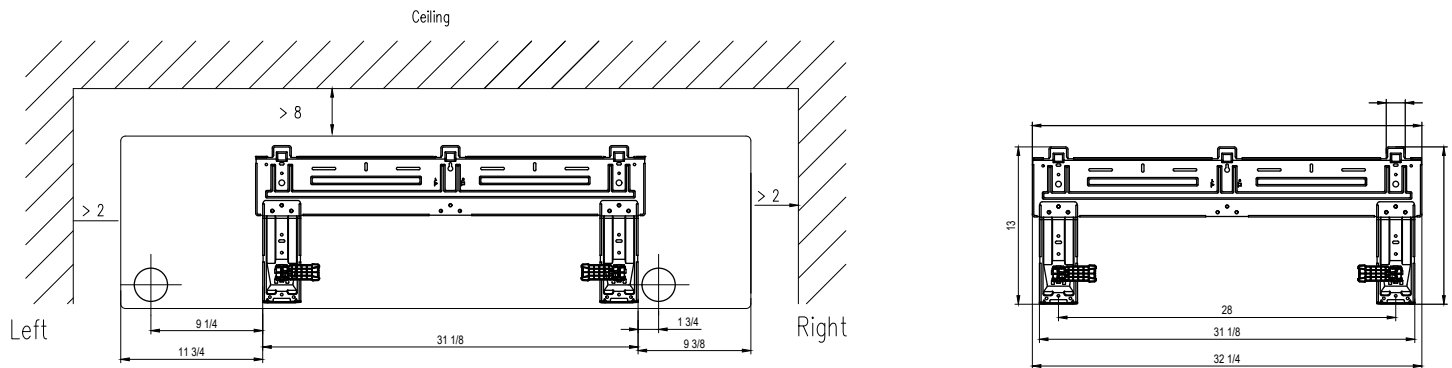
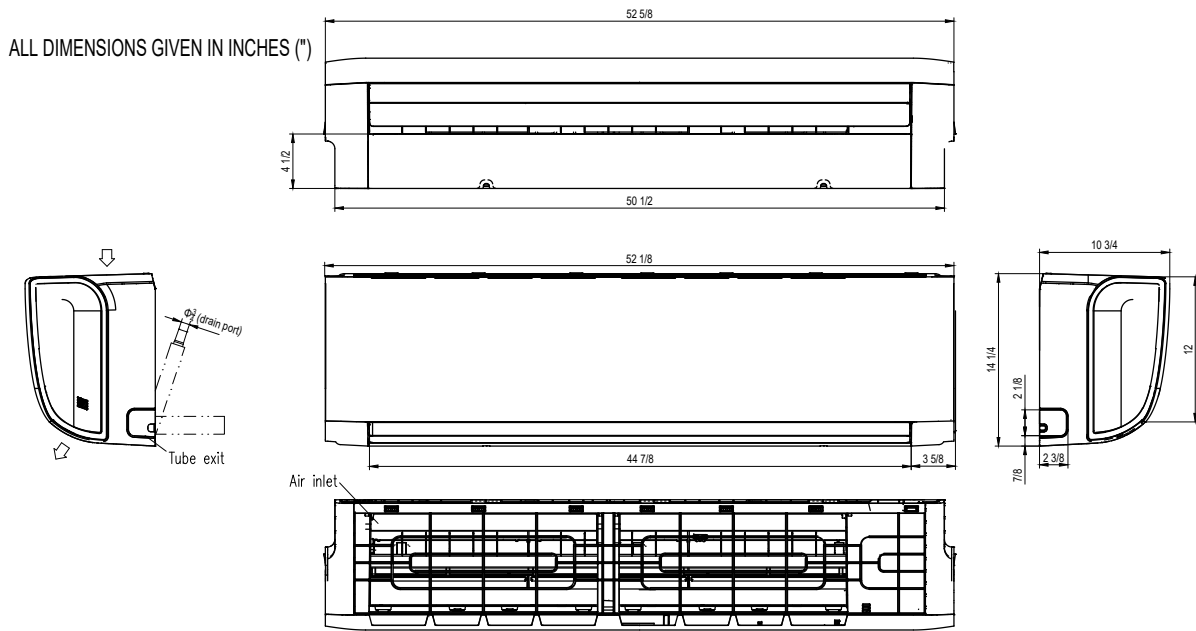


Figure 207 (36k Indoor Unit Dimensions)

SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions Outdoor Unit

FSHSR09B1C, FSHSR12B1C

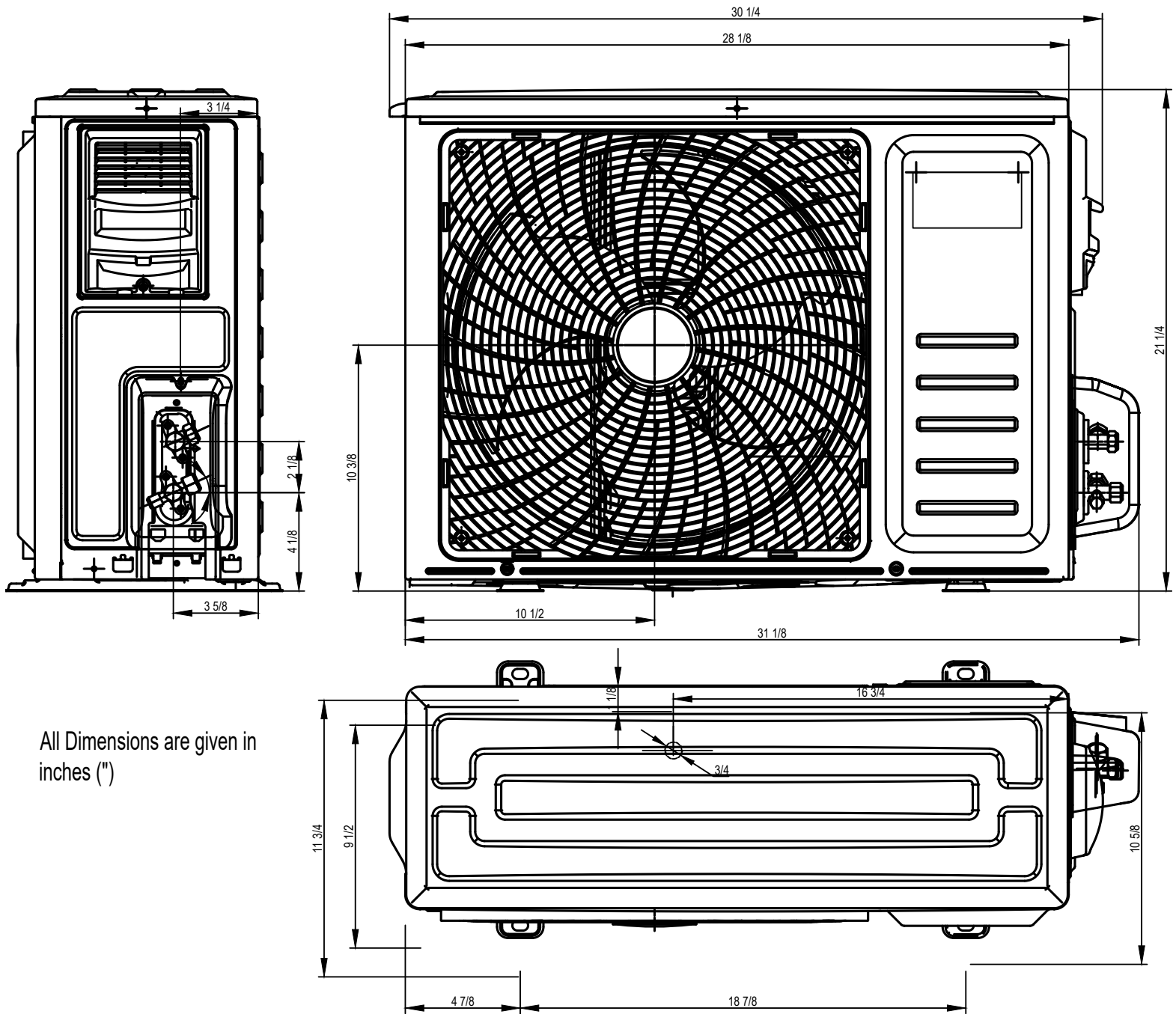


Figure 208 (9K-12k Indoor Unit Dimensions)

SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions Outdoor Unit

FSHSR18A3D

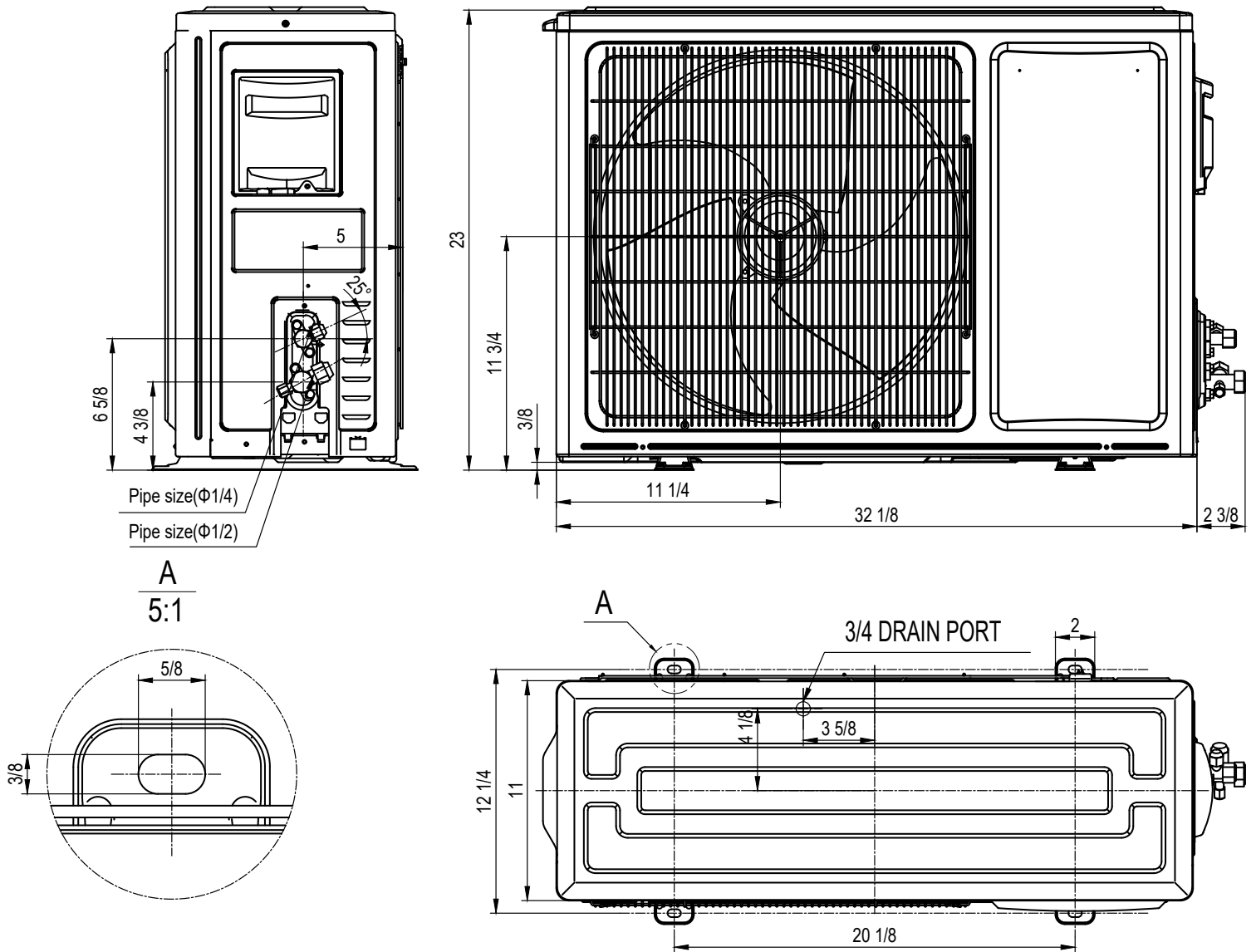


Figure 208 (18k Outdoor Unit Dimensions)

SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions Outdoor Unit

FSHSR24A3D

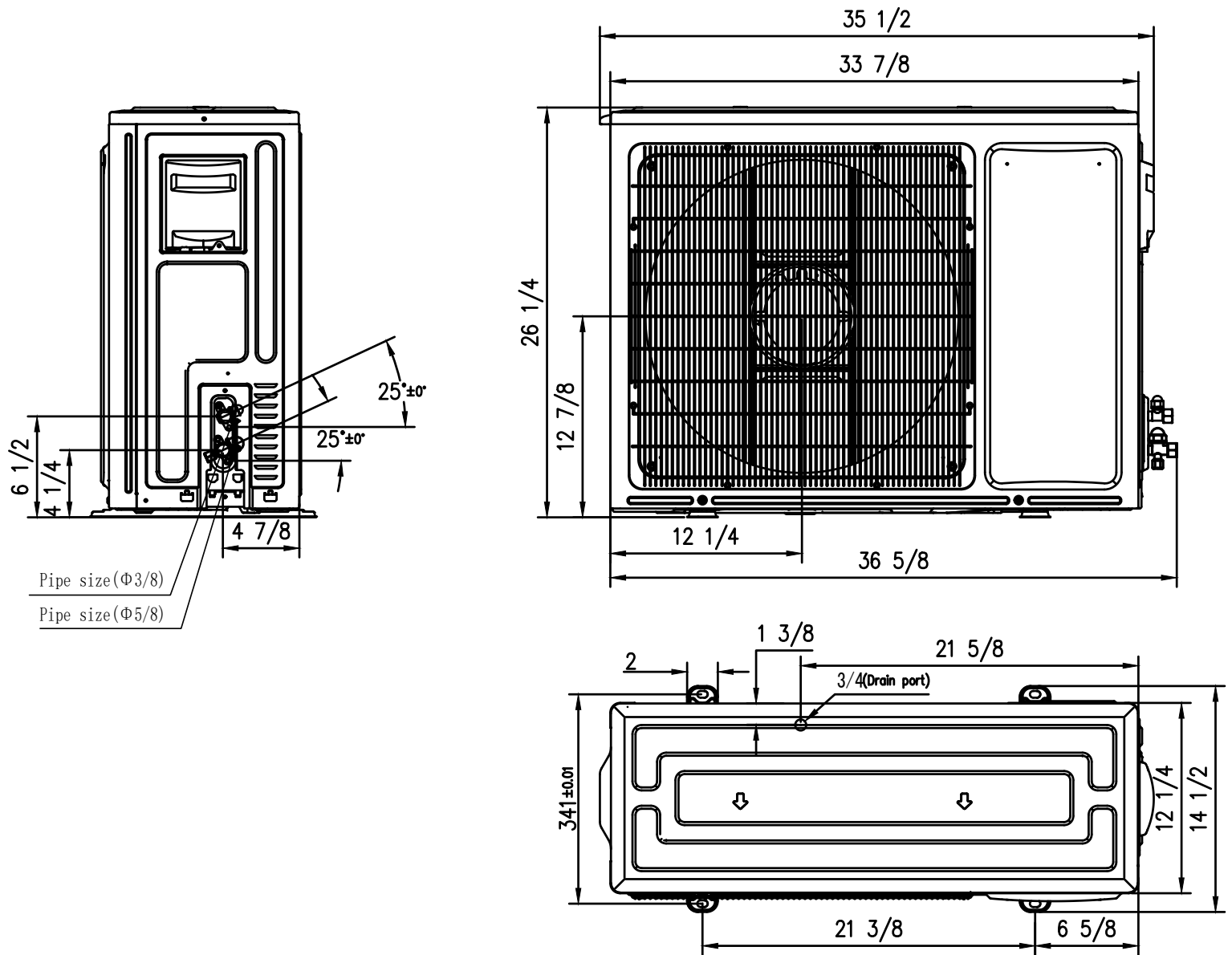


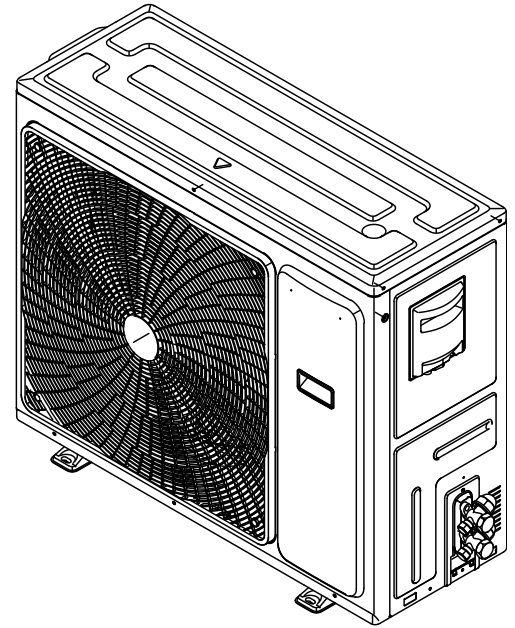
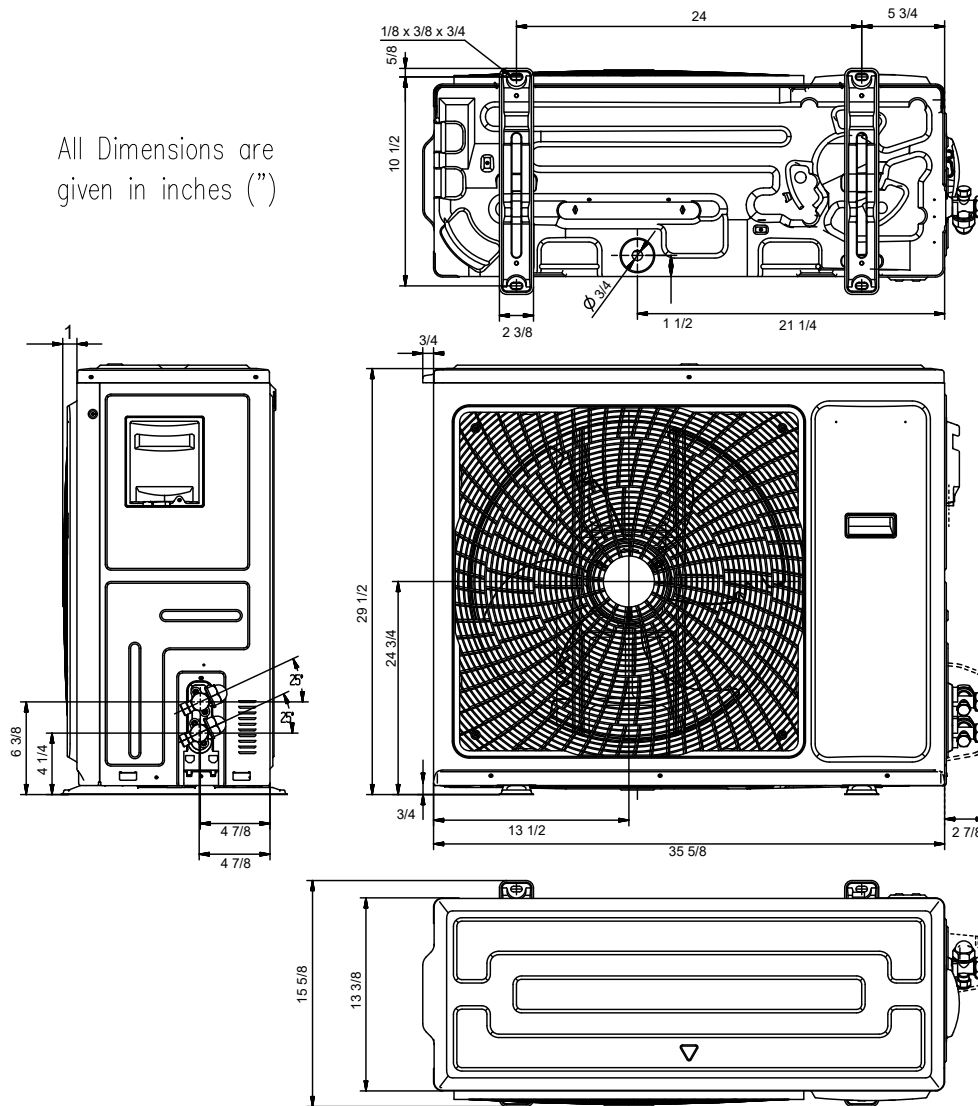
Figure 209 (24k Outdoor Unit Dimensions)

SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions Outdoor Unit

FSHSR36A3D

All Dimensions are
given in inches (")



INSTALLATION OF THE INDOOR UNIT

Pre-Installation Checkpoints

- Ensure there are no obstacles near the air outlet and air can be easily blown to every corner.
- Where piping and wall hole can be easily arranged.
- Keep the required space from the unit to the ceiling and wall according to the installation diagram on previous page.
- Where the air filter can be easily removed.
- Keep the unit and remote controller 3 ft or more apart from television, radio etc.
- Keep as far as possible from fluorescent lamps.
- Do not put anything near the air inlet to obstruct it from air absorption.
- Install on a wall that is strong enough to bear the weight of the unit.
- Install in a place that will not increase operation noise and vibration.
- Refer to Table 403 for max line set length and max elevation.
- Refer to the Outdoor Unit Installation and operation manual for piping requirements, refrigerant charging, and operational checks.
- In a Ceiling or Wall
- Make sure the ceiling/wall is strong enough to hold the unit's weight. It may be necessary to construct a strong wood or metal frame to provide added support.
- In a Room
- Properly insulate any tubing run inside a room to prevent "sweating" that can cause dripping and water damage to walls and floors.
- In Moist or Uneven Locations
Use a raised concrete pad or concrete blocks to provide a solid, level foundation for the outdoor unit. This prevents water damage and abnormal vibration.
- In an Area with High Winds
Securely anchor the outdoor unit down with bolts and a metal frame. Provide a suitable air baffle.
- In a Snowy Area (for Heat Pump-type Systems)
Install the outdoor unit on a raised platform that is higher than drifting snow. Provide snow vents.
- When Connecting Refrigerant Tubing
Use the flare method for connecting tubing.
Apply refrigerant lubricant to the matching surfaces of the flare and union tubes before connecting them, then tighten the nut with a torque wrench for a leak free connection.
- Check carefully for leaks before starting the test run.
- When Servicing
Turn the power OFF at the main power box (mains) before opening the unit to check or repair electrical parts and wiring.
Keep your fingers and clothing away from any moving parts.
Clean up the site after you finish, remembering to check that no metal scraps or bits of wiring have been left inside the unit being serviced.
- Ventilate any enclosed areas when installing or testing the refrigeration system. Escaped refrigerant gas, on contact with fire or heat, can produce dangerously toxic gas.
- Confirm upon completing installation that no refrigerant gas is leaking. If escaped gas comes in contact with a stove, gas water heater, electric room heater or other heat source, it can produce dangerously toxic gas.

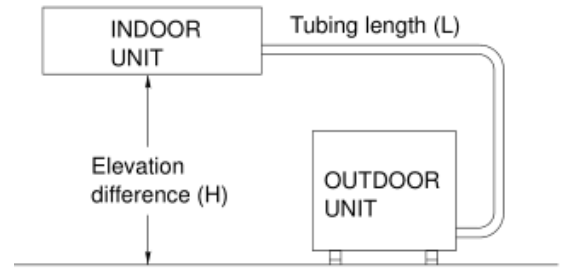


Figure 401

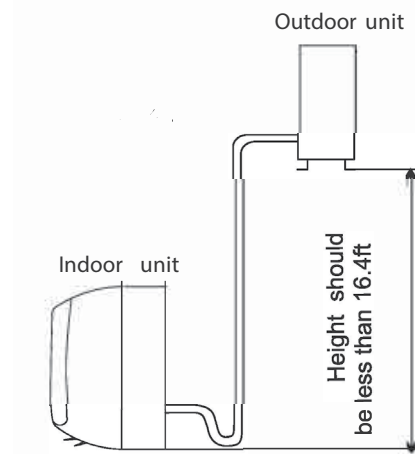


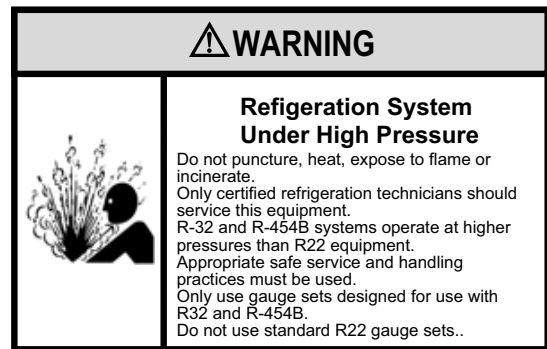
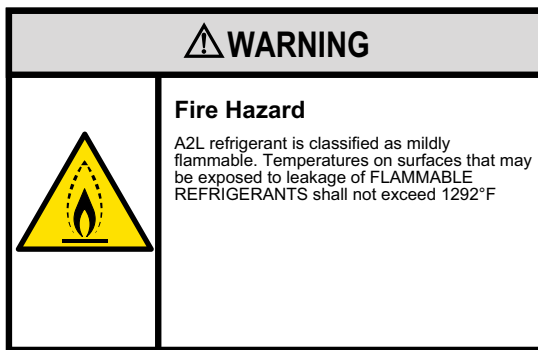
Figure 402

| Capacity (Btu/h) | Pipe Size | | Standard Length (ft) | Max. Elevation H (ft) | Max. Length L (ft) | Additional Refrigerant (oz/ft) |
|---------------------|-----------|------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | LIQUID | GAS | | | | |
| 9k | 1/4" | 3/8" | 25 | 50 | 66 | .22 |
| 12k | 1/4" | 3/8" | 25 | 50 | 66 | .22 |
| 18k | 1/4" | 1/2" | 25 | 50 | 100 | .22 |
| 24k | 3/8" | 5/8" | 25 | 50 | 100 | .32 |
| 36k | 3/8" | 5/8" | 25 | 50 | 100 | .43 |

Table 403

INSTALLATION OF THE INDOOR UNIT

Install Mounting Plate



1. Installing the Mounting Plate

- 1) Decide an installing location for the mounting plate according to the indoor unit location and piping direction.
- 2) Find the center of the mounting plate according to the mark on it. Then Install a screw to fix it preliminary.
- 3) Keep the mounting plate horizontally with a horizontal ruler or dropping line.
- 4) Drill holes of 1 1/4" in depth on the wall for fixing the plate.
- 5) Fix the mounting plate with as least 7 self-tapping screws. For some mounting plates with a holder in the middle, at least 8 screws are required. (Fig. C.4.1).
- 6) Inspect if the mounting plate is well fixed. Then drill a hole for piping.

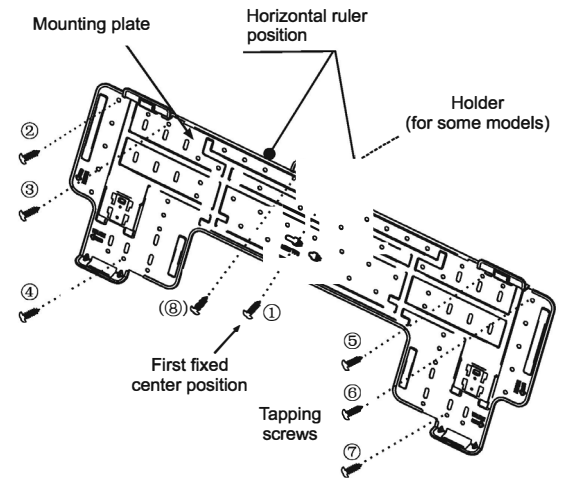


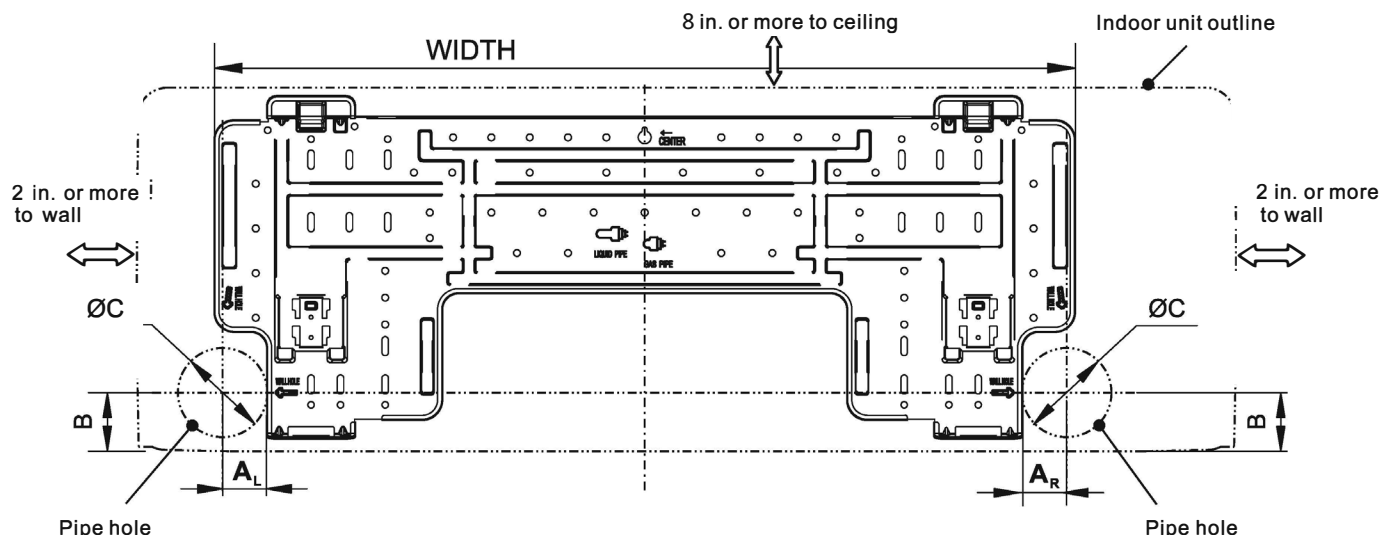
Fig. C.4.1

Note: It is recommended to install screw anchors for sheet rock, concrete block, brick and such type of wall.

Note: The center of the mounting bracket may be not the center of the indoor unit.

Note: The shape of your mounting plate may be different from the one above, but installation method is similar.

• THE MOUNTING PLATE DIAGRAMS AND DIMENSIONS (Recommended)

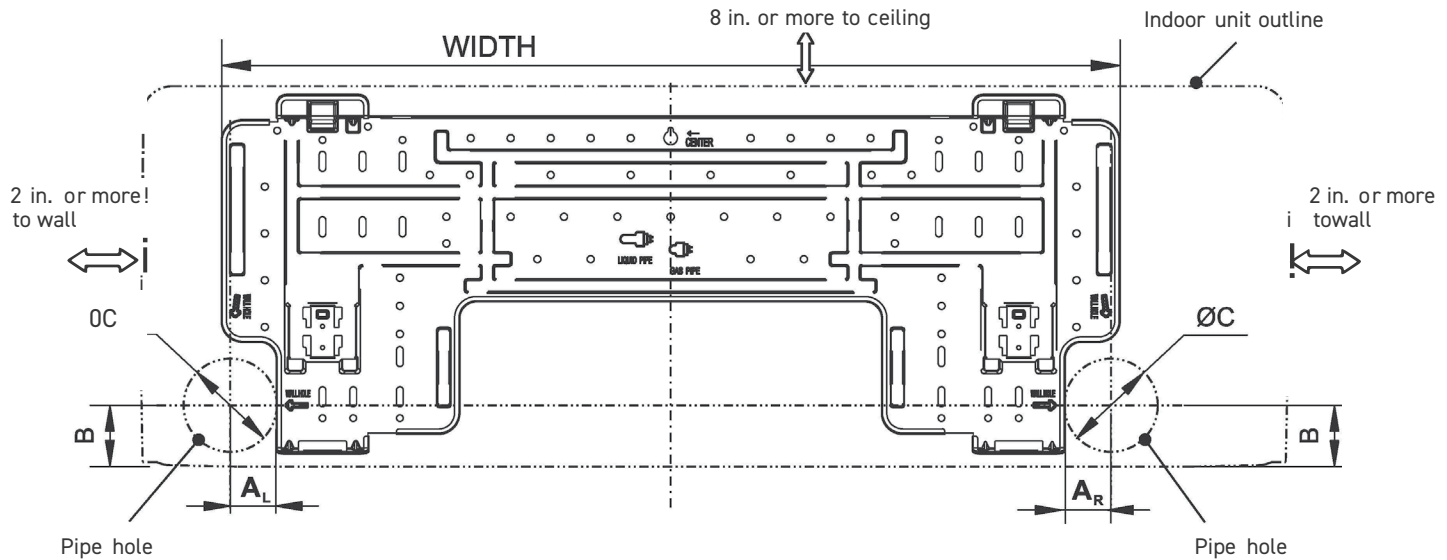


For 7K/9K/12K Series Models, WIDTH: 26 5/8 in.

C.4.2

INSTALLATION OF THE INDOOR UNIT

Install Mounting Plate



For 18K/ 24K Series Models, WIDTH: 37 5/8 in.

C.4.3

Drill Hole for Piping

Table of Wall Hole Mounting size per Unit Size

| Unit Model | Size A _L | Size A _R | Size B | Size C |
|------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|----------|
| | in | in | in | in |
| 7K/9K/12K Series | 1 3/8 in | 1 3/8 in | 1 3/4 in | 2 3/4 in |
| 18K/24K Series | 4 7/8 in | 6 1/2 in | 2 in | 2 3/4 in |

2. Drill a Hole for Piping

- 1) Decide the position of hole for piping according to the location of mounting plate.
- 2) Drill a hole on the wall. The hole should tilt a little downward toward outside.
- 3) Install a sleeve through the wall hole to keep the wall tidy and clean. (Fig. C.5)

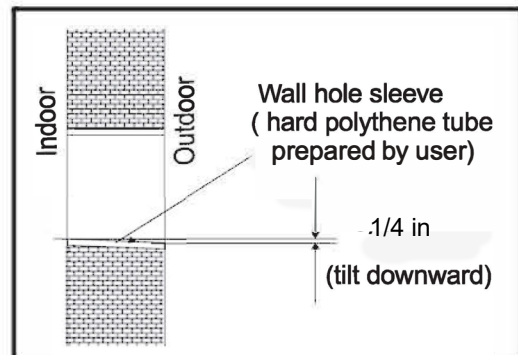
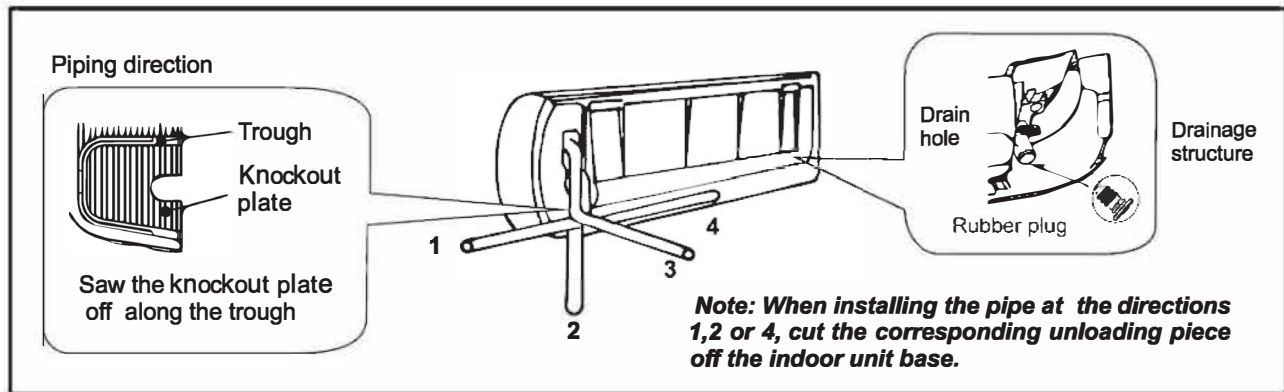


Fig. C.5

INSTALLATION OF THE INDOOR UNIT

Piping Provisions

- 1) Put the piping (liquid and gas pipe) and cables through the wall hole from outside or put them through from inside after indoor piping and cables connection is complete to connect to the outdoor unit.
- 2) Decide whether to cut the knockout plate in accordance with the piping direction. (Fig. C.6.1)



Note: Drain hose can be installed on either side of the unit. If choosing both sides drainage connection, another proper drain hose is needed as there is only one drain hose attached to the unit. If choosing one side drainage connection, make sure the drain hole on the other side is well plugged.

- Put the piping (liquid and gas pipe) and cables through the wall hole from outside.
- 1 Cut the liquid pipe and gas pipe to the right length according to the position mark on the wall mounting plate (Fig. C.6.2). Ensure that the cut is flat (Fig. C.6.3).

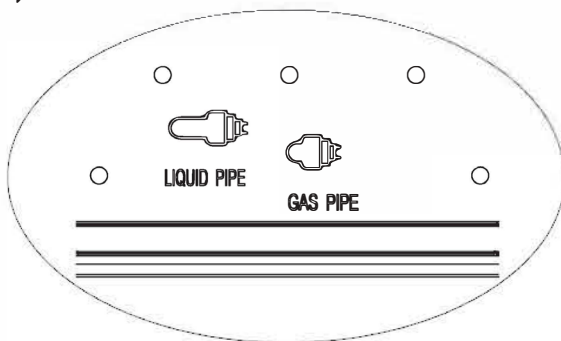


Fig.C.6.2

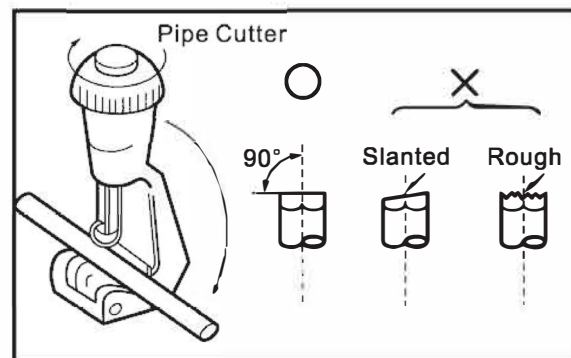


Fig.C.6.3

- 2 Remove burrs on the cutting edges. Keep the pipe outlet down to avoid getting the metal burrs into the pipe (Fig. C.6.4).
- 3 Flare the pipes. Insert the pipe outlet into the copper nut before flaring the pipe. Ensure that the hole is flat with sound surface and even thickness. (Fig. C.6.5)

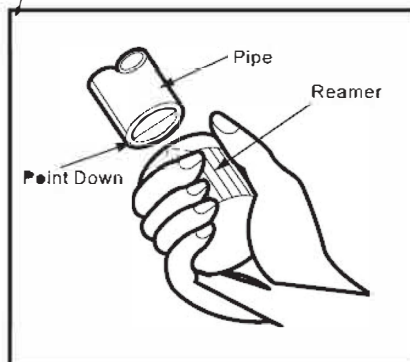


Fig. C.6.4

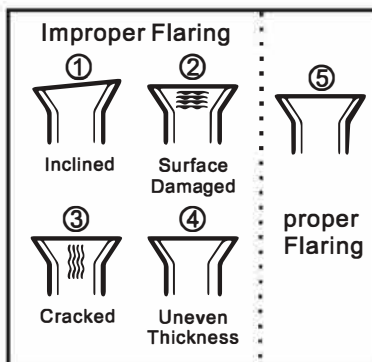


Fig. C.6.5

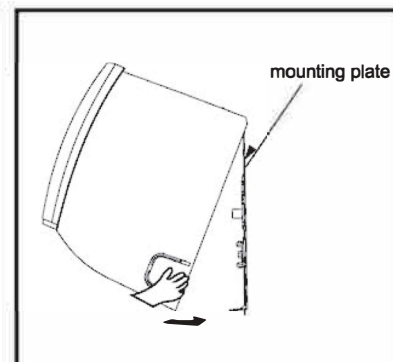
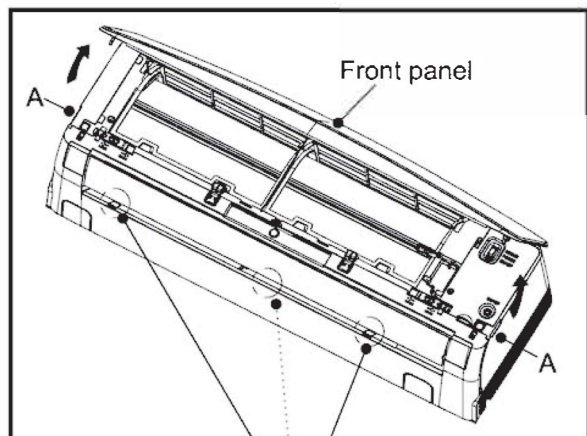


Fig. C.7.1

INSTALLATION OF THE INDOOR UNIT

Indoor Unit Installation

- 1) Hang the unit onto mounting plate (Fig. C.7.1).
- 2) In the A position, open the front panel as shown in Fig. C.7.2.
- 3) In the B position, open the screw covers as shown in Fig. C.7.3 and remove the screws. (Note: For some models, you need to remove 3 screws.)
- 4) In the C position, open the front shell as shown in Fig. C.7.4 . Then in the D position, push the baffles to prevent the front shell from falling as shown in Fig. C.7.5.



C.7.2

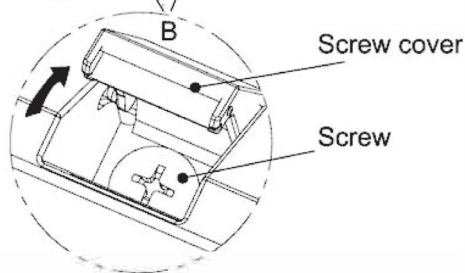


Fig.C.7.3



C.7.4

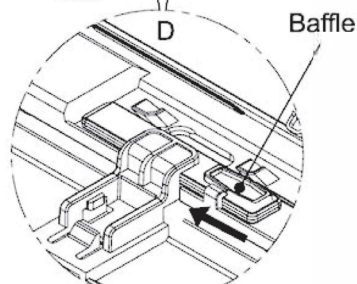


Fig.C.7.5

- 5) Use the support plate to move the unit step by step to reach the best location. (Fig. C.7.6 and Fig. C.7.7).

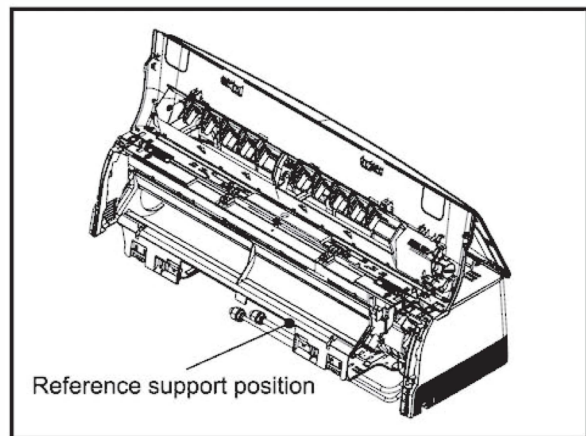


Fig. C.7.6

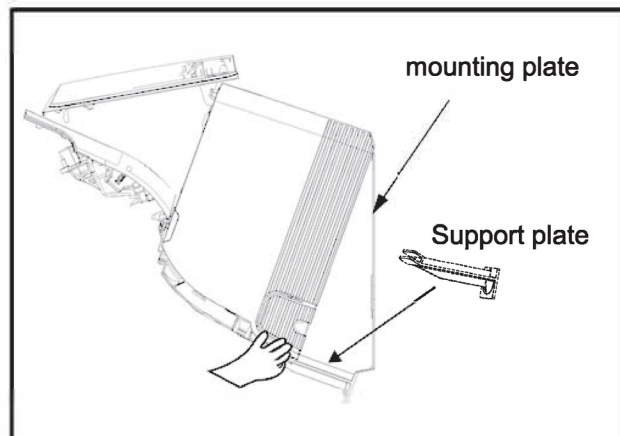


Fig. C.7.7

Note: The appearance of the model in this manual may differ from that of the air conditioner you have selected.

INSTALLATION OF THE INDOOR UNIT

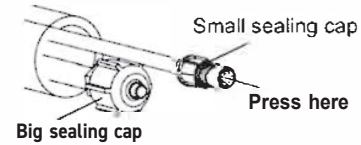
Indoor Unit Installation

6) Connect the piping .

Piping Connection:

- Before unscrewing the big and the small sealing caps, press the small sealing cap with the finger until the exhaust noise stops, and then loosen the finger.
- Connect indoor unit pipes with two wrenches. Pay special attention to the allowed torque as shown below to prevent the pipes, connectors and flare nuts from being deformed and damaged.
- Pre-tighten them with fingers at first, then use the wrenches.

If you don't hear the exhaust noise, please contact customer service.



| Model | Pipe size (inches) | Torque (ft lbs) | Nut width | Min.thickness |
|---------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| 9K-18K | LiquidSide (1/4) | 11-15ft-lbs | 5/8" | 0.02 " |
| 24K-36K | Liquid Side (3/8) | 22-26ft-lbs | 7/8" | 0.024" |
| 9K-12K | GasSide(cl> 9.53 or 3/8) | 22-26ft-lbs | 7/8" | 0.024" |
| 18K | GasSide(cl>12 or 1/2) | 37-41ft-lbs | 15/16" | 0.024" |
| 24K-36K | GasSide(cl>16or 5/8) | 44-48ft-lbs | 1 1/8" | 0.024" |
| 36K | Gas Side (φ 19 or 3/4) | 52-55ft-lbs | 1 1/4" | 0.039" |

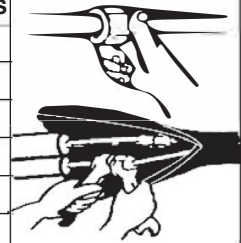


Table C.7.8

7) After connecting piping as required, install the drain hose. Then connect the power cords. After connecting, wrap the piping, cords and drain hose together with thermal insulation materials(Fig. C.7.9-C.7.11).

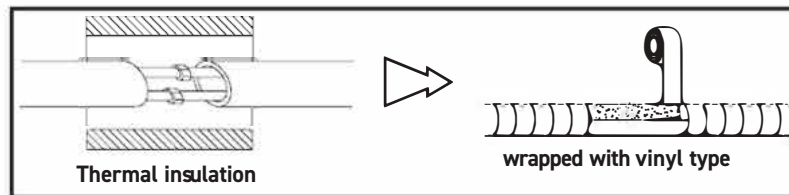


Fig. C.5.9

Note: Wrap the piping joints with thermal insulation materials and then wrap with a vinyl tape.

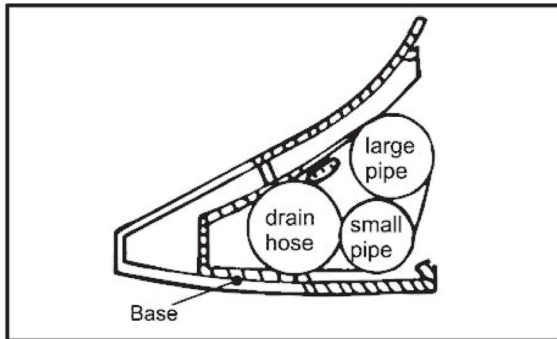


Fig. C.5.10

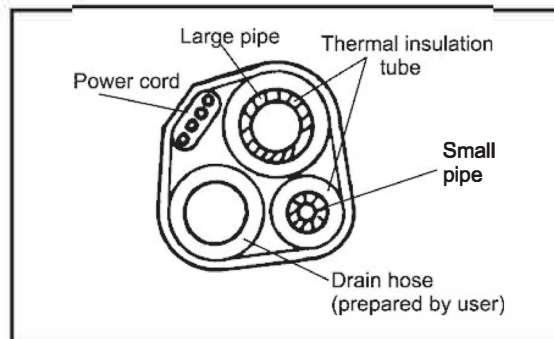


Fig. C.5.11

Note: Place the drain hose under the pipes.

Note: Insulation material uses polythene foam over 1/4" (6) mm in thickness.

Note: Drain hose is prepared by user.

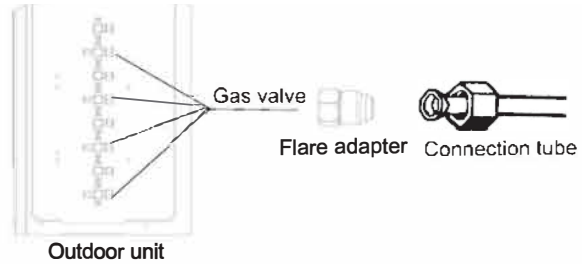
Note: Note: The appearance of the model in this manual may differ from that of the air conditioner you have selected.

INSTALLATION OF THE INDOOR UNIT

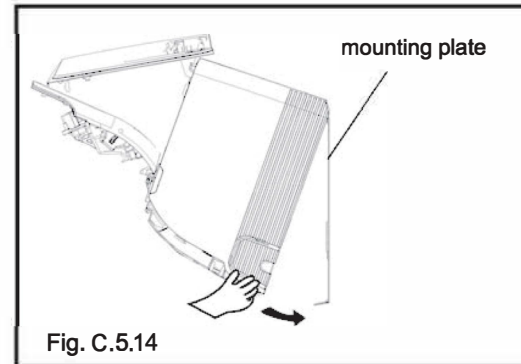
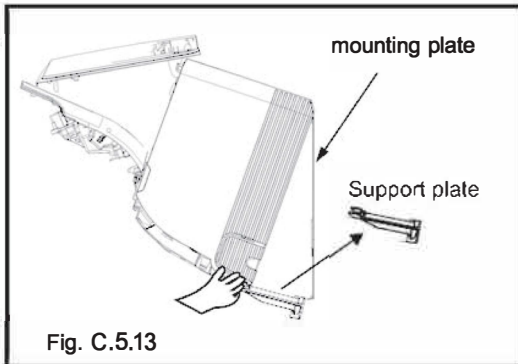
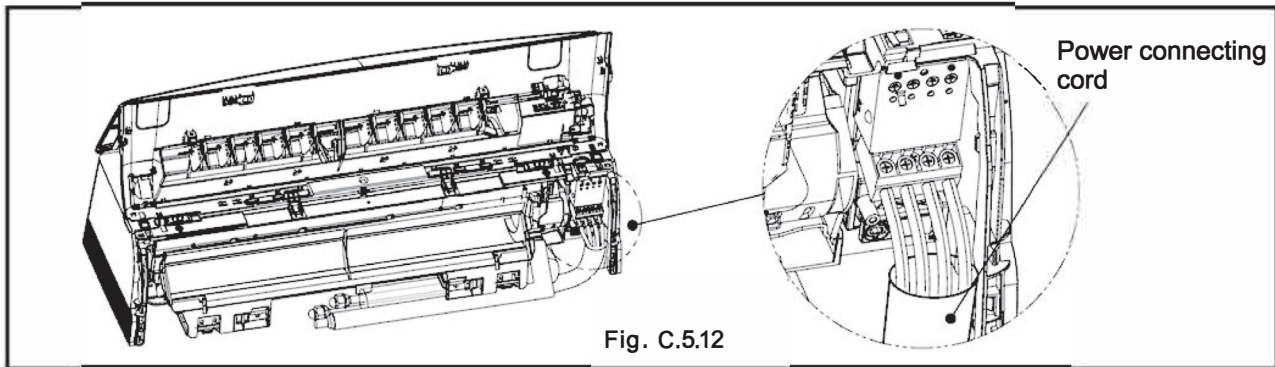
Indoor Unit Installation



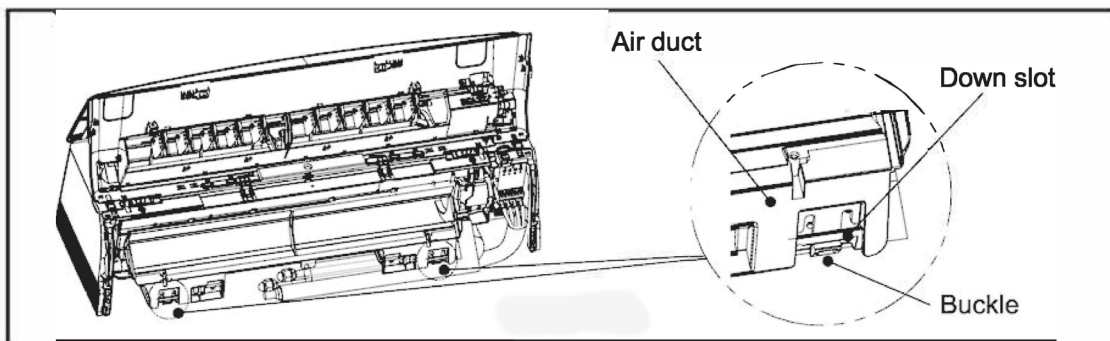
The 18K/24K indoor unit include the switch tie-in accessory only for 18K/24K indoor if required. It may switch 3/8" gas connection tube into 1/2" or 5/8" connection tube. It is installed outdoor unit.



8) Connect the power connecting cord (Fig. C.5.12).



9) Remove the support plate as shown in Fig. C.5.13. Then move the unit step by step to reach the best installation, then press the 2 buckles of the air duct into 2 down slots of the mounting plate.(Fig. C.5.14 and Fig.C.5.15)



C.5.15

INSTALLATION OF THE INDOOR UNIT

Indoor Unit Installation

- 10) Pull the baffles as shown in Fig. C.5.20 Close the front shell as shown in Fig. C.5.21 . Then press the E position to fasten the front shell as shown in Fig. C.5.22

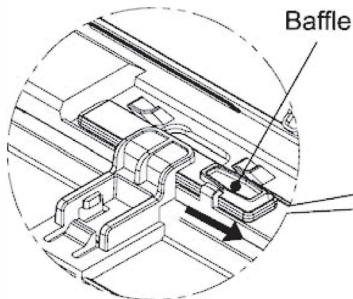


Fig. C.5.20

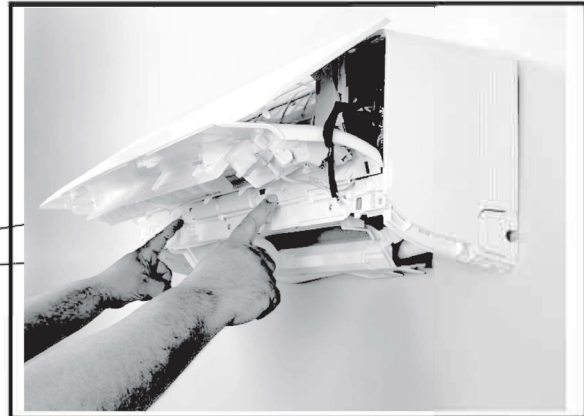
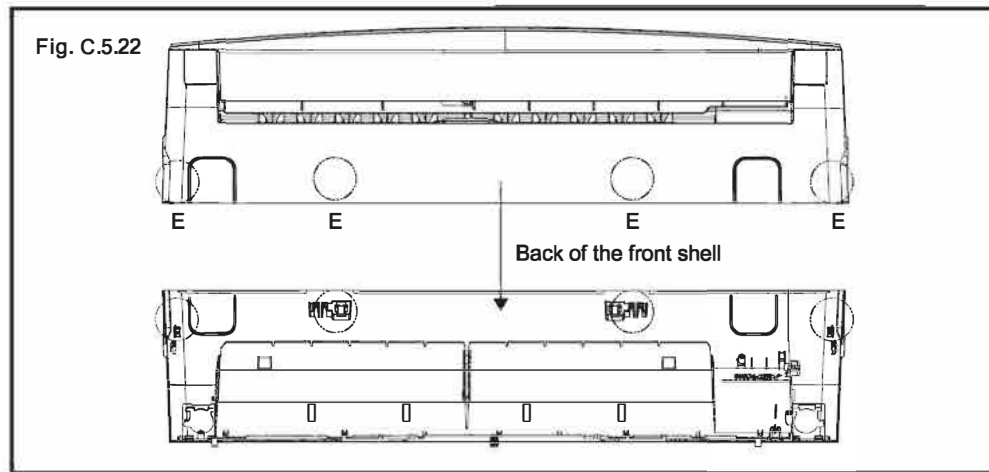


Fig.C.5.21



- 11) Install the screws and close the screw covers as shown in Fig. C.5.23 (Note: For some models, you need to install 3 screws.)
12) Close the front panel as shown in Fig. C.5.24

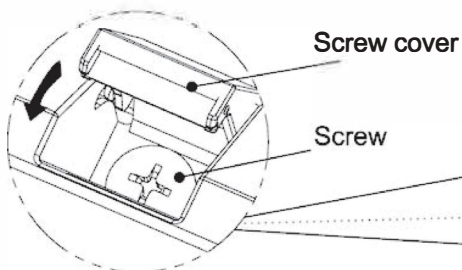


Fig.C.5.23

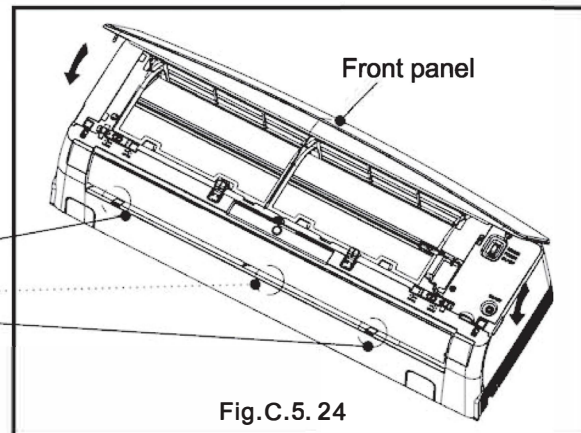



Fig.C.5.24

Note: The appearance of the model in this manual may differ from that of the air conditioner you have selected.

INSTALLATION OF THE INDOOR UNIT

Electrical

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|---|
|  | Electrical Shock Hazard Always ensure power is disconnected before attempting to connect wires. |

| Model | Wire Diameter(AWG) Interconnecting Wire |
|-----------|--|
| 9k | 14-4 AWG 600V THHN Stranded Wire |
| 12k | 14-4 AWG 600V THHN Stranded Wire |
| 18k | 14-4 AWG 600V THHN Stranded Wire |
| 24-36K | 14-4 AWG 600V THHN Stranded Wire |
| Table E.1 | |

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| GROUNDING | Unit MUST be grounded from branch circuit to unit, or through separate ground wire. Be sure that branch circuit or general purpose outlet is grounded. Do NOT use an extension cord. |
| ELECTRICAL DISCONNECT | If national or local electrical codes require an electrical disconnect for the indoor unit, use a 3 pole disconnect. |

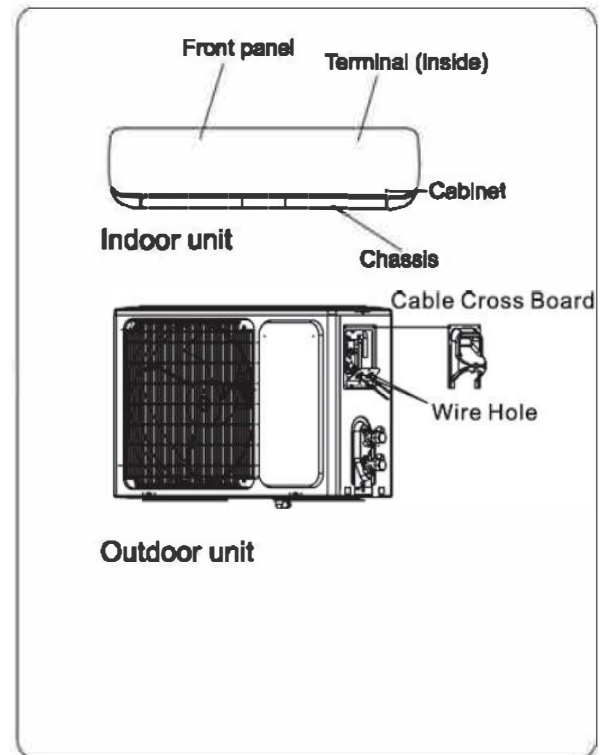


Figure E.2

Indoor Unit

Connect the power cord to the indoor unit by connecting the wires to the terminals on the control board individually in accordance with the outdoor unit connection.

Note: For some models, it is necessary to remove the cabinet to connect to the indoor unit terminal.

•Outdoor Unit

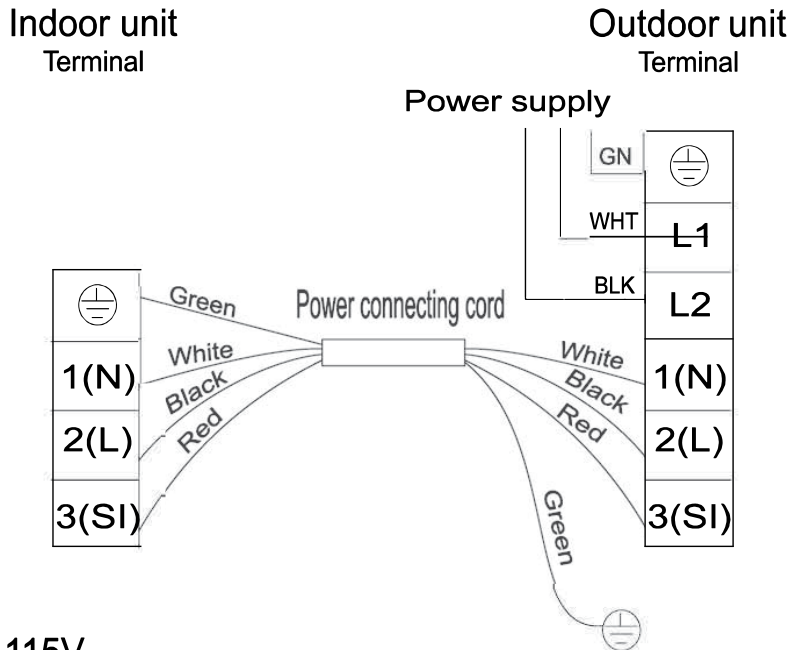
1. Remove the cable cross board from the unit by loosening the screw. Connect the wires to the terminals on the control board individually per circuit diagram posted on inside of access door. Refer to Figure E.2.
2. Secure the power cord onto the control board with cable clamp.
3. Reinstall the cable cross board to the original position with the screw.

INSTALLATION OF THE INDOOR UNIT

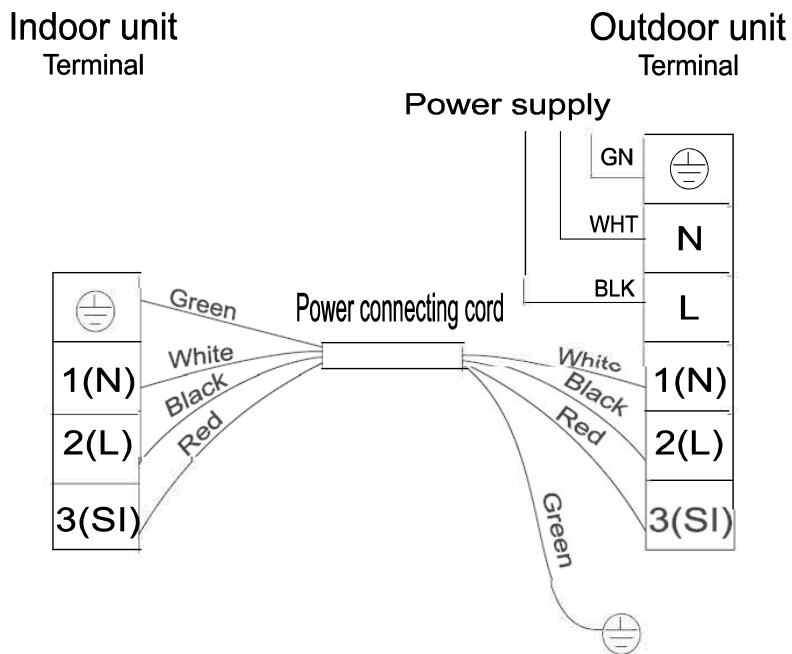
Indoor Unit Wiring Connection Diagram

Make sure that the color of the wires in the outdoor unit and terminal No. are the same as those of the indoor unit.

1) 208/230V



2) 115V



☑ Diagram is reference only, actual product terminals should be followed.

INSTALLATION OF THE OUTDOOR UNIT

Tools

Verify with tool manufacturers that all tools used during servicing of the refrigerant are non-sparking and can be used with A2L Refrigerants.
No halide torches for leak testing.
Refrigerant monitors or detectors must be used to detect refrigerant in the work area.

- R-32 A2L Refrigerant Recovery System.
- Vacuum Pump rated for A2L refrigerant (capable of 300 microns or less vacuum.)
- Nitrogen bottle with purging and pressurizing capabilities up to 550 psi.
- Non-Sparking (Not Halide) Electronic Leak Detector rated for detecting A2L refrigerant.
- Digital refrigerant scale Refrigeration Gauges rated for A2L Refrigerants with temp scales for R-32 refrigerant.
- Gauge Manifold (Right handed threads).
- A2L compatible Vacuum Gauge capable of 300 microns or less.
- Nitrogen regulator for purging and testing, rated to 800 psi. (Capable of low psi flow)
- Pipe tubing cutter.
- Refrigerant recovery cylinder. (Flammable A2L label)
- Ventilation fan.
- Class ABC fire extinguisher.
- Purge hose fittings
- Flaring tool



ABC Fire Extinguisher



Recovery Machine



Vaccum Pump



Nitrogen



Guage Manifold



Nitrogen Regulator



Vacuum Guage

Figure C.1 (Tools)

INSTALLATION OF THE OUTDOOR UNIT

Clearances

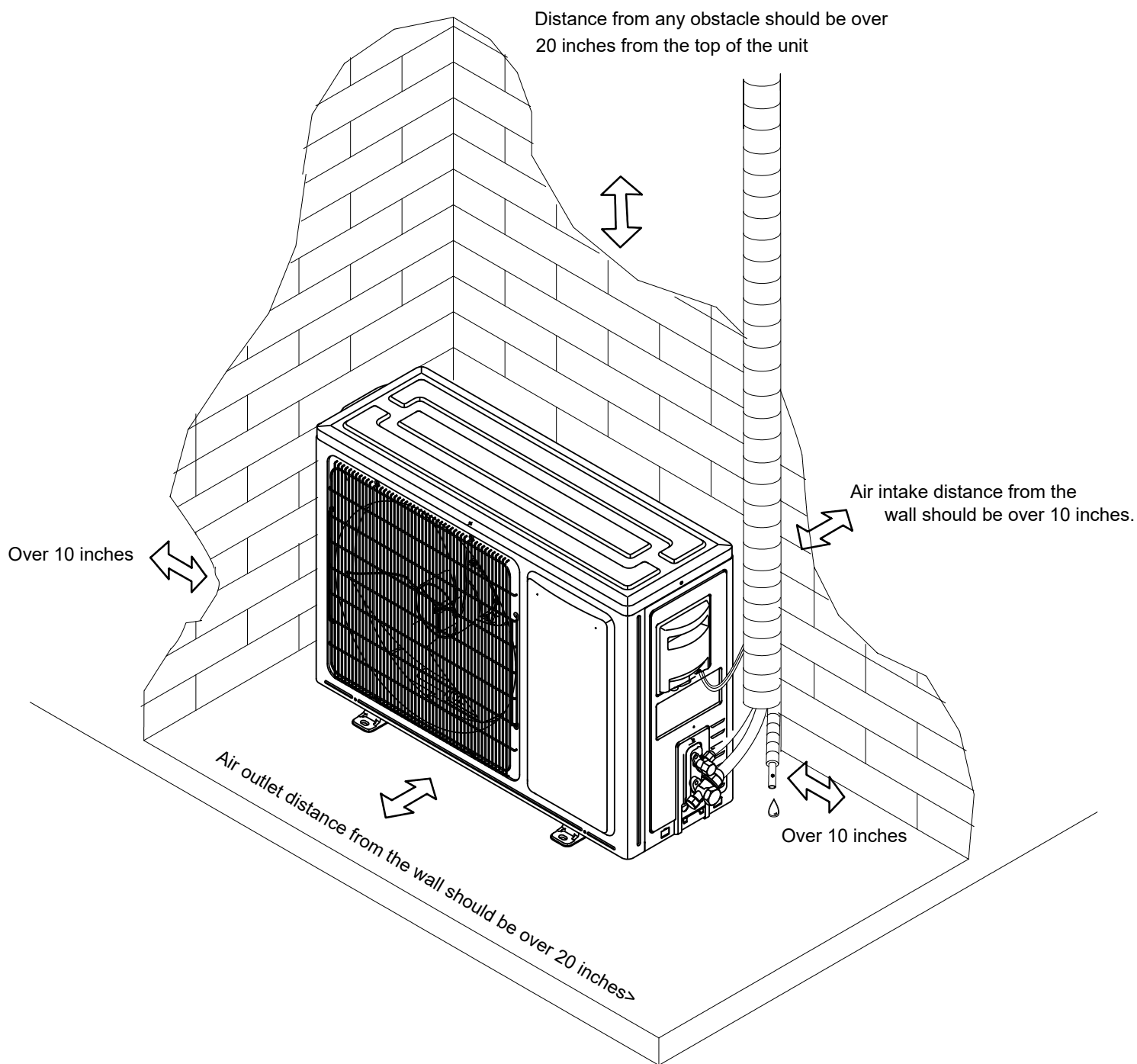


Figure C.2

INSTALLATION OF THE OUTDOOR UNIT

Pre-Installation Checkpoints

- Location is convenient to install and well ventilated.
- Avoid installing it where flammable gas could leak.
- Keep the required distance from walls and other obstacles.
- Keep the outdoor unit away from grease and debris.
- Avoid installing it by the roadside where there is a risk of muddy water.
- Install on a fixed base where it is not subject to increased operation noise.
- Ensure there is no blockage of the air outlet.
- Avoid installing under direct sunlight, in an aisle or sideways, or near heat sources and ventilation fans.
- Keep away from flammable materials, thick oil fog, and wet or uneven places.
- Outdoor unit comes pre-charged with refrigerant for 25 ft of line set.
- If the indoor unit is installed more than 16 ft in elevation below the outdoor unit, an oil trap should be installed every 16 ft in elevation drop.

NOTE:

1. To avoid storing too much oil in the oil bend, the oil bend should be as short as possible.
 2. The horizontal piping should be sloped down along the refrigerant flow direction, to bring the oil back to compressor. The slope should be between 1/200 and 1/250.
- Indoor unit can not be installed more than 50 feet in elevation above the outdoor unit.
 - Refer to refrigerant Leak Check, Charging, and Evacuation section of the manual.

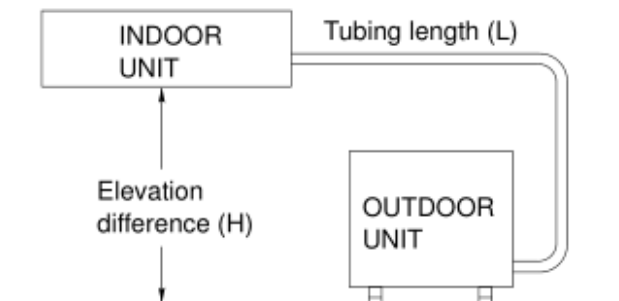


Figure C.3.1

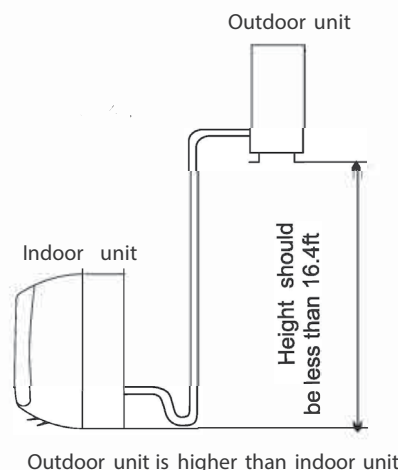


Figure C.3.2

| Model | Refrigerant Pre-Charge | Pipe Size | | Standard Length (ft) | Max. Elevation H (ft) | Max. Length L (ft) | Additional Refrigerant (oz/ft) |
|------------|------------------------|-----------|------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | LIQUID | GAS | | | | |
| FSHSR09B1C | 21.2 oz | 1/4" | 3/8" | 25 | 50 | 66 | .22 |
| FSHSR12B1C | 21.9 oz | 1/4" | 3/8" | 25 | 50 | 66 | .22 |
| FSHSR18A3D | 45.9 oz | 1/4" | 1/2" | 25 | 50 | 100 | .22 |
| FSHSR24A3D | 47.6 | 3/8" | 5/8" | 25 | 50 | 100 | .32 |
| FSHSR36A3D | 72.4 | 3/8" | 5/8" | 25 | 50 | 100 | .43 |

Table C.3.3

⚠ WARNING

Fire Hazard

A2L refrigerant is classified as mildly flammable. Temperatures on surfaces that may be exposed to leakage of **FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS** shall not exceed 1292°F

⚠ WARNING

Refrigeration System Under High Pressure

Do not puncture, heat, expose to flame or incinerate.
Only certified refrigeration technicians should service this equipment.
R-32 and R-454B systems operate at higher pressures than R22 equipment.
Appropriate safe service and handling practices must be used.
Only use gauge sets designed for use with R32 and R-454B.
Do not use standard R22 gauge sets..

INSTALLATION OF THE OUTDOOR UNIT

Install Condensate Drain

Install Condensate Drain for Outdoor Unit

The condensate drains from the outdoor unit when the unit operates in heating mode.

Install a drain port and a drain hose to direct the condensate water. Just install the drain port and rubber washer to the chassis of the outdoor unit, then connect a drain hose to the port. See Figure C.3.1.

CAUTION: Condensate is subject to freezing.

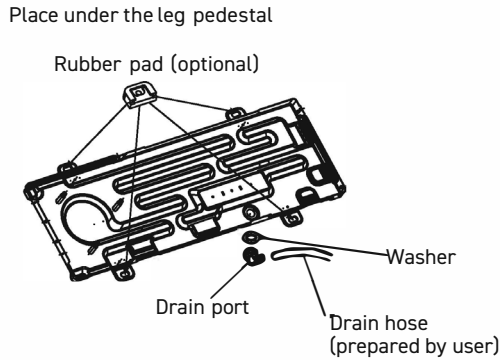


Figure C.4

Piping Connections to Outdoor Unit

1. Remove service valve cover(if provided) to access the service valves and refrigerant ports.
2. Carefully bend and adjust length of refrigerant pipes to meet outdoor unit service valves connection with proper tools to avoid kinks.
3. Apply a small amount of refrigerant oil to the flare connection on the refrigerant pipe.
4. Properly align piping and tighten flare nut using a standard wrench and a torque wrench as shown in the indoor piping section.
5. Carefully tighten flare nuts to correct torque level referring to the following Torque Table:

| "Pipe diameter /inch" | "Nut Size /inch" | Tightening Torque | |
|--|------------------|-------------------|----------|
| | | ft-lbs | N-m |
| 1/4 | 1/4 | 11 to 15 | 15 to 20 |
| 3/8 | 3/8 | 22 to 26 | 30 to 35 |
| 1/2 | 1/2 | 37 to 41 | 50 to 55 |
| 5/8 | 5/8 | 44 to 48 | 60 to 65 |
| 3/4 | 3/4 | 52 to 55 | 70 to 75 |
| Caution: Over tightening may damage flare connections and cause leaks. | | | |

Table C.6

Install Ground Pad or Wall Hangers

1. Refer to Section C.2 to identify proper unit location.
 2. Follow all instructions provided by manufacturer for installing wall hangers rubber pad .
 3. Verify the wall hangers or rubber pad can safely support the weight of the outdoor unit.
 4. Verify the wall hangers or rubber pad is level and meets all outdoor dimensional clearance.
 5. Attach with bolts and nuts tightly on a flat and strong floor.
- If installed on the wall or roof, make sure to attach the support well to prevent it from shaking due to serious vibration or strong wind .

⚠ WARNING

Florida wind load requirements state that outdoor unit must be anchored to concrete pad using four 3/8-in diameter power wedge bolt plus(or equivalent) with 1-in diameter fender washers. Anchor bolts must be embedded into 3000 PSI minimum concrete at a distance of 4 1/2- in from any concrete edge. The concrete thickness must exceed 1.5 times the anchor depth.

INSTALLATION OF THE OUTDOOR UNIT

Specifications

| Model | Wire Diameter(AWG) Interconnecting Wire between Indoor and Outdoor Unit | Main Power Supply To Outdoor Unit | | |
|------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | Wire Size | MOP (Rating of Over current Device) | MCA (Minimum Circuit Ampacity) |
| FSHSR09B1C | 14-4 AWG 600V THHN Stranded Wire | Refer to MCA and local/ national codes | 20A | 14.6A |
| FSHSR12B1C | 14-4 AWG 600V THHN Stranded Wire | | 20A | 15.4 |
| FSHSR18A3D | 14-4 AWG 600V THHN Stranded Wire | | 20A | 14.5A |
| FSHSR24A3D | 14-4 AWG 600V THHN Stranded Wire | | 35A | 21A |
| FSHSR36A3D | 14-4 AWG 600V THHN Stranded Wire | | 40A | 25.8A |

Table E.1

Indoor Unit

Connect the power cord to the indoor unit by connecting the wires to the terminals on the control board individually in accordance with the outdoor unit connection.

Note: For some models, it is necessary to remove the cabinet to connect to the indoor unit terminal.

Outdoor Unit

1. Remove the cable cross board from the unit by loosening the screw. Connect the wires to the terminals on the control board individually per circuit diagram posted on inside of access door. Refer to Figure E.2.
2. Secure the power cord onto the control board with cable clamp.
3. Reinstall the cable cross board to the original position with the screw.
4. Use a recognized circuit breaker between the power source and the unit. (Refer to Table E.1. An electrical disconnect must be installed according to local and national codes. Refer to Table E.1.

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| WIRE SIZE | Use ONLY wiring size recommended by the National Electric Code (NEC) for single outlet branch circuit. |
| FUSE/CIRCUIT BREAKER | Use ONLY type and size fuse or HACR circuit breaker indicated on unit's rating plate. Proper current protection to the unit is the responsibility of the owner. |
| GROUNDING | Unit MUST be grounded from branch circuit to unit, or through separate ground wire. Be sure that branch circuit or general purpose outlet is grounded. Do NOT use an extension cord. |
| ELECTRICAL DISCONNECT | Ensure an electrical disconnect is installed according local and national electrical codes |

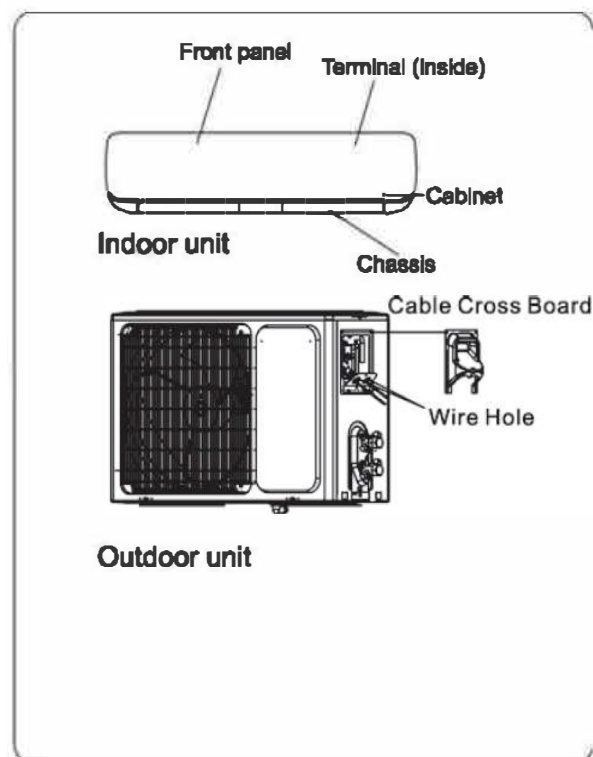


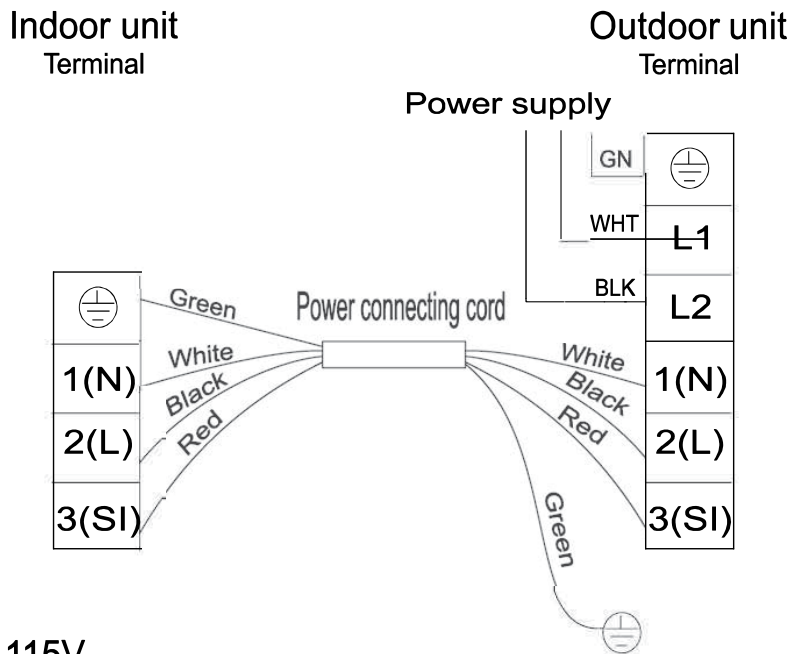
Figure E.2

INSTALLATION OF THE OUTDOOR UNIT

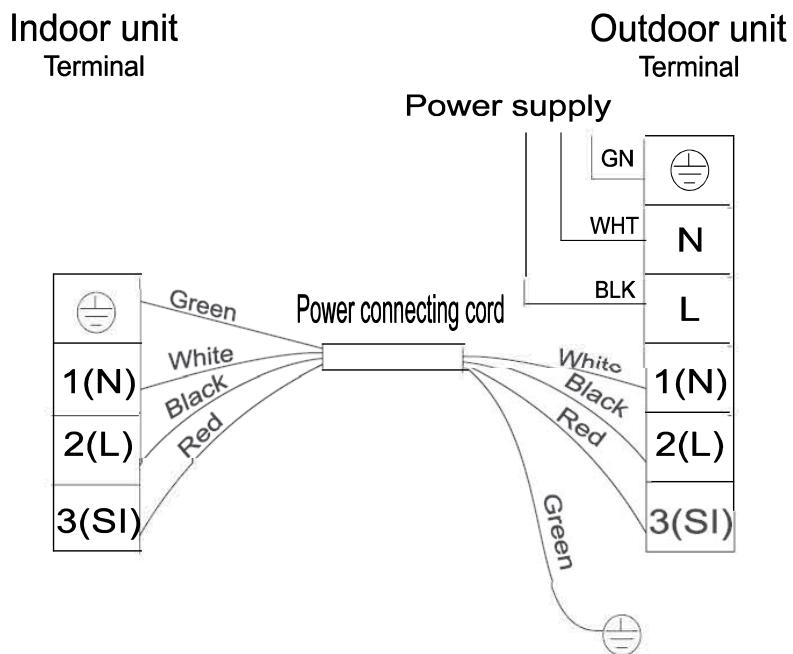
Wiring Diagrams

Make sure that the color of the wires in the outdoor unit and terminal No. are the same as those of the indoor unit.

1) 208/230V



2) 115V



☑ Diagram is reference only, actual product terminals should be followed.

INSTALLATION OF THE OUTDOOR UNIT

Leak Check, Evacuation, and Charging

Warning:

No ignition sources: No person carrying out work in relation to a REFRIGERATING SYSTEM which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks.

Ventilated Area: Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before accessing the refrigerant in the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant away from the work area or external to building envelope.

During Repairs To Sealed Components: All power must be removed from the equipment being worked on prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a constant leak detector shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.

Checks And Repairs To Electrical Devices:

- Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected remove power supply to unit. **DO NOT OPERATE.**
- Initial safety checks shall include:
 - That capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
 - That no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
 - Verify unit is properly grounded.
- Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.
- Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.
- Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres. Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

The following is a list of important considerations when working with R-32 equipment:

- R-32 pressure is similar to R-410A and approximately 60% higher than R-22 pressure.
- R-32 cylinders must not be allowed to exceed 125°F, they may leak or rupture.
- R-32 must never be pressurized with a mixture of compressed air, it may become MORE flammable.
- Servicing equipment and components must be specifically designed for use with R-32 and dedicated to prevent contamination.
- Manifold sets must be equipped with gauges capable of reading 750 psig (high side) and 200 psig (low side), with a 500-psig low-side retard.
- Gauge hoses must have a minimum 750-psig service pressure rating.
- Recovery cylinders must have a minimum service pressure rating of 400 psig, (DOT 4BA400 and DOT BW400 approved cylinders).
- POE (Polyol-Ester) lubricants must be used with R-32 equipment.
- To prevent moisture absorption and lubricant contamination, do not leave the refrigeration system open to the atmosphere for extended periods of time.
- If unit refrigerant is low, recover the refrigerant, evacuate, and recharge unit to nameplate amount.

- If there is any amount of refrigerant in the system charge from the low side.
- Always charge by liquid inverted.

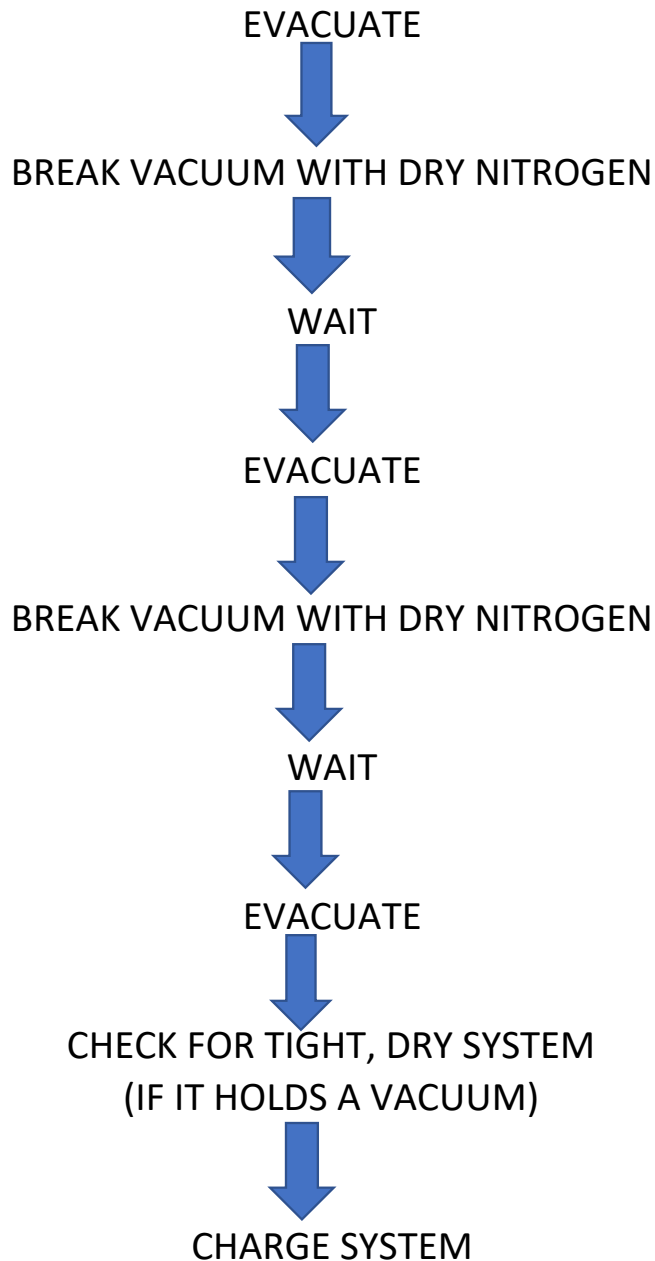


Figure G.1

INSTALLATION OF THE OUTDOOR UNIT

Leak Check, Charging And Triple Evacuation

Friedrich requires all installations are Leak Checked and Evacuated in accordance to the “triple evacuation” process. This process promotes a dry tight refrigeration system before opening the service valves. It recommended that a single port refrigeration manifold and hoses rated over 750 psi be used. Refrigeration hose valves, along with a vacuum pump and micron gauge, must be used to ensure the system can be vacuumed and held under 500 microns. Check all equipment and hoses for proper usage and leaks before beginning.

1. 1st Nitrogen Pressure Test:

Ensure all refrigeration connections are properly flared, secured, and torqued to their respective settings.

Pressurize the system with nitrogen to 550 psi. Soap all connections with an approved refrigerant leak detection solution.

The pressure in the system must hold for one hour respective to the environmental conditions and should not vary less than 550psi. If pressure can not be adequate held, check integrity of flares and torque specifications. Once pressure is held adequately, purge the nitrogen charge to system pressure of 5-10 psi. **DO NOT RETURN TO ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE.**

2. 1st Vacuum Micron Test:

Connect hoses and vacuum pump to the outdoor unit as shown in Fig. 436. Start the vacuum pump and vacuum to 1000 microns. Close the valve to the vacuum pump and check for micron rise for 15 minutes. If microns rise to near atmospheric pressure, there is a potential leak; repeat step 1. If microns rise over 5000, the system is very wet and will require further nitrogen purges.

3. 2nd Nitrogen Break:

Once the system holds below 5000 microns, reconnect the nitrogen tank break the system vacuum with 30-50 psi of nitrogen. Wait 5 minutes, then purge to 5-10 psi. **DO NOT RETURN TO ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE.**

4. 2nd Vacuum Micron Test:

Reconnect vacuum pump and gauge and begin evacuation. Vacuum system to 500 microns. Close vacuum valve and check for micron rise. Vacuum should hold under 1000 microns. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until achieved.

5. 3rd Nitrogen Break:

Once the system holds below 1000 microns, reconnect the nitrogen tank break the system vacuum with 30-50 psi of nitrogen. Wait 5 minutes, then purge to 5-10 psi. **DO NOT RETURN TO ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE.**

6. 3rd Final Vacuum Micron Test:

Reconnect vacuum pump and gauge and begin evacuation. Vacuum system to 300 microns. Close vacuum valve and check for micron rise. Vacuum should hold under 500 microns. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until achieved. Once held under 500 microns, the system is considered dry and tight.

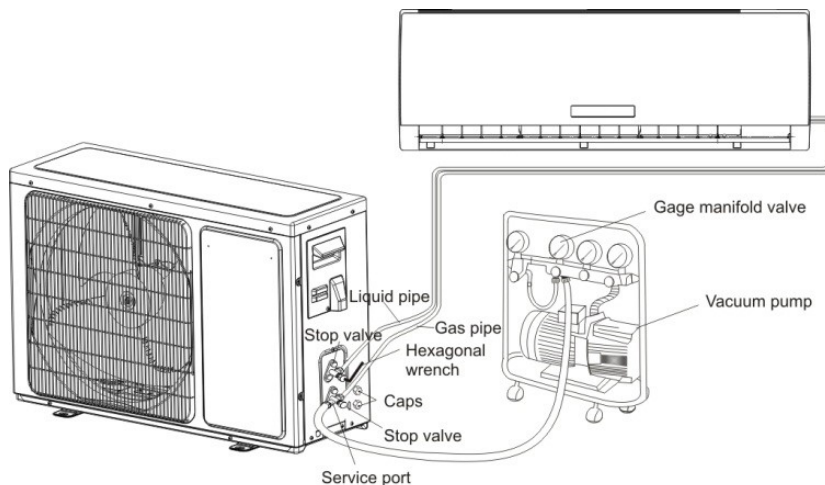
7. Charging the system:

Unscrew Service Valve Caps to expose the inner hexagon head. Use an allen-head spanner or service wrench with appropriate adapter to release the refrigerant into the system. If the calculated line set length is over 25 ft, weight in the additional charge with an approved refrigerant scale as needed. Refer to Table G.1.

| Capacity (Btu/h) | Refrigerant Pre-Charge | Pipe Size | | Standard Length (ft) | Max. Elevation H (ft) | Max. Length L (ft) | Additional Refrigerant (oz/ft) |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------|------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | LIQUID | GAS | | | | |
| FSHSR09B1C | 21.2 oz | 1/4" | 3/8" | 25 | 50 | 66 | .22 |
| FSHSR12B1C | 21.9 oz | 1/4" | 3/8" | 25 | 50 | 66 | .22 |
| FSHSR18A3D | 45.9 oz | 1/4" | 1/2" | 25 | 50 | 100 | .22 |
| FSHSR24A3D | 47.6 | 3/8" | 5/8" | 25 | 50 | 100 | .32 |
| FSHSR36A3D | 72.4 | 3/8" | 5/8" | 25 | 50 | 100 | .43 |

Table G.2

Figure G.3



INSTALLATION OF THE OUTDOOR UNIT

Startup And Operation

Present the owner or operator of the equipment with the Installation & Operation Manual, all accessory installation instructions, and the name, address, and telephone number of the Authorized Friedrich Warranty Service Company in the area for future reference if necessary. Inspect the unit for any damage to the coils and tubing that could cause a leak.

NOTICE

This unit is certified to operate in cooling mode under these maximum conditions. Any operation beyond these conditions may result in intermittent operation.

Indoor temperature: 90 °F (45% relative humidity)

Outdoor temperature: 110 °F (25% relative humidity)

If unit is heat pump equipped, it is certified to operate in heating mode under these maximum conditions. Any operation beyond these conditions may result in intermittent operation.

Indoor temperature: 80 °F (humidity does not affect operation)

Outdoor temperature: 75 °F (60% relative humidity)

Test Operation

System Checks

1. Conceal refrigerant pipes where possible.
 2. Make sure drain hose slopes downward along entire length at a slope of 1/4"(inch) per '(foot).
 3. Ensure all refrigerant pipes and connections are properly insulated.
 4. Fasten pipes to outside wall, when possible.
 5. Seal and weatherproof wall hole which the interconnecting wires and refrigerant pipes pass through.
- Perform test operation after completing gas leak and electrical safety check.

1. Turn on electrical disconnect to outdoor unit.
2. Push the "ON/OFF" button on Remote Controller to begin testing, or if remote is not available press auto start switch on indoor unit.
3. Push MODE button, select COOLING, HEATING, FAN mode to confirm all functions.

Indoor Unit

1. Do all Remote controller's buttons function properly?
2. Do the display panel lights work properly?
3. Does the swing louver function properly?
4. Does the drain work?

Outdoor Unit

1. Push the mode button to COOL and adjust the room setting to 61 °F. Wait up to 3 minutes for compressor time delay. Does compressor and outdoor fan turn on in cooling mode?

2. Push the mode button to HEAT and adjust the room setting to 85 °F(Wait up to 3 minutes for compressor time delay. Does compressor and outdoor fan turn on in heat mode?

Unit protection will prevent the unit from restarting for 3 minutes if operations stops, or modes are changed.

Preheat

At the beginning of the HEATING operation, the airflow from the indoor unit is discharged 2-5 minutes later.

Defrost

In HEATING operation the appliance will defrost (de-ice) automatically to raise efficiency. This procedure usually lasts 2-10 minutes. During defrosting, fans stop operation.

After defrosting completes, it returns to HEATING mode automatically.

| No. | Items to be checked | Possible malfunction |
|-----|--|---|
| 1 | Has the unit been installed correctly? | The unit may drop, shake or emit noise. |
| 2 | Have you done the refrigerant leakage test? | It may cause insufficient cooling (heating) capacity. |
| 3 | Is heat insulation of pipeline sufficient? | It may cause condensation and water dripping. |
| 4 | Is water drained well? | It may cause condensation and water dripping. |
| 5 | Is the voltage of power supply according to the voltage marked on the nameplate? | It may cause malfunction or damage the parts. |
| 6 | Is electric wiring and pipeline installed correctly? | It may cause malfunction or damage the parts. |
| 7 | Is the unit grounded securely? | It may cause electric leakage. |
| 8 | Does the power cord follow the specification? | It may cause malfunction or damage the parts. |
| 9 | Is there any obstruction in air inlet and air outlet? | It may cause insufficient cooling (heating). |
| 10 | Are the dust and debris caused during installation removed? | It may cause malfunction or damaging the parts. |
| 11 | The gas valve and liquid valve of connection pipe are open completely? | It may cause insufficient cooling (heating) capacity. |

OPERATION

Operation Range (Cooling and Heating)

| Temperature | | Cooling operation | Heating operation |
|---------------------|-----|-------------------|-------------------|
| Indoor temperature | Max | 90°F | 81°F |
| | Min | 70°F | 45°F |
| outdoor temperature | Max | 115°F | 75°F |
| | Min | 5°F | -4°F |
| Figure 301 | | | |

*Optimum performance will be achieved within these operating temperature. If air conditioner is used outside of the above conditions, the protective device may trip and stop the appliance.

When relative humidity is above 80%, if the air conditioner runs in COOLING or DRY mode with door or window opened for a long time, dew may drip down from the outlet.

OPERATION

Remote Control

The remote controller transmits signals to the system.

SMART

Used to enter fuzzy logic operation directly, regardless of the unit is on or off.

POWER

The appliance will be started when it is energized or will be stopped when it is in operation, if you press this button.

SURGE

Used to start or stop the fast cooling/heating. (Fast cooling operates at high fan speed with 61°F set temp automatically ; Fast heating operates at auto fan speed with 86°F set temp automatically)

IFEEL

Used to set IFEEL mode operation. Press it once, the IFEEL function will be started. Press it again, the IFEEL function will be shut off.

SWING

Used to stop or start vertical adjustment louver swinging and set the desired up/down airflow direction.

CLOCK

Used to set the current time.

QUIET

Used to set or cancel Quiet Mode operation. When the air conditioner is in standby, and the mode of remote controller is in Cooling or Dry (except Super mode), press this button for about 5 seconds once to start Clean mode, then the indicator "Clean" will display on LCD.

TEMP + -

Used to adjust the room temperature and the timer, also real time.

MODE

Press this button to select the operation mode.

FAN

Used to select fan speed in sequence auto, higher, high, medium, low or lower.

SLEEP

Used to set or cancel Sleep Mode operation.

SWING

Used to stop or start Horizontal adjustment louver swinging and set the desired left/right airflow direction.

TIMER ON

Used to set or cancel the timer operation.

TIMER OFF

Used to set or cancel the timer operation.

ECONOMY

Used to set or cancel Economy Mode operation. When in Cooling mode (except Super mode), press this button for about 5 seconds once to start Power control mode, press this button for about 5 seconds once again to stop it

DIMMER

When you press this button, all the display of indoor unit will be closed. Press any button to resume display.

























LOCK

Used to start or stop LOCK mode.

46°HEAT

Used to start or stop 46°HEAT mode.

Indication symbols on LCD:

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---|------------------|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|---|-------------------------|
|  | Cooling indicator |  | Auto fan speed |  | Sleep 1 indicator |  | Quiet indicator |  | Signal transmit |
|  | Dry indicator |  | Higher fan speed |  | Sleep 2 indicator |  | Smart indicator |  | Battery power indicator |
|  | Fan only indicator |  | High fan speed |  | Sleep 3 indicator |  | Economy indicator | ON 88:88 | Display set timer |
|  | Heating indicator |  | Medium fan speed |  | Sleep 4 indicator |  | Surge indicator | OFF 88:88 | Display current time |
|  | 46°Heat indicator |  | Low fan speed |  | Lock indicator |  | Ifeel | 88°F | Display temperature |
|  | Lower fan speed | | |  | Clean indicator | | | % | Power control indicator |

Note: Each mode and relevant function will be further specified in following pages.

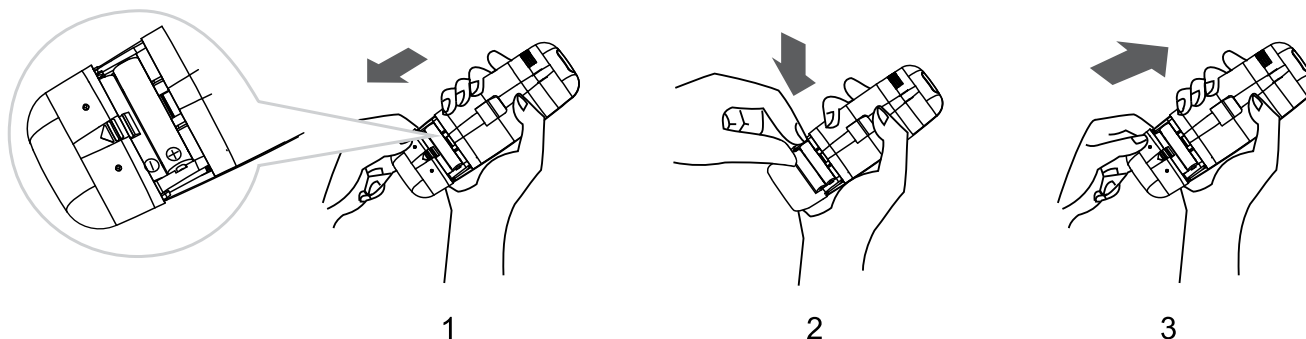
Figure 302

OPERATION

Remote Control

◆ How to Insert the Batteries

1. Remove the battery cover according to the arrow direction.
2. Insert new batteries making sure that the (+) and (-) of battery are matched correctly.
3. Reattach the cover by sliding it back into position.



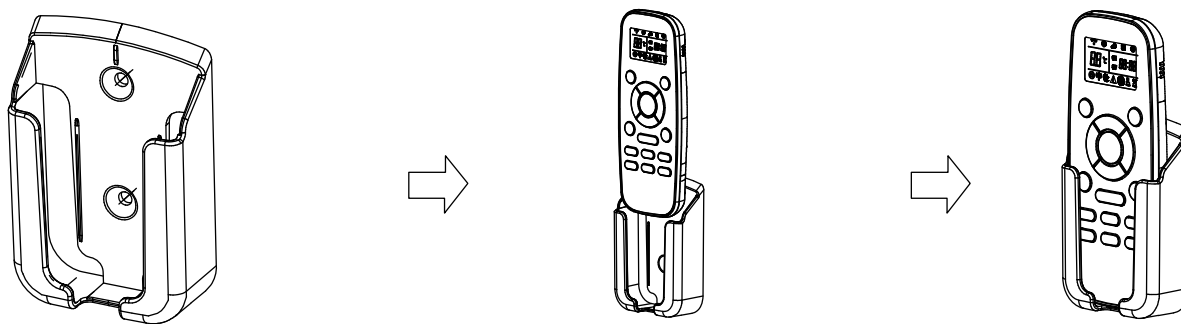
Note:

- Use 2 LR03 AAA(1.5volt) batteries. Do not use rechargeable batteries. Replace batteries with new ones of the same type when the display becomes dim.

◆ Storage and Tips for Using the Remote Controller

The remote controller may be stored mounted on a wall with a holder.

Note: The remote controller holder is an optional part.



◆ How to Use

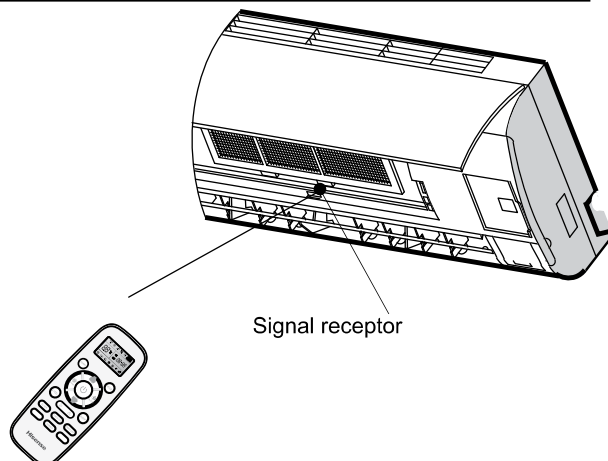
To operate system, point remote directly at unit (audible beep should sound when buttons are pressed). The remote can operate system up to 23ft away without interference.

⚠ CAUTIONS

For appropriate signal transmission between remote controller and indoor unit, keep the signal receiver away from the following items:

- Direct sunlight or other strong lights or heat
- Flat panel television screen or other electrical appliances that react to the remote controller

Additionally, the air conditioner will not operate if curtains, doors or other materials block the signals from the remote controller to the indoor unit. If the signal may not be transmitted properly, either move these materials or consult your local dealer.



OPERATION

Remote Control

Operation modes

◆ Selecting mode

Press  button

Result : The operation modes changed in sequence:

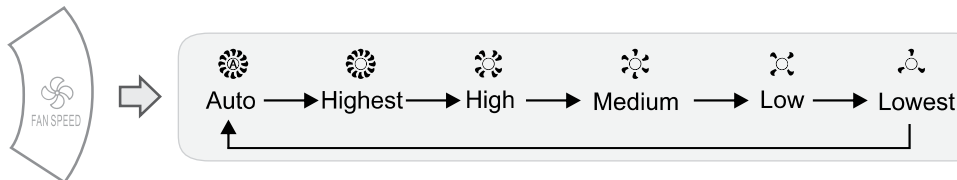


☑ **Heating mode is NOT available for cooling only air conditioner.**

◆ FAN mode

Press  button

Result : The fan speed is changed in sequence:



☑ **At "FAN ONLY" mode, the "AUTO" is not available.**
At "DRY" mode, Fan speed is set at "AUTO" automatically, "FAN" button is ineffective in this case.

◆ Setting temperature

Press  button once

Result : Raise temperature setting by 1°F

Press  button once

Result : Lower temperature setting by 1°F



| Range of available set temperature | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| *HEATING, COOLING | 61°F~86°F |
| DRY | 19°F~45°F |
| FAN ONLY | unable to set |

*Note: Heating mode is NOT available for cooling only models.

*Note: At "Dry" mode, a decrease or rise of up to 45°F can be set with Remote controller if you still feel uncomfortable.

◆ Turning on

Press  button.

Result : The RUN indicator of the indoor unit lights up.

SWING, SMART, TIMER ON, TIMER OFF, CLOCK, 46°HEAT,SLEEP and SURGE operation modes will be specified in the following pages.

- ☑
- Changing modes during operation, sometimes the unit does not response at once. Wait 3 minutes.
 - During heating operation, air flow is not discharged at the beginning. After 2—5 minutes, the air flow will be discharged until temperature of indoor heat exchanger rises.
 - Wait 3 minutes before restarting the appliance.

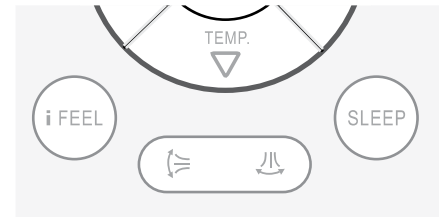
OPERATION

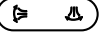
Remote Control

Airflow direction control

Vertical airflow(Horizontal airflow) Blade angle will adjust based on remote setting.

| Operation mode | Direction of airflow |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| COOLING, DRY | horizontal |
| *HEATING, FAN ONLY | downward |




The direction of airflow can be also adjusted by pressing the "  " button of the remote controller.

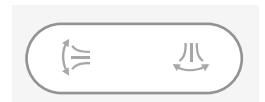
**Heating mode is only available for heat pump models.*


◆ Vertical airflow control (with the remote controller)

Use remote to adjust blade/louver angles.

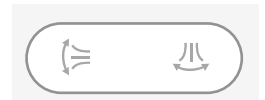
Press "  " button once.

Result : The vertical adjustment louver will swing up and down automatically.




Press "  " button again .

Result : The louvers swing to a suitable angle as desired.

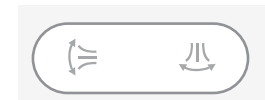



◆ Horizontal airflow control (with the remote controller)

Use remote to adjust blade/louver angles.

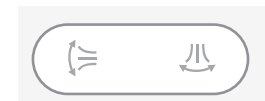
Press "  " button once.

Result : The horizontal adjustment louver will swing left and right automatically.



Press "  " button again .

Result : The louvers swing to a suitable angle as desired.



OPERATION

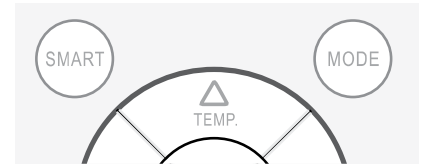
Remote Control

SMART mode(Multizone system not capable of auto change over function)

◆ How to set SMART mode?

Press the  button.

Result : Enters **SMART** mode(auto change over operation) regardless of the units ON/OFF status.
Temperature and fan speed are automatically set based on actual room temperature.





Heat pump models

| Indoor temperature | Operation mode | Target temperature |
|--------------------|----------------|---|
| 70°F or below | HEATING | 72°F |
| 70°F-73°F | FAN ONLY | |
| 73°F-79°F | DRY | Room temperature decrease 2°F after operate for 3 minutes |
| Over 79°F | COOLING | 79°F |

- ✔ **SMART mode will not work when system is set to SURGE Mode.**
- ✔ **Pressing MODE will cancel SMART mode. Pressing MODE will cancel SMART mode.**
Note: Temperature, airflow and direction are controlled automatically in SMART mode. However, you can choose an offset of -7 to 7 if SMART mode preset is not comfortable.

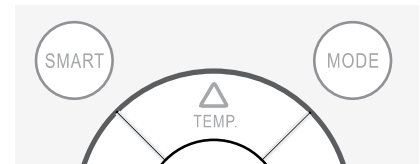
◆ What you can do in SMART mode?

| Issue | Button | Adjust |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Not enough air flow in SMART mode. |  | Indoor fan speed alternates among Highest, High, Medium, low and Lowest each time when this button is pressed. |
| Airflow is not directed properly. |  | Pressing SWING button once will change blade/louver position, pressing SWING again will stop swing function. |

◆ How to cancel the SMART mode?

Press the  button.

Result : The SMART mode will be cancelled.



OPERATION

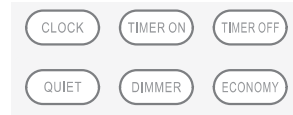
Remote Control

CLOCK button

◆ How to adjust the real time?

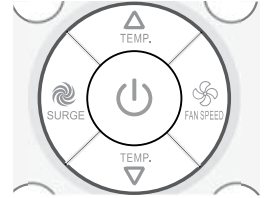
1. Press  button.

Result : The time flashes on the LCD.



2. Press  and  buttons.

Result : Once to increase or decrease the time setting by 1 minute.
One and a half seconds to increase or decrease the time setting by 10 minute.
For a longer time to increase or decrease the time by 1 hour.







3. Press  button again.

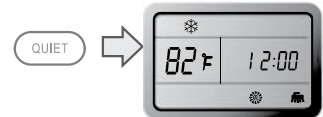
Result : The real time is set.



CLEAN mode

When the unit is in standby, and the mode of remote controller is in Cooling or Dry , press  button for 5 seconds once to start Clean mode , then the indicator “” will display on LCD.


- ✓ **Clean mode is ineffective in SUPER mode.**
- ✓ **Press ON/OFF or SMART or MODE button can exit the Clean mode, then the indicator “” will disappear.**
- ✓ **After the clean process finish, the air conditioner will return to Cooling or Dry as preset, while the indicator“” on remote controller will display for about 30 mins.**




OPERATION

Remote Control

◆ Power control mode

When in Cooling mode, press  button for about 5 seconds once to start Power control mode (at low fan speed), press this button for about 5 seconds once again to stop it.

When the appliance in the Power control mode, press  button once by once

Result : The operation modes changed in sequence:



- ✔ **Power control mode is ineffective in SURGE or ECONOMY mode.**
- ✔ **Except for the button of Swing, Dimmer, I feel, Clock, Time on, Time off, Fan, press the other buttons can exit the Powercontrol mode, and the indicator “ % ” will disappear.**
- ✔ **When start the Power control mode, the fan will automatically enter low wind speed, but you can change the wind speed by press the Fan button.**

SURGE mode

SURGE mode is used to start or stop fast cooling or heating.

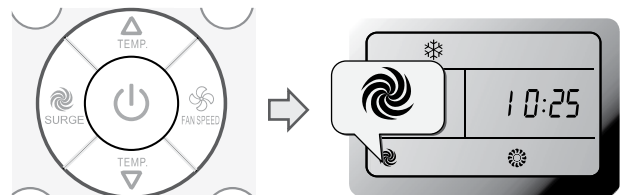
SURGE mode can be set when the appliance is in operation or in standby.

In SURGE mode, you can set airflow direction or timer.

◆ How to set SURGE mode?

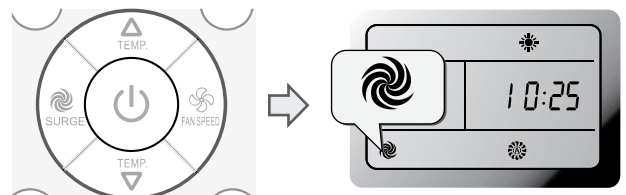
Press  button in cool mode.

Result : At higher fan speed ,the set temperature automatically to 61°F



Press  button in heat mode.

Result : At auto fan speed ,the set temperature automatically to 86°F



◆ How to cancel SURGE mode?

Press SURGE , MODE, FAN, ON/OFF,SLEEP or TEMPERATURE SETTING button.

Result : Display will return to previous mode
Exit from SURGE mode.



Note:

SMART button is not available in SURGE mode.

Surge mode will operate for 15 minutes unless user cancels the function.

OPERATION



Remote Control

46°HEAT mode

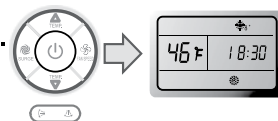
46°HEAT mode is used to set 46° heating mode.

In 46°HEAT mode, the fan speed is set at "AUTO" automatically.

◆ How to set 46°HEAT mode?

Press  and  buttons together for about 2 seconds at the heating mode.

Result : The 46° heat mode will be started.



◆ How to cancel 46°HEAT mode?

Press any button except for ,  and .

Result : The display  will disappear and the 46°HEAT mode will be cancelled.

Note:

In 46°HEAT mode, the default temperature is set 46°F.

46°HEAT mode can be set only when the air conditioner works in the heating mode.

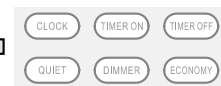
TIMER mode

It is convenient to set the timer on with **TIMER ON** buttons when you go out in the morning to achieve a comfortable room temperature at the time you get home. You can also set timer off at night to enjoy a good sleep.

◆ How to set TIMER ON?

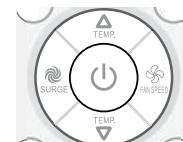
1. Press  button.

Result : "ON 12:00" flashes on the LCD.



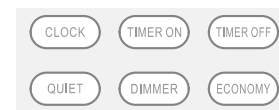
2. Press the  or  button.

Result : Once to increase or decrease the time setting by 1 minute.
One and a half seconds to increase or decrease the time setting by 10 minute.
For a longer time to increase or decrease the time by 1 hour.



3. When your desired time displayed on LCD, press the TIMER ON button and confirm it.

Result : A "beep" can be heard.
"ON" stops flashing.
The TIMER indicator on the indoor unit lights up. (invalid for some models)

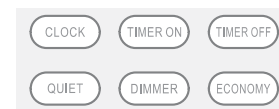


4. Timer will be displayed on the remote for 5 seconds and set time will reappear

◆ How to cancel TIMER ON?

Press the  button again.

Result : A "beep" can be heard and the indicator disappears, the time on mode has been canceled.

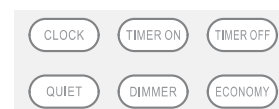


Note: It is similar to set **TIMER OFF**, you can make the appliance switch off automatically at your desired time.

QUIET mode

In this mode, the air conditioner unit work with low noise performance.

Note: Press **MODE.FAN.SMART. SURGE** button cancel **QUIET** mode.



OPERATION

Remote Control

ECONOMY mode

In this mode, the air conditioner will bring you energy saving performance by lower running current.

Note:

ECONOMY button is ineffective in SMART, SURGE and Power control mode.

Press ON/OFF , MODE ,TEMP Δ ,TEMP Δ , FAN , SLEEP , QUIET or ECONOMY button cancel

ECONOMY mode.

Press and hold “ QUIET ” button and “ ECONOMY ” button together for 3 seconds will alternate the mode between the cooling only and the cooling and heating.

IFEEL mode

The built temperature sensor will sense the surrounding temperature, and transmit this back to the unit. This temperature will be your set point until you make another adjustment to the set point.

◆ How to set IFEEL mode ?

Press the  button.

Result : The transmit signal in the display will appear, and the IFEEL function will be started.



Note:

Place remote in a location where the signal will be well received by unit.

IFEEL should be used to adjust room temperature for momentary comfort.

To get the best efficiency from your system allow the unit to operate at a set point.

This will allow the system to fluctuate with the changing room loads.

◆ How to cancel IFEEL mode?

Press the  button once again.

Result : The transmit signal in the display will disappear, and the IFEEL function will be shut off.




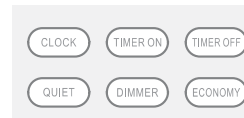
Note:

If IFEEL function fails to cancel, try holding button for 5 seconds.

Dimmer button

◆ How to set the DIMMER ?

Press the  button to turn off the light and the display in the unit.



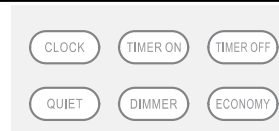
Note:

If light is set to off a request from the remote to change a function will turn it on again. User will need to turn it off if that is the desired condition.

LOCK mode



◆ How to set LOCK ?

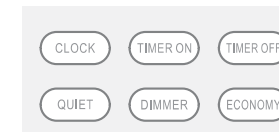
Press  and  buttons together for 2 seconds to start LOCK mode. The lock indicator appears on the display



Press together
for 2 seconds

◆ How to cancel LOCK ?

Press  and  buttons together for 2 seconds to stop LOCK mode. The lock indicator disappears .



Press together
for 2 seconds

OPERATION

Remote Control

SLEEP mode

SLEEP mode can be set in **COOLING** ,**HEATING** or **DRYING** mode.

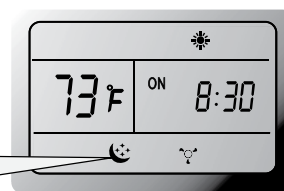
This function gives you a more comfortable environment for sleep.

- The appliance will stop operation automatically after operating for 8 hours.
- Fan speed is automatically set at low speed.

◆ How to set SLEEP mode ?

Each time  button is pressed.

Result : The operation mode is changed in sequence:



SLEEP mode 1:

- Set temperature will rise by 2°F at most if the appliance operates in cooling mode for 2 hours constantly, then keeps steady.
- Set temperature will decrease by 2°F at most if the appliance operates in heating mode for 2 hours constantly, then keeps steady.

SLEEP mode 2:

- Set temperature will rise by 2°F if the appliance operates in cooling mode for 2 hours constantly, decrease by 1°F after 6 hours, then decrease by 1°F after 7 hours.
- Set temperature will decrease by 2°F if the appliance operates in heating mode for 2 hours constantly, rise by 1°F after 6 hours, then rise by 1°F after 7 hours.

SLEEP mode 3:

- Set temperature will rise by 1°F if the appliance operates in cooling mode for 1 hour , rise by 2°F after 2 hours, then decrease by 2°F after 6 hours, decrease by 1°F after 7 hours.
- Set temperature will decrease by 2°F if the appliance operates in heating mode for 1 hour , decrease by 2°F after 2 hours, then rise by 2°F after 6 hours, rise by 2°F after 7 hours.

SLEEP mode 4:

- Set point will remain steady.

Note: Press SURGE ,SMART, MODE or FAN button cancel SLEEP mode.

Note: By pressing "Sleeping mode" four times, or selecting other modes like SURGE, SMART, OR FAN, you could cancel the sleeping function of those units without four sleeping curves.

Note: Heating is NOT available for cooling only air conditioner.

OPERATION

Unit Function

1. Major general technical parameters

- Remote receiver distance (front of the air conditioner): 25 feet.
- Remote receiver angle: Less than 60 degrees.
- Temperature control accuracy: $\pm 2.4^{\circ}\text{F}$.
- Time error: Less than 1%.

2. Functions of the controller

- Display panel
 - Control functions of the remote controller
 - Display of the indoor unit
 - Information on the screen:

Displaying Scheme:

7-segment tube Display set temperature or indoor temperature , and diagnostic codes. A diagnostic code is displayed according to the signal from the indoor CPU. The error code will flash for 5 seconds while displayed.

Running LED It is on during operation. It is flashing when the unit defrost.

TIMER LED When the timer mode is on, the LED will be lit.

Sleep LED When the sleep mode is on, the LED will be lit, and after 10 seconds, the LED will be off.

Compressor LED lights up when compressor is running.

Remote control receiver This section receives signals from the remote control.

3. Control function

Auto Start switch

If the appliance under the Stand-by state, all the Operation Mode, Air volume, Temperature Setting , Forced Cooling function will be restored to the last setting when you press on the "ON/OFF" button, but will lose the Air flow direction setting.

When the appliance is connected to the power for the first time, it will operate in the auto mode, It will stay in stand-by state if you press the "ON/OFF" button during the normal operation.

When the appliance is in the Stand-by state, press and hold the auto start switch for 5 seconds, the buzzer rings once, it will operate in cooling mode, and the indoor fan speed is set to high-speed. Room temperature will not affect indoor fan speed in standby mode.

When the emergency switch is pressed or receives the signal of the remote control, it will exit this mode, and it will operate with the corresponding order.

• **Operator-machine communication**

If the unit has I feel function, when the I feel function is set by the remote control, the room temperature will depend on the remote control and it will be detected by the sensor of the remote control. Normally the remote control will automatically transmits a signal at an interval of 10 minutes only for H1 remote control, it is 9 minutes, but if the room temperature changed exceed 2.4°F in a short period of time, the remote control will transmits a signal within 2 minutes. If the indoor unit has not received a remote signal within 30 minutes, the room temperature will depend on the room temperature sensor of indoor unit.

• Timer function

Real time of Timer setting

(1) The max Timer ranges is 24 hours.

(2) Timer ON/OFF

(3) Timer ON/OFF can be set available in turn.

(4) The Timer accurate by more than 97%

(5) The Timer can be adjusted by 1 min increments.

(6) The appliance can set the ON-Timer and OFF-Timer at the same time, but no timer setting indicated.

• Sleep

(1) The Sleep mode can only be set during Cool, Heat and Dry mode.

(2) When the appliance runs in Sleep mode, it will stop after 8 hours operation, then it will cancel the Sleep setting. When the appliance operates under the OFF-Timer setting condition, if the OFF-Timer setting less than 8 hours, it will keep the Sleep mode until the OFF-Timer setting; if the OFF-Timer setting is more than 8 hours, it will cancel the OFF-Timer setting after the Sleep mode is OFF.

(3) When the Sleep mode is selected in cooling mode, if the room temperature not less than 79°F , the set temperature will not be adjusted, otherwise, the setting temperature will be raised by 1°F per hour, but the max setting temperature raise is 1°F .

(4) When the Sleep mode is select with Heat mode, the setting temperature will be decreased by 1°F per hour during the successive 3 hour, but the max setting temperature decrease is 3°F .

(5) When the appliance operates in Sleep mode, the indoor fan runs in the LOW setting, and the air flow direction is same as the last setting and the temperature and air flow direction can be adjusted by user. The Running indicator will be flashed 10 times per 1 Hz frequency, then all the indicators turn OFF except the Sleep light after 5 min elapse. Those indicators will recover when the temperature or Time setting is adjusted, after the setting, the indicators will be lit for 10 sec, then turn OFF.

• Automatic run (SMART) mode

When the appliance operates in smart, the air flow direction can be adjusted.

(1) When the set temperature is 79°F , the appliance will run in cool mode if the room temperature exceeds 79°F .

(2) When the room temperature exceeds 73°F , but below 79°F , it will run in the Dry mode(It will turn on automatic setting after 3 min LOW air volume running.).

(3) When the room temperature exceeds 70°F , but below 73°F , it will operate in the Fan only mode, the air volume is set by LOW and the fan speed can be adjusted

(4) When the room temperature is not more than 70°F , it will operate in Heat mode, and the temperature is set to 72°F .

OPERATION

Unit Function

• Cooling-run mode

Outdoor Fan

The outdoor fan's speeds except the single speed motor can be changed according to outdoor ambient temperatures.

When operating at a fixed frequency, the outdoor fan is forced to operate at the high speed.

Indoor fan

(1) When the indoor fan is running, this operation state could be controlled by the remote control with High, Medium, Low and Automatic setting.

(2) When the appliance is set to the automatic condition in the Cool mode for the first time, the fan speed will run at Low setting. After that, temperature and fan speed will run as shown in figure 303.

When the difference between the setting temperature and the room temperature is between 3.6°F and 7.2°F, the indoor fan speed will keep the current speed.

Air flow direction control

The louver is controlled by a step motor, and it swings the horizontal louver automatically. Press the SWING button to swing or stop the louver.

During the louver swing in normal operation, the current position will be stored. When the appliance turns off and louver swing automatically to the default position, it will position at the close position plus 5°.

Reversing valve

State: Power is removed for cooling

Switchover: When initially powered on for cooling, the reversing valve is interrupted immediately.

When the heating is changed to the cooling, it needs an interval of 50 seconds for the reversing valve to change over from being activated to being interrupted.

• Heating-run mode

Temperature compensation

The temperature compensation is 5° in heating mode. For example, if the set temperature is 77°F by the remote control, when the room temperature is detected with 88°F, the compressor will turn off. The main reason is that the hot air is condensed at the top of the building.

Note: The compensation is available only if the room temperature sensor of indoor unit is used and it is not available when it is subject to the sensor on the remote control.

Indoor fan motor operation

Anti-cold air system:

When the appliance runs in Heat mode condition, the indoor fan motor operation is shown as following to prevent cold air from blowing out of the unit. Refer to figure 304.

When the anti-cold air system is activated by the system logic during compressor operation, the louver swings to the cold air protection position. The louver recovers to the original position after the air volume change to LOW. When the room temperature reaches the setting temperature, the compressor will turn off, and the air flow changes to LOW, the louver swings to the cold air protective position to prevent the air drop into human body directly. When the indoor pipe coil temperature drops continuously, it will turn on the cold air protective system in Extra-LOW or stop the fan motor.

The indoor fan motor is only controlled by the signal of indoor pipe coil temperature, regardless of compressor run status (ON/OFF), even during first heat mode sequence.

The indoor fan motor will operate according to the different settings (High, Median, Low and Automatic) by the remote control, but the anti-cold air system has priority.

When the unit runs in the heat mode with the automatic setting at first time, the fan speed will be in the LOW setting. Refer to Figure 304.

When the difference between the setting temperature and the room temperature between 3.6°F and 7.2°F, the indoor fan speed will keep in current speed. Refer to figure 305.

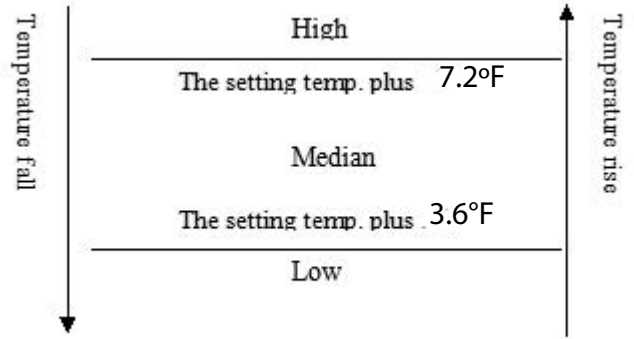


Figure 303

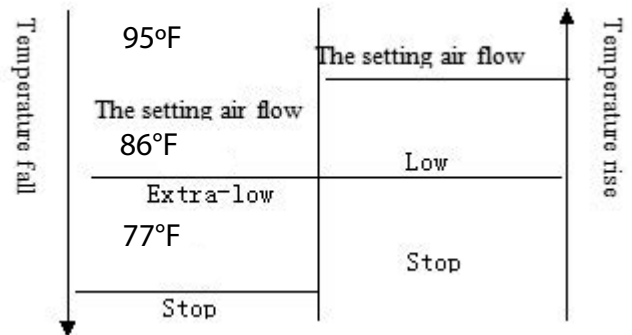


Figure 304

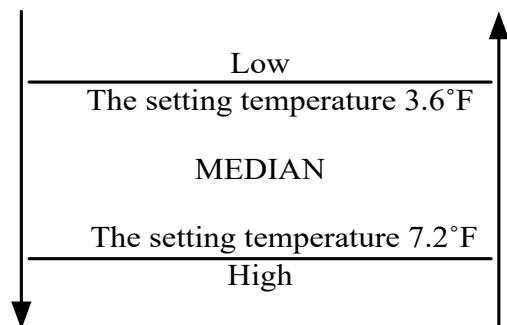


Figure 305

OPERATION

Unit Function

Air flow direction control

The horizontal louver is controlled by a step motor, press the SWING button to swing or stop the louver.

During the louver run in normal operation, the current position will be stored. When the appliance turns off and louver swings automatically to the default position, it will position at the default position plus 5°.

Outdoor fan

The outdoor fan speeds can be changed according to outdoor ambient temperatures.

Reversing Valve

State: It is energized in heating.

Switchover: When initially powered on for heating, the reversing valve is activated immediately.

In the change from cooling to heating, it needs an interval of 50 seconds for the reversing valve to change over from being interrupted to being activated.

The super function (option)

In cooling mode, when you press the SUPER button by remote control, the unit will operate for 15 minutes with the following setting:

The set temperature is 61°F;

The fan speed with highest speed;

The compressor runs with high frequency.

Dehumidifying mode

The dehumidifying mode is illustrated as follows:

Dehumidifying area I: Operation at the frequency in the range (30–60Hz) according to Dt

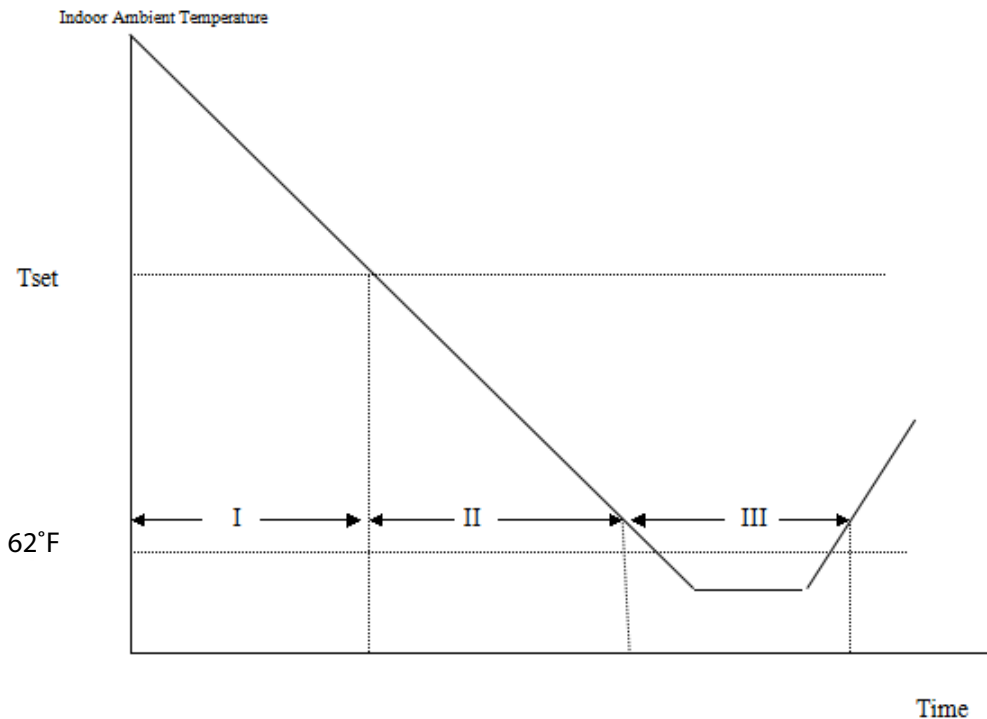


Figure 306

(T indoor ambient- T_{set}).

Dehumidifying area II: The compressor stops for 5 minutes and then operates for 5 minutes at the lowest frequency.

Dehumidifying area III: The compressor stops.

Fan Only Mode Operation

During the appliance run in this mode, the compressor and outdoor fan stop, the indoor fan operate under the pre-setting of air volume, and the louver swing, and the indoor fan speed same as the Heating Mode.

| Dt(°F) | f(Hz) |
|--------|-------|
| 32 | 30 |
| 33 | 30 |
| 34 | 40 |
| 35 | 50 |
| 36 | 60 |

Figure 307

OPERATION

Special Function Instruction

1. Major general technical parameters

1.1 Remote receiver distance (front of the air conditioner) : 25 ft.

1.2 Remote receiver angle: Less than 60 degrees.

1.3 Temperature control accuracy: $\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ (1°F).

1.4 Time error: Less than 1%.

2. Functions of the controller

2.1 Display panel

I. Control functions of the remote controller (See operating and installation manual)

II. Display of the indoor unit

Information on the screen:

Displaying Scheme:

7-segment tube: Display set temperature or indoor temperature, and display fault code in trouble indicating. An error code is displayed according to the signal from the indoor CPU. The error code will flash for 5 seconds while displayed.

Running LED: It is on during operation. It is flashing when the unit is in defrost.

TIMER LED: When the timer mode works, the LED will be lighted.

Sleep LED: When the sleep mode works, the LED will be lighted, and after 10s, the LED will be off.

Compressor LED: It lights up when compressor is running.

Remote control receiver: This section receives signals from the remote control.

1. Control function

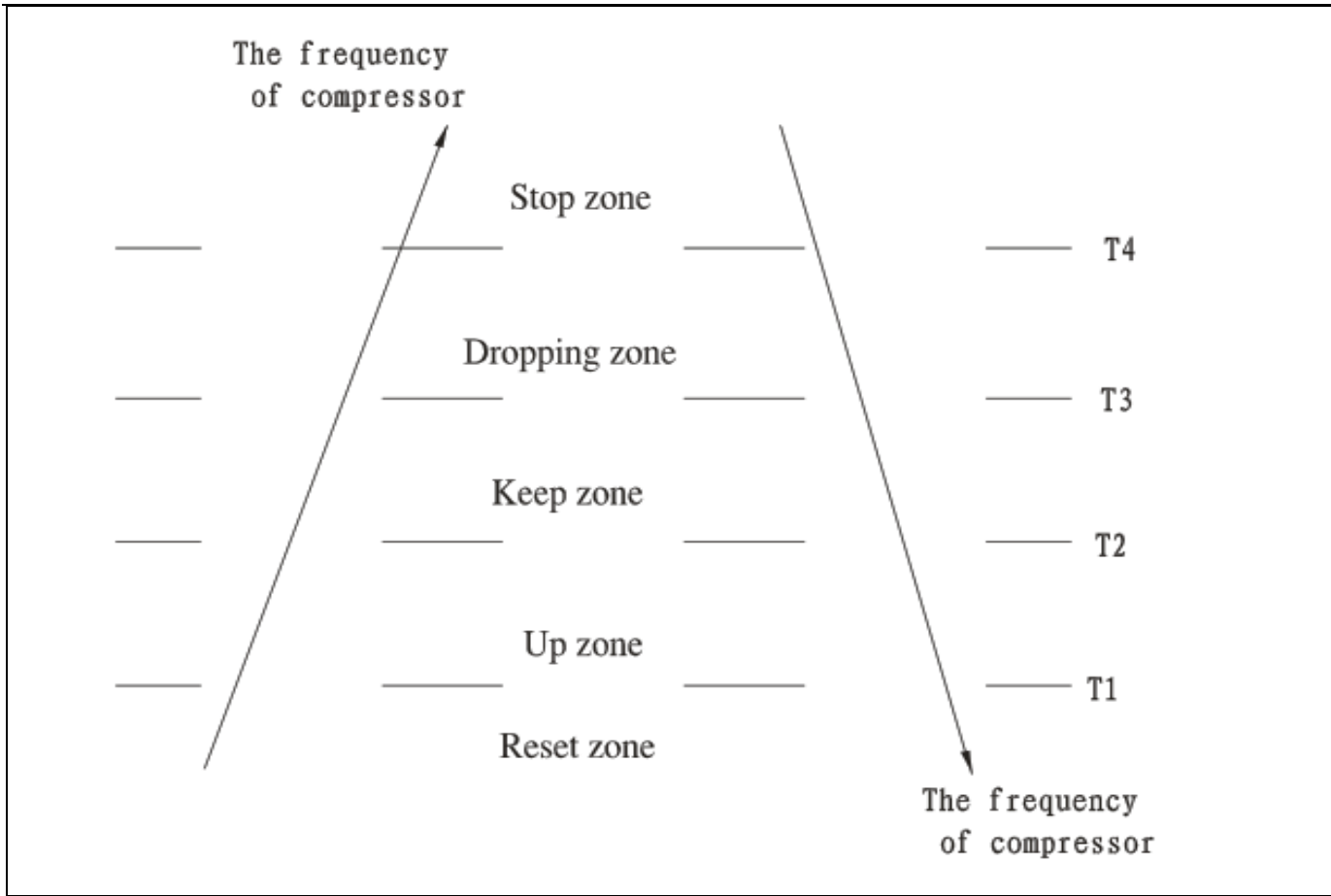
3.1 Discharge pipe temperature control

By monitoring the compressor's exhaust temperature, the current operating status of the machine is determined, and the exhaust protection controls the frequency increase, decrease, and shutdown of the compressor to achieve the purpose of protecting the machine.

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| the discharge temperature T | Operation |
| $T < T_1$ | Compressor restart |
| $T_1 < T < T_2$ | Compressor frequency increasing operation |
| $T_2 < T < T_3$ | Compressor keeps operating at the current frequency |
| $T_3 < T < T_4$ | Compressor frequency decreasing operation |
| $T_4 < T$ | Compressor shutdown due to exceeding exhaust protection value, outdoor fan keeps operating at the current state |

OPERATION

Special Function Instruction



3.2 Heating Anti-Cold Air Protection

When the heating mode is turned on, to avoid discomfort caused by cold air blowing out immediately after startup, a cold air prevention function is set. The operation of the cold air prevention function during the startup of the heating mode is as follows;

T1=86°F (30°C)

T2=95°F (35°C)

| Detect the indoor coil temperature | Operation |
|------------------------------------|--|
| coil temperature < T1 | The indoor fan swing is set to the cold air prevention angle, and the indoor fan does not start. |
| T1 ≤ coil temperature < T2 | The indoor fan swing remains at the cold air prevention angle, and the indoor fan rotates at a gentle speed. |
| coil temperature ≥ T2 | The indoor fan swing moves to the maximum angle, and the indoor fan rotates at the set speed. |

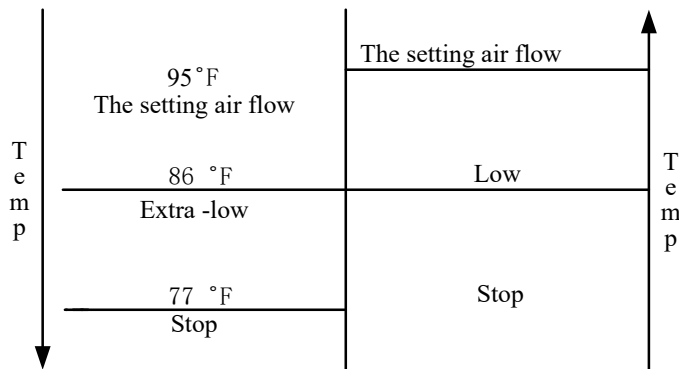
OPERATION

Special Function Instruction

3.3 Control of Indoor Motor Speed During Heating Process

During the heating process, the indoor fan speed operates based on the coil temperature according to the following mode. When the unit is turned off, the indoor fan stops simultaneously with the low coil temperature, while if the temperature is high, it continues to run for approximately half a minute to dissipate residual heat

| | Indoor coil temperature T | Indoor motor speed | Indoor fan swing position: |
|---|---|--|--|
| During the heating operation, the indoor motor speed changes with the coil speed. | $T \geq 86^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Operate according to the speed set on the remote control | Maximum angle or angle set by the remote control |
| | $77^{\circ}\text{F} < T < 86^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Operate at the slightest breeze speed | Cold air prevention angle |
| | $T < 77^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Motor stops running | Cold air prevention angle |
| During the heating process, after the indoor motor stops operating, the indoor fan speed changes with the coil temperature. | $T < 86^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Motor remains stopped | Cold air prevention angle |
| | $86^{\circ}\text{F} < T < 95^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Motor operates at a gentle breeze speed | Cold air prevention angle |
| | $T \geq 95^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Motor operates at the set speed | Maximum angle or angle set by the remote control |



During the heating operation in automatic mode, the indoor fan speed operates in the following ways:

| Indoor environmental temperature difference with set temperature T | Indoor fan speed |
|--|----------------------------|
| $T < 3.6^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Low fan speed |
| $T = 3.6^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Maintain current fan speed |
| $3.6^{\circ}\text{F} < T < 7.2^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Medium fan speed |
| $T = 7.2^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Maintain current fan speed |
| $T > 7.2^{\circ}\text{F}$ | High fan speed |

OPERATION

Special Function Instruction

3.4 Control Method of Indoor Motor During Cooling

During cooling, the indoor fan speed can be controlled using the remote control. When in the automatic fan speed mode, it operates in the following way; upon shutdown, the indoor fan will continue to operate for half a minute to blow off water from the evaporator, serving the purpose of mold prevention and cleaning.

When the cooling mode is turned on in automatic mode, the fan speed defaults to low. Then, every 5 minutes or so, the current temperature is detected and it operates in the following manner:

| Indoor environmental temperature difference with set temperature T | Indoor fan speed |
|--|----------------------------|
| $T < 3.6^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Low fan speed |
| $T = 3.6^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Maintain current fan speed |
| $3.6^{\circ}\text{F} < T < 7.2^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Medium fan speed |
| $T = 7.2^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Maintain current fan speed |
| $T > 7.2^{\circ}\text{F}$ | High fan speed |

3.5 Control Method of Indoor Motor in Dehumidification Mode

In dehumidification mode, the indoor fan speed is not adjustable, but the indoor airflow direction is adjustable.

Upon shutdown, the indoor fan will continue to operate for half a minute to blow off water from the evaporator, serving the purpose of mold prevention and cleaning.

4. Control of Outdoor Motor Speed During Heating Process

During heating, the outdoor motor speed operates as follows:

When the outdoor motor is a single-speed motor, it defaults to high speed. If the outdoor motor has three speeds (high, medium, and low), it is controlled according to the following rules.

Where T1 is the temperature threshold between the outdoor low and medium temperature zones, and T2 is the temperature threshold between the outdoor medium and high temperature zones.

| Outdoor ambient temperature T | Outdoor Fan Speed |
|---|--|
| $T < T1 + 1.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ | High speed |
| $T = T1 + 1.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Transition from high speed to medium speed |
| $T = T1 - 1.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Transition from medium speed to high speed |
| $T1 + 1.8^{\circ}\text{F} < T < T2 + 1.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Medium speed |
| $T = T2 + 1.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Transition from medium speed to low speed |
| $T = T2 - 1.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Transition from low speed to medium speed |

OPERATION

Special Function Instruction

4.1 Control of Outdoor Motor Speed During Cooling

During cooling, the outdoor motor speed operates as follows:

When the outdoor motor is a single-speed motor, it defaults to high speed. If the outdoor motor has three speeds (high, medium, and low), it is controlled according to the following rules;

Where T1 is the temperature threshold between the outdoor low and medium temperature zones, and T2 is the temperature threshold between the outdoor medium and high temperature zones.

| Outdoor ambient temperature T | Outdoor Fan Speed |
|---|--|
| $T < T1 + 1.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Low speed |
| $T = T1 + 1.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Transition from low speed to medium speed |
| $T = T1 - 1.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Transition from medium speed to low speed |
| $T1 + 1.8^{\circ}\text{F} < T < T2 + 1.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Medium speed |
| $T = T2 + 1.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Transition from medium speed to high speed |
| $T = T2 - 1.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Transition from high speed to medium speed |

5. Anti-Freeze Protection

To prevent the indoor evaporator from frosting due to excessively low refrigerant temperature within the system, an indoor anti-freeze protection mechanism is implemented during the operation of the air conditioning unit. The key temperature thresholds are defined as follows:

T: Indoor coil temperature

T1: Anti-freeze deactivation temperature

T2: Anti-freeze frequency-up prohibition temperature

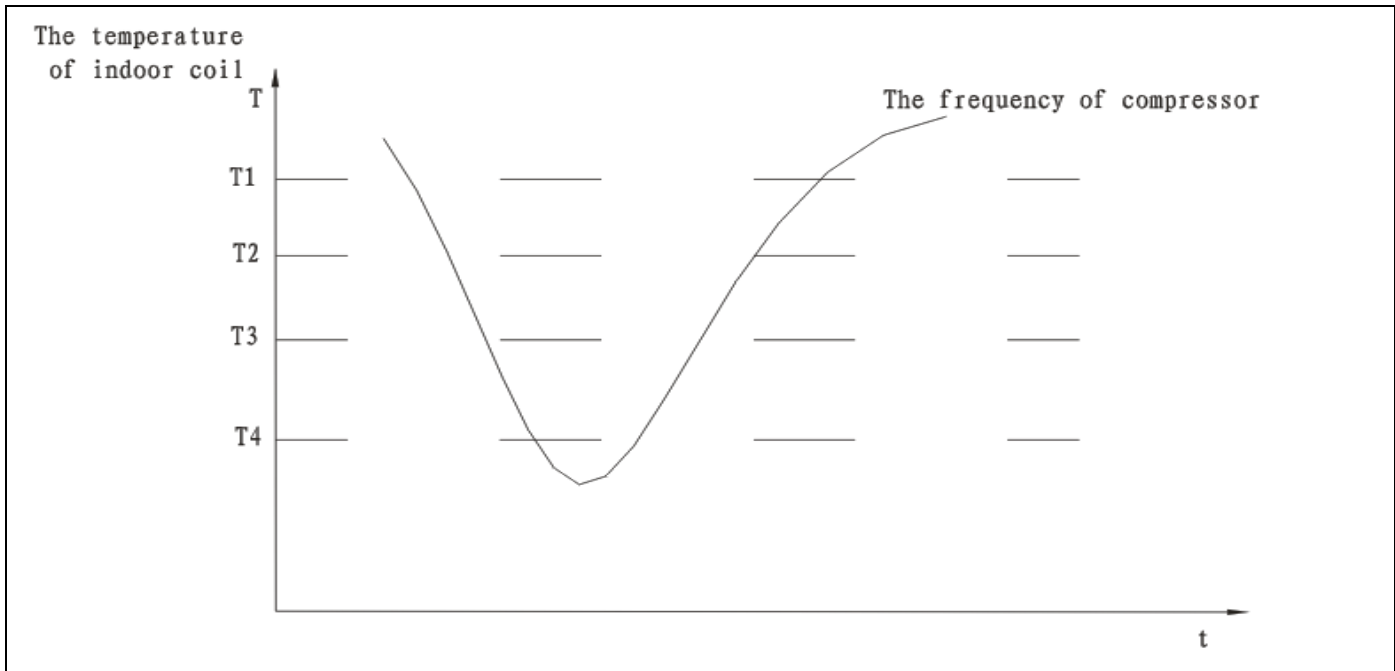
T3: Anti-freeze frequency-down temperature

T4: Anti-freeze shutdown temperature

| | Indoor Coil Temperature T | Machine Operating Status |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| During the cooling operation, the indoor coil temperature has an impact on the operation of the machine. | $T \geq T1$ | The machine operates at the current frequency and control settings, maintaining the current frequency or adjusting the frequency up or down. |
| | $T3 < T \leq T2$ | The machine operates at the current frequency, with frequency increases prohibited. |
| | $T4 < T \leq T3$ | The machine begins to reduce its frequency. |
| | $T \leq T4$ | The outdoor compressor and fan of the machine stop operating, while the indoor fan continues to run. |
| | $T \geq T1$ | The outdoor compressor and fan of the machine resume operation. |

OPERATION

Special Function Instruction



6. Heating Low-temperature Protection

When the outdoor environment is extremely cold, it will trigger outdoor low-temperature protection, and its operation is as follows:

T1: Heating outdoor low-temperature protection temperature

| | Outdoor ambient temperature T | Machine operation status |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| During the heating operation, the outdoor ambient temperature has an impact on the machine's operation. | $T > T1$ | The machine operates at the current control, maintaining the current frequency or increasing/decreasing the frequency. |
| | $T \leq T1$ for one continuous minute | The compressor and fan of the outdoor stop operating, while the indoor fan continues to run. |
| | $T \geq T1 + 5.4^{\circ}\text{F}$ | The compressor and fan of the outdoor resume operation. |

7. Outdoor High-Temperature Protection for Cooling

When the outdoor environment is extremely hot, it will trigger outdoor high-temperature protection, and its operation is as follows:

T1: Outdoor high-temperature protection temperature for cooling

| | Outdoor ambient temperature T | Machine operation status |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| During the cooling operation, the outdoor ambient temperature has an impact on the machine's operation. | $T < T1$ | The machine operates at the current control, maintaining the current frequency or increasing/decreasing the frequency. |
| | $T \geq T1$ for one continuous minute | The compressor and fan of the outdoor stop operating, while the indoor fan continues to run. |
| | $T \leq T1 - 5.4^{\circ}\text{F}$ | The compressor and fan of the outdoor resume operation. |

OPERATION

Special Function Instruction

When the machine receives the 46°F heating function command from the remote control, it will operate in the following manner:

| Machine Receiving Information | Machine operation status |
|--|---|
| The remote control activates the 46°F heating function and the machine receives the command. | At this point, the machine operates according to the set temperature of 46°F, and the indoor anti-cold air function does not function at this time. |

OPERATION

Special Function Instruction

The indoor self-cleaning process is as follows:

| | Step | Machine Operation Status |
|--|--|--|
| Indoor self-cleaning operation process | The machine can enter the indoor self-cleaning mode while in standby, cooling, heating (for heat-cool models), dehumidifying, air blowing, or auto mode, provided that the indoor ambient temperature T meets the following condition: $32^{\circ}\text{F} \leq T \leq 90^{\circ}\text{F}$ | The indoor motor stops operating, and the indoor air deflector remains in the anti-cold air position until the self-cleaning process is complete. After completion, it returns to the previous state before entering the self-cleaning mode. |
| | The indoor coil temperature is $\leq -2.2^{\circ}\text{F}$ and this condition persists for 6 minutes, or the indoor temperature is $\leq 41^{\circ}\text{F}$ and this condition persists for 6 minutes or up to a maximum of 12 minutes. | The machine operates in heating mode, with the set defrosting frequency and opening degree. At this time, the indoor motor runs at a gentle fan speed. |
| | The indoor coil temperature is $\geq 104^{\circ}\text{F}$ and this condition persists for 60 seconds or up to a maximum of 7 minutes. | The machine exits this mode and returns to the state before entering the self-cleaning process. |

11. Outdoor Self-Cleaning

| | Step | Machine Operation Status |
|---|--|--|
| Outdoor self-cleaning operation process | The machine can enter the outdoor self-cleaning mode while in standby, cooling, heating (for heat-cool models), dehumidifying, air blowing, or auto mode, provided that the outdoor ambient temperature T meets the following condition: $32^{\circ}\text{F} \leq T \leq 90^{\circ}\text{F}$. | <p>The indoor air deflector remains in the anti-cold air position until the self-cleaning process is complete and then returns to the previous state.</p> <p>The indoor motor operates as follows:</p> <p>If the indoor coil temperature T is less than 90°F, it stops operating.</p> <p>If the indoor coil temperature T is between 90°F and 122°F (inclusive), it operates at a low fan speed for self-cleaning.</p> <p>If the indoor coil temperature T is greater than 122°F, it operates at a medium fan speed for self-cleaning.</p> |
| | Outdoor Frosting Phase | <p>Compressor: It operates according to the outdoor self-cleaning frequency. Currently, if the machine enters the self-cleaning mode from the cooling mode, the compressor will stop for 3 minutes before restarting, and the four-way valve will delay for approximately 1 minute to change directions.</p> <p>Outdoor Motor: It stops. Currently, if the machine enters the self-cleaning mode from the cooling mode, the outdoor motor will delay for approximately half a minute before stopping.</p> |
| | End Conditions of Frosting | When the indoor coil temperature is $\leq -2.2^{\circ}\text{F}$ and this condition persists for 7 minutes or up to a maximum of 12 minutes, |
| | Defrosting | <p>When the outdoor temperature T is $\leq 50^{\circ}\text{F}$, operate according to the defrosting conditions;</p> <p>When the outdoor temperature T is $> 50^{\circ}\text{F}$, the outdoor motor operates at a high fan speed.</p> |

OPERATION

Special Function Instruction

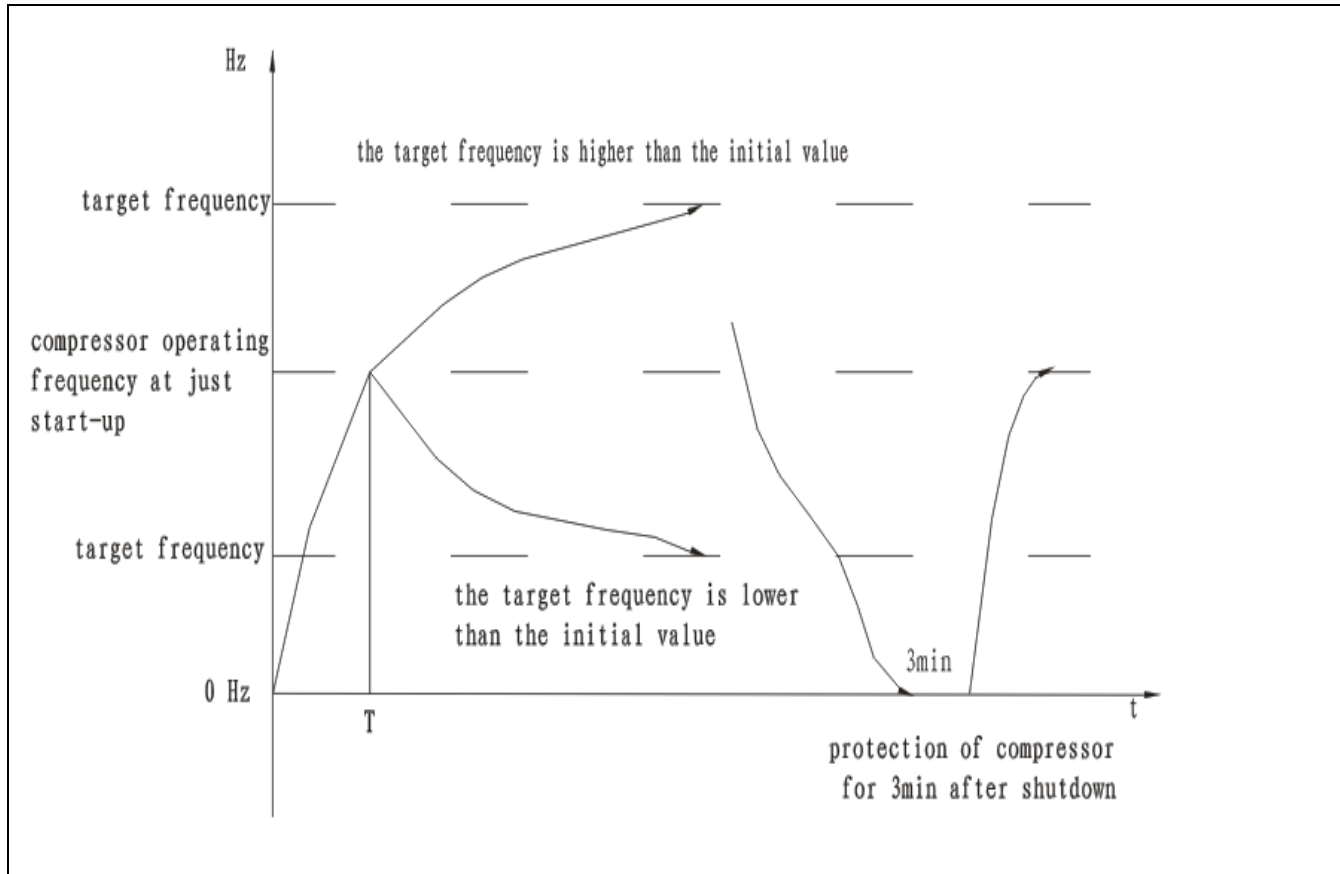
12、 Silent Mode

| | Components | Operation |
|-------------|-------------|---|
| Silent Mode | Compressor | Operate within the frequency range set for silent mode |
| | Indoor Fan | Operate at the silent mode speed setting |
| | Outdoor Fan | Operate at the silent mode speed setting. During cooling, if the outdoor temperature is high, it will operate at the current speed. |

13、 Automatic Mode Operation Control

| | Current Indoor Temperature T | Machine Operation Action |
|-----------------|--|--------------------------|
| Heat Pump Model | $T > 79^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Cooling Mode |
| | $23^{\circ}\text{F} < T \leq 79^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Dehumidification Mode |
| | $70^{\circ}\text{F} < T \leq 73^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Air Supply Mode |
| | $T \leq 79^{\circ}\text{F}$ | Heating Mode |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

14、 Control of Compressor Operating Frequency



OPERATION

Special Function Instruction

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Machine Status | Operation |
| During Startup | The compressor stabilizes at the first frequency for a short period of time T after starting. |
| After Startup Time Exceeds T | The compressor increases or decreases its frequency according to the target frequency. |
| During Operation | The compressor operates at the target frequency while being subject to exhaust protection, high-temperature protection, overcurrent protection, and other mechanisms. |
| After Shutdown and Restart | The compressor stops, and needs to wait for 3 minutes before restarting. |

15. Defrosting

The following conditions need to be met simultaneously:

T1: Outdoor ambient temperature

T2: Outdoor unit coil temperature

T3: A temperature value set during product development

T4: A temperature value set during product development

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Conditions | Parameter |
| Time Condition | The continuous heating operation time reaches the duration of t1 |
| Temperature Condition | $T1 - T2 > T3$, and this condition is maintained for a continuous duration of t2 |
| Temperature Condition | $T2 \leq T4$ and this condition is maintained for a continuous duration of t2 |

After meeting the above conditions, the defrosting process will be initiated, and the defrosting actions are as follows:

| Component | operating during defrosting start | During defrosting | At the end of defrosting | After exiting the defrosting mode |
|-------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Indoor unit | The indoor motor stops running, and the air swing is adjusted to the anti-cold-air angle. | | | Operate at the mode before defrosting. |
| Compressor | The compressor stops. | After a certain period of shutdown, the operation is performed at the defrosting frequency. | The compressor stops. | Operate at the heating frequency. |
| The fan motor of outdoor unit | The outdoor fan stops after the compressor has been off for seconds | The outdoor fan stops | The outdoor fan stops | When the compressor starts, the outdoor fan starts simultaneously |
| 4-way valve | After the compressor stops for a few seconds, the four-way valve switches from heating to cooling mode. | 4-way valve is operating in cooling mode | 4-way valve is operating in cooling mode | Before starting the compressor, the four-way valve first switches from cooling mode to heating mode. |

OPERATION

Special Function Instruction

16.Sleep Mode

Sleep mode is valid in cooling, heating (models with heating function), and dehumidification modes, and is invalid in other modes.

Sleep mode lasts for 8 hours. When the timing shutdown function is set at the same time:

If the timing duration is less than 8 hours, the sleep mode will be maintained until the shutdown;

If the timing duration is greater than 8 hours, the machine will shut down and the timing shutdown function will be canceled when the sleep mode ends.

| Sleep Mode1 | | |
|-------------|--|---|
| Cooling | After running for 1 hour, the set temperature value increases by 1 degree. | After running for 2 hours, the set temperature value increases by another 1 degree. |
| Heating | After running for 1 hour, the set temperature value decreases by 1 degree. | After running for 2 hours, the set temperature value decreases by another 1 degree. |

| Sleep Mode2 | | | | |
|-------------|--|---|--|---|
| Cooling | After running for 1 hour, the set temperature value increases by 1 degree. | After running for 2 hours, the set temperature value increases by another 1 degree. | After running for 6 hour, the set temperature value decreases by 1 degree. | After running for 7 hours, the set temperature value decreases by another 1 degree. |
| Heating | After running for 1 hour, the set temperature value decreases by 1 degree. | After running for 2 hours, the set temperature value decreases by another 1 degree. | After running for 6 hour, the set temperature value increases by 1 degree | After running for 7 hours, the set temperature value increases by another 1 degree. |

| Sleep Mode3 | | | | |
|-------------|--|---|--|---|
| Cooling | After running for 1 hour, the set temperature value increases by 1 degree. | After running for 2 hours, the set temperature value increases by another 2 degree. | After running for 6 hour, the set temperature value decreases by 2 degree. | After running for 7 hours, the set temperature value decreases by another 2 degree. |
| Heating | After running for 1 hour, the set temperature value decreases by 2 degree. | After running for 2 hours, the set temperature value decreases by another 2 degree. | After running for 6 hour, the set temperature value increases by 2 degree | After running for 7 hours, the set temperature value increases by another 2 degree. |

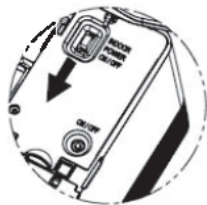
| Sleep Mode4 | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Cooling | keep the current set temperature |
| Heating | keep the current set temperature |

MAINTENANCE

Front panel and shell maintenance

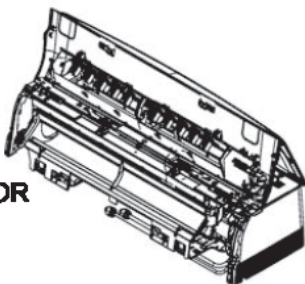
- 1 Cut off the power supply by moving the power switch in the direction of the arrow.

Note: Turn off the appliance first before cutting off the power supply.



2

Open the front panel and the front shell refer to Fig.9~Fig.12 of INDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION.



3

Wipe with a soft and dry cloth.

Use soft moisture cloth to clean if the front panel is very dirty.



4

Never use volatile substance such as gasoline or polishing powder to clean the appliance.



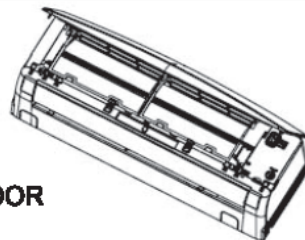
5

Never sprinkle water onto the indoor unit



6

Close the front panel and the front shell refer to Fig.22~Fig.26 of INDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION.



Air filter maintenance

It is necessary to clean the air filter after using it for about 200 hours.

Clean it as follows:

1

Stop the appliance and remove the air filter.



1. Open the front panel.
2. Press the handle of the filter gently from the front.
3. Grasp the handle and slide out the filter.

2

Clean and reinstall the air filter.

If the dirt is conspicuous, wash it with a solution of detergent in lukewarm water. After cleaning, dry well in shade.



3

Close the front panel again.

- Clean the air filter every two weeks if the air conditioner operates in an extremely dusty environment.

Fig. 501

MAINTENANCE



The following is a deep cleaning and must be completed by a professional.



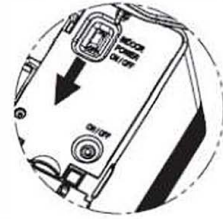
Users are strictly forbidden to operate privately, otherwise they will be at their own risk.

Front shell, air duct and fan maintenance

1

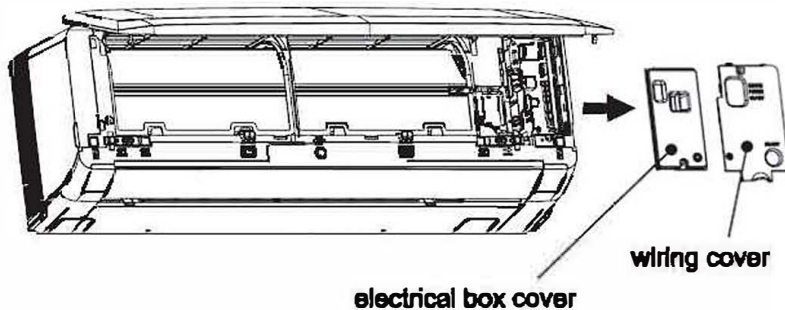
Cut off the power supply by moving the power switch in the direction of the arrow.

Note: Turn off the appliance first before cutting off the power supply.

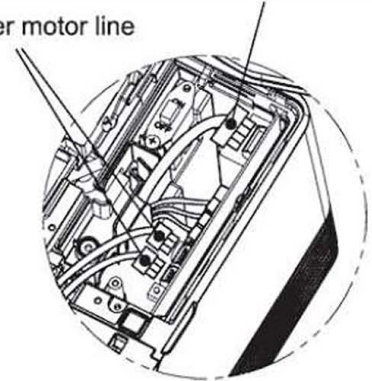


2

1. Remove the wiring cover and the electrical box cover.
2. Disconnect the fan motor line and the louver motor line.



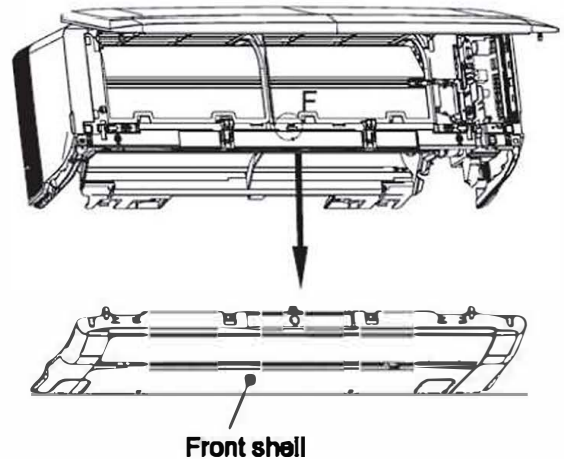
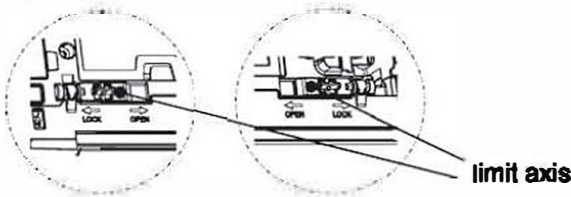
Fan motor line
Louver motor line



3

1. Open the screw covers and remove the screws refer to Fig.414 of INDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION.
2. Open the limit axes.
3. Remove the front shell for cleaning.

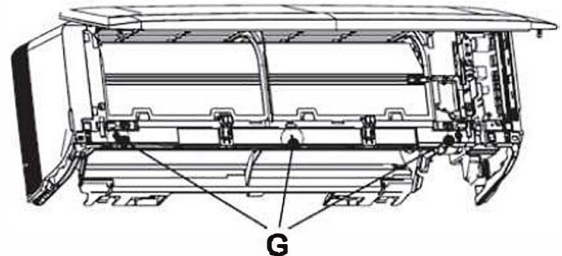
Note: Pay attention to the limit of F position, some models have two places.
Note: when you want to clean the front shell with clean water, you must first remove all the motors on the front shell.



4

Remove the screws of the air duct (G position and H position)

Note: Some models do not have H position screws.



MAINTENANCE



The following is a deep cleaning and must be completed by a professional.

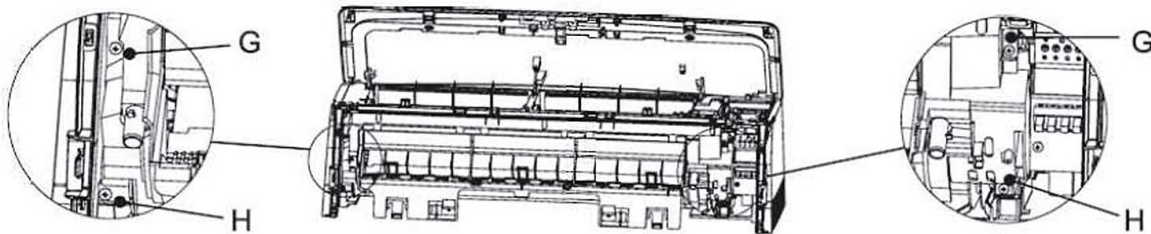


Users are strictly forbidden to operate privately, otherwise they will be at their own risk.

Front shell, air duct and fan maintenance

Remove the screws of the air duct. (G position and H position)

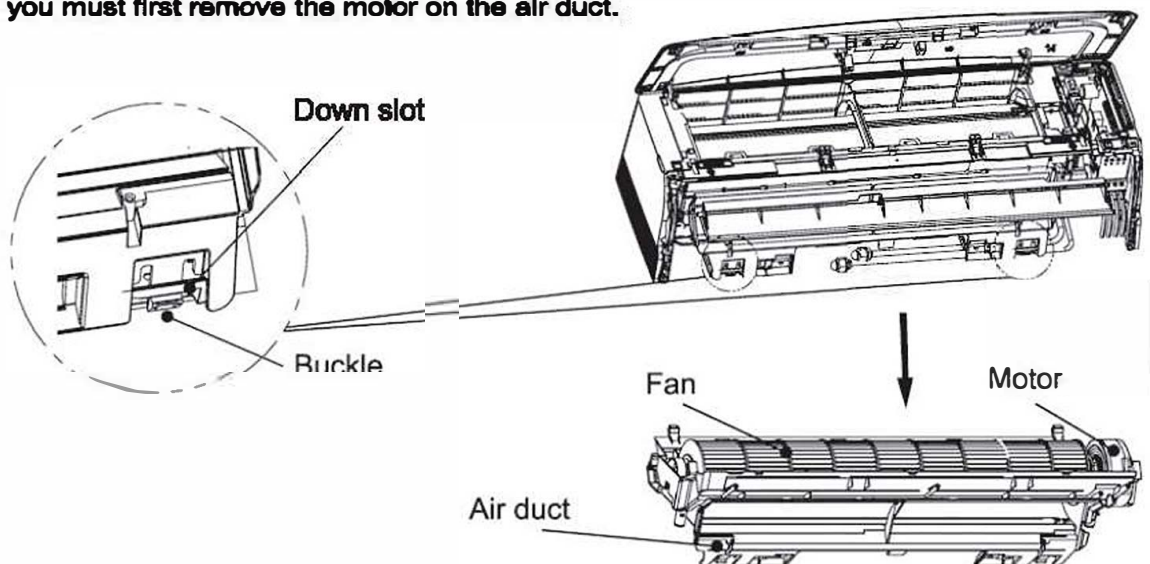
Note: Some models do not have H position screws.



5

- 1. Press the 2 buckles of the air duct to disengage it from 2 down slots of the mounting plate.**
- 2. Remove the air duct.**

Note: when you want to clean the air duct and the fan with clean water, you must first remove the motor on the air duct.



6

- After cleaning, install the machine against the disassemble sequence.**

Note: If the front shell, the air duct and the fan are washed with water, they must be thoroughly dried before they can be installed.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Outdoor Unit

Diagnostic Codes _ Unit Not Running

When the unit has the following trouble and the compressor stops running, The LED of outdoor control board will show the error sequence automatically:

| Outdoor Failure Description | LED1 | LED2 | LED3 | the root cause may be one of the following |
|--|--------|--------|--------|---|
| Mark description: the lights flash every two seconds for the following faults | | | | |
| Outdoor coil temperature sensor faulted | ON | OFF | ON | a. The outdoor coil sensor connector loose. b. The outdoor coil temperature sensor failed. c. The outdoor control board failed. |
| Compressor exhaust temperature sensor faulted | ON | OFF | OFF | a. The compressor exhaust temperature sensor connector loose. b. The compressor exhaust temperature sensor failed. c. The outdoor control board failed. |
| Communication failure between the indoor unit and outdoor unit | OFF | OFF | BLINKS | a. The communication cable connector loose. b. The communication cable failed. c. The connection between the filter board and the outdoor control board is incorrect or loose. d. The connection between the filter board and the terminal is incorrect or loose. e. The indoor control board failed. f. The PFC board failed. g. The power board failed. h. The outdoor control board failed. |
| Current overload protection | ON | BLINKS | OFF | a. The fan motor run abnormally. b. The condenser and evaporator is dirty. c. The air inlet and outlet is abnormal. |
| Maximum current protection | ON | BLINKS | ON | a. The outdoor control board is short circuited. b. The drive board is short circuited. c. The other components are short circuited. |
| Communication error between outdoor unit and driver | OFF | ON | ON | a. The connection wires are loose. b. The outdoor board or drive board failed. |
| Outdoor EEPROM faulted | ON | ON | ON | a. The EEPROM chip is loose. b. The EEPROM chip inserted in wrong direction. c. The EEPROM chip failed. |
| Compressor exhaust temperature too high protection | OFF | BLINKS | ON | a. The compressor exhaust temperature sensor failed. b. The refrigerant of the unit is low. |
| Outdoor ambient temperature sensor faulted | ON | ON | OFF | a. The outdoor ambient temperature sensor connector loose. b. The outdoor ambient temperature sensor failed. c. The outdoor control board failed. |
| Compressor shell high temperature protection | OFF | ON | BLINKS | a. The compressor exhaust temperature sensor connector loose. b. The refrigerant of the unit is low. |
| Anti-freeze protection with cooling or overload protection with heating in indoor unit | OFF | BLINKS | BLINKS | a. The indoor coil temperature sensor connector loose. b. The indoor coil temperature sensor failed. c. The indoor control board failed. d. The refrigerant system is abnormal. |
| Compressor drive faulted | BLINKS | OFF | BLINKS | a. The outdoor drive board failed. b. The compressor failed. c. The outdoor control board failed. |
| Outdoor fan motor locked rotor protection | BLINKS | BLINKS | ON | a. The connection of the outdoor fan motor is loose. b. There is something blocking the outdoor fan. c. The fan motor failed. d. The outdoor control board failed. |
| Outdoor coil anti-overload protection with cooling | OFF | ON | OFF | a. There is too much refrigerant. b. The outdoor fan motor failed. c. The outdoor fan is broken. d. The condenser is dirty. e. The air inlet and air outlet of the indoor unit and the outdoor unit is not normal. |

TROUBLESHOOTING

Outdoor Unit

Diagnostic Codes - Unit Not Running

| Outdoor Failure Description | LED1 | LED2 | LED3 | the root cause may be one of the following |
|---|--------|--------|--------|---|
| IPM module protection | OFF | BLINKS | OFF | a. The IPM board failed. b. The outdoor fan is broken. c. The outdoor fan motor failed. d. The outdoor fan has been blocked. e. The condenser is dirty. f. The outdoor unit has been installed without standard. |
| PFC protection | BLINKS | OFF | OFF | a. The PFC failed. b. The outdoor drive board failed. |
| Compressor pre heating process | BLINKS | ON | BLINKS | it is normal mode in cold weather |
| Chip in outdoor board faulted | ON | OFF | BLINKS | a. Using the wrong drive board. b. Using the wrong compressor. |
| AC voltage higher or lower protection | ON | ON | BLINKS | a. The supply voltage is higher or lower than normal. b. The inner supply voltage of the unit is higher or lower than normal. |
| DC compressor start failure | BLINKS | BLINKS | OFF | a. The outdoor drive board failed. b. The compressor failed. |
| Outdoor ambient temperature too low or too high protection | BLINKS | OFF | OFF | a. Outdoor ambient temperature too low or too high. |
| There is a leak in the product. | BLINKS | ON | ON | a. There is a leak in the indoor b. There is a leak in the outdoor c. There is a leak in the connecting pipe |
| Mark description: the lights flash every two seconds for the following faults | | | | |
| Protection against overheated outdoor radiator | BLINKS | OFF | OFF | a. Radiator sensors failed. b. Detection circuit of the sensor on the control panel fails |
| Protection of the system against too high pressure | BLINKS | BLINKS | OFF | a. The pressure switch fails b. The pressure detection switch on the control panel failed. c. The measured value of the system pressure exceeds the limit. |
| Protection of the system abnormal | OFF | BLINKS | ON | a. Check whether the outdoor valves are opened. |

TROUBLESHOOTING

Outdoor Unit

Diagnostic Codes when Compressor is Running

| THE FLASH IS 1 SECOND | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| No. | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | Reasons for the current operating frequency of the compressor is limited |
| 1 | BLINK | BLINK | BLINK | Normal frequency rising and decreasing, no limitation |
| 2 | OFF | OFF | ON | Frequency decreasing or prohibition of frequency rising caused by over-current |
| 3 | OFF | ON | ON | Frequency decreasing or prohibition of frequency rising caused by anti-freezing of refrigeration or anti-overload in heating |
| 4 | ON | OFF | ON | Frequency decreasing or prohibition of frequency rising caused by too high compressor discharge temperature |
| 5 | ON | ON | ON | Operation at fixed frequency (in the case of capability measuring or compulsory operation at fixed frequency) |
| 6 | BLINK | OFF | OFF | Protective frequency decreasing against outdoor overload (over-power, over frequency conversion rate, over torque, detection of DC under-voltage) |
| 7 | ON | OFF | OFF | Frequency decreasing caused by indoor and outdoor communication fault |
| 8 | OFF | ON | BLINK | Frequency decreasing or prohibition of frequency rising protection against overload of outdoor coiled pipe |
| 9 | OFF | ON | OFF | Frequency decreasing or prohibition of frequency rising for power-saving when it is being used simultaneously with other appliances |

TROUBLESHOOTING

Indoor Unit

Diagnostic Codes

When the unit has the following trouble and the compressor stops running, The LED of outdoor control board will show the error sequence automatically:

The indoor display board will show the error code automatically when the unit has the following trouble:

When the unit has the following trouble and the compressor stops running, press the sleep button on the remote controller for 10 times in ten seconds and the 7-segment tube of the display board will show the error code as the following, if two malfunctions happened at the same time, the sleep button needs to be pressed 10 times again, the LED will show the other error code.

Refer to the remote controller which the sleep key can set into 4 different combination ways , when using to check the error codes only takes effect for pressing the sleep key 10 times in ten seconds instead of 4 times.

NOTE: If the troubleshooting inquiry display by 7-segment tube, then the error code will be displayed, otherwise only the LED of the display board can show.

The failure is detected when the room temperature sensor broken or shorted over 5 sec.

The failure is detected when the temperature sensor of heater exchange broken or shorted over 5 sec.

The failure is detected when each setting data is not match after the EEPROM self-check two times.

The failure occurs when the grounding signal is not detected after the appliance power ON.

| Error Code | Content | The root cause is may be one of the following |
|------------|--|---|
| EA | The error code will display when the communication between display board and control board is interrupted. | a. The connection between the display board and control board is loose. b. The indoor control board failed. c. The wiring of the display board failed |
| 0 | Normal | |
| 1 | The failure for temperature sensor of outdoor coil | a. The outdoor temperature sensor loose. b. The outdoor temperature sensor failed. c. The indoor control board failed. |
| 2 | Compressor exhaust temperature sensor in trouble | a. The compressor exhaust temperature sensor connector loose. b. The compressor exhaust temperature sensor failed. c. The outdoor control board failed. |
| 5 | IPM module protection | a. The IPM board failed. b. The outdoor fan is broken. c. The outdoor fan motor failed. d. The outdoor fan has been blocked. e. The condenser is dirty. |
| 6 | AC voltage higher or lower protection | a. the supply voltage is higher or lower than normal. b. The inner supply voltage of the unit is higher or lower than normal. |
| 7 | Communication failure between the indoor unit and outdoor unit | a. The communication cable is disconnected or loose. b. The connection between the filter board and the terminal is incorrect or loose c. The communication cable failed. d. The connection between the filter board and the outdoor control board is incorrect or loose. e. The indoor control board failed. f. The PFC board failed. g. The power board failed. h. The outdoor control board failed. |
| 8 | Current overload protection | a. The fan motor runs abnormally. b. The condenser and evaporator is dirty. c. The air inlet and outlet are abnormal. |
| 9 | Maximum current protection | a. The outdoor control board is short circuited. b. The drive board is short circuited. c. Other components are short circuited. |
| 10 | Communication trouble between outdoor unit and driver | a. The connection wires loose. b. The outdoor board or drive board failed. |
| 11 | Outdoor EEPROM in trouble | a. The EEPROM chip is loose. b. The EEPROM chip inserted incorrectly. c. The EEPROM chip failed. |
| 12 | Outdoor ambient temperature too low or too high protection | Outdoor ambient temperature too low or too high. |

TROUBLESHOOTING

Diagnostic Codes

Indoor Unit

| Error Code | Content | The root cause is may be one of the following |
|------------|--|---|
| 13 | Compressor exhaust temperature too high protection. | a. The compressor exhaust temperature sensor failed. b. The unit refrigerant charge is low |
| 14 | Outdoor ambient temperature sensor failure. | a. The outdoor ambient temperature sensor connector loose. b. The outdoor ambient temperature sensor failed. c. The outdoor control board failed. |
| 15 | Compressor shell temperature too high protection | a. The compressor exhaust temperature sensor connector loose. b. The unit refrigerant charge is low. |
| 16 | Anti-freeze protection with cooling or overload protection with heating in | a. The indoor coil temperature sensor connector loose; b. The indoor coil temperature sensor failed.. c. The indoor control board failed.. d. The refrigerant system is abnormal |
| 17 | PFC protection | a. The PFC failed; b. The outdoor drive board failed. |
| 18 | DC compressor start failure | a. The outdoor drive board failed.; b. The compressor failed. |
| 19 | Compressor drive failure. | a. The outdoor drive board failed.; b. The compressor failed. c. The outdoor control board failed. |
| 20 | Outdoor fan motor locked rotor protection. | a. The connection of the outdoor fan motor is loose. b. There is something blocking the outdoor fan. c. The fan motor failed. d. The outdoor control board failed. |
| 21 | Outdoor coil anti-overload protection with cooling. | a. The unit refrigerant charge is excessive. b. The outdoor fan motor failed. c. The outdoor fan is broken. d. The condenser is dirty. e. The air inlet and air outlet of the indoor unit and the outdoor unit is not normal. |
| 22 | Compressor pre heating process | It is normal mode in cold weather. |
| 23 | There is a leak in the product | a. There is a leak in the indoor b. There is a leak in the outdoor c. There is a leak in the connecting pipe |
| 24 | Outdoor board chip failure. | a. Using the wrong drive board; b. Using the wrong compressor |
| 26 | Overheated outdoor radiator | a. Radiator sensor fails. b. Detection circuit of the sensor on the control panel fails. |
| 27 | Protection against too high system pressure | a. The pressure switch fails. b. The pressure detection switch on the control panel fails. c. The measured value of system pressure exceeds the limit. |
| 33 | The failure for temperature sensor of indoor room | a. The indoor room temperature sensor loose. b. The indoor room temperature sensor failed. c. The indoor control board failed. |
| 34 | The failure for temperature sensor of indoor coil temperature | a. The indoor coil temperature sensor loose. b. The indoor coil temperature sensor failed. c. The indoor control board failed. |
| 36 | Communication failure between the indoor unit and outdoor unit | a. The communication cable connector loose. b. The connection between the filter board and the terminal is incorrect or loose. c. The communication cable failed. d. The connection between the filter board and the outdoor control board is incorrect or loose. e. The indoor control board failed. f. The PFC board failed. g. The power board failed. h. The outdoor control board failed. |

TROUBLESHOOTING

Diagnostic Codes

Indoor Unit

| Error Code | Content | The root cause is may be one of the following |
|--|---|--|
| 38 | Indoor EEPROM failure | a. The EEPROM chip loose; b. The indoor control board failed. |
| 39 | Indoor fan motor runs abnormally. | a. Something blocking the indoor fan motor. b. The fan motor cord is disconnected or loose. c. The fan motor failed. d. The indoor control board failed. |
| 41 | The failure for Indoor grounding protection. | The indoor control board failed. |
| 56 | There is a leak in the product | a. There is a leak in the indoor b. There is a leak in the connecting pipe |
| 57 | The error code will display when the communication between refrigerant Sensor and indoor control board have in trouble. | a. The connection between the refrigerant Sensor and control board is loose; b. The indoor control board is failure. c. The wiring of the refrigerant Sensor is failure. |
| 77 | Wi-Fi Connection Enabled | Cycle Power on/off |
| <p>Note: When the refrigerant leakage fails, the fault code 56 is displayed actively. The indoor fan is forced to run at the highest speed, and the outdoor unit stops. Other controls do not respond except for the exit the 56 fault operations: After the fault repair is completed, the whole machine will still alarm and prompt, must be through the special operation of the remote controller to clear the fault prompt, the steps are as follows:</p> <p>Step 1: Press one time mode button, and the buzzer ring 1 sounds;</p> <p>Step 2: Press three times up and down swing button, and the buzzer ring 3 sounds;;</p> <p>Step 3: Press one time mode button again, and the buzzer ring 1 sounds;</p> <p>After the preceding steps, the buzzer rings four times, indicating that the 56 fault is rectified. If you do not perform the preceding steps, the buzzer does not ring four times, and the 56 fault cannot be cleared, need to repeat steps 1 to 3 above.</p> <p>After the refrigerant leakage fault is removed, the indoor fan runs at the maximum speed for 5 minutes, and then the machine will runs in the mode currently set.</p> | | |

TROUBLESHOOTING

Protection Circuit Fault Isolation

Protection diagnosis of the complete machine (all types of protection during operation, i.e. under-voltage, over-voltage and over-current protection)

Note: List all types of protection that may occur to the complete machine and describe the conditions and signs of the start, course and end of such protection.

Voltage protection

Protection against AC input over-voltage/under-voltage

1. Conditions for protection against AC input over-voltage/under-voltage:

If the input AC voltage is greater than "protective over-voltage value" or less than "protective under-voltage value" for five seconds, over-voltage/under-voltage protection starts. (E6)

2. Protection actions against AC input over-voltage/under-voltage

The system stops operation.

3. Conditions for ending AC input over-voltage/under-voltage:

If the input AC voltage is lower than "the protective over-voltage value" -10V, or higher than "the protective under-voltage value" +10V, the over-voltage/under-voltage protection will be released.

Current protection:

1. Protection against over-current

Conditions for over-current protection: if the current is equal to or greater than "current value for starting the refrigeration current protection (E2 value)" for six seconds, over-current protection starts.

Protection actions against over-current: indoor display screen and outdoor indicator give indications, the compressor and outdoor fan stop, but indoor fan runs normally.

Condition for ending over-current protection: when the current drops below "current value for releasing the refrigeration current protection (E2 value)", over-current protection will be released.

2. Frequency decreasing for over-current

Conditions for over-current frequency decreasing: if the current is equal to or greater than "current value for starting the refrigeration current protective frequency decreasing (E2 value)", over-current frequency decreasing starts.

Over-current frequency decreasing actions: the compressor will decrease frequency at rate of (E2 value)Hz/S. The indoor and outdoor fans run.

Conditions for ending over-current frequency decreasing: when the current drops below "current value for starting the refrigeration current protective prohibition of frequency rising (E2 value)", over-current under-clocking will be released.

Is the limit auto-reset

3. Prohibition of frequency increasing of compressor exhausting

Conditions for prohibition of frequency rising of compressor discharge

Condition 1: in the case of frequency decreasing of compressor discharge, the discharge temperature of the compressor drops below 39.2°F

Condition 2: in normal operation, the discharge temperature of compressor reaches 41°F.

Either of the above two conditions is met, prohibition of frequency rising of compressor discharge begins.

Actions relates to prohibition of frequency rising of compressor discharge: the frequency of compressor maintains at the current level, which may decrease as the case requires while cannot rise. The indoor and outdoor fans run.

Condition for ending prohibition of frequency rising of compressor discharge: if the temperature of compressor discharge rises above 42.8°F, prohibition of frequency rising of compressor discharge will be released.

4. Prohibition of frequency for anti-overload of outdoor coiled pipe (cooling condenser temperature high) – To prevent compressor overload from tripping.

Condition for anti-overload prohibition of frequency of outdoor coil pipe: in the case of anti-overload frequency decreasing of outdoor coiled pipe, anti-overload prohibition of frequency of the unit begins when the temperature of outdoor coiled pipe drops below "the anti-overload frequency decreasing temperature of outdoor coiled pipe".

Actions relates to anti-overload prohibition of frequency of outdoor coiled pipe: the frequency of compressor maintains at the current level, which may decrease as the case requires while cannot rise. The indoor and outdoor fans run.

Condition for ending anti-overload prohibition of frequency of outdoor coiled pipe: if the temperature of outdoor coiled pipe drops below "temperature to release the anti-overload state of outdoor coiled pipe", anti-overload prohibition of frequency of outdoor coiled pipe will be released.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Compressor Fault Isolation

Judging the connecting terminals of inverter compressor:

It is impossible to identify terminals U, V and W of inverter compressor with multi-meter. Just connect the terminals in the same way as the original unit when replacing the compressor. A wrong connection will lead to reverse and loud noise of the compressor.

Resistance of compressor coil:

Using an OHM Meter, check resistance from U to V, U to W, and V to W. All of the readings should be within 0.1 ohms of each other. A difference of more than 0.1 ohms indicates that windings may be damaged, and the compressor should be replaced. NOTE: Actual OHM values may vary due to temperature of the compressor.

Electric Filter Board Fault Isolation

Visual examination: as the circuit is simple, the connection may be checked visually to see whether any loose or poor connection.

Voltage test: the voltage at the input end shall be the same as the voltage at the output end.

Electrical Communication Fault ISOLATION

1. Determine whether the connecting cables and tether cables of indoor/outdoor units are correctly wired. If not, change wiring order and test connection.
2. Determine whether there is loose connection.

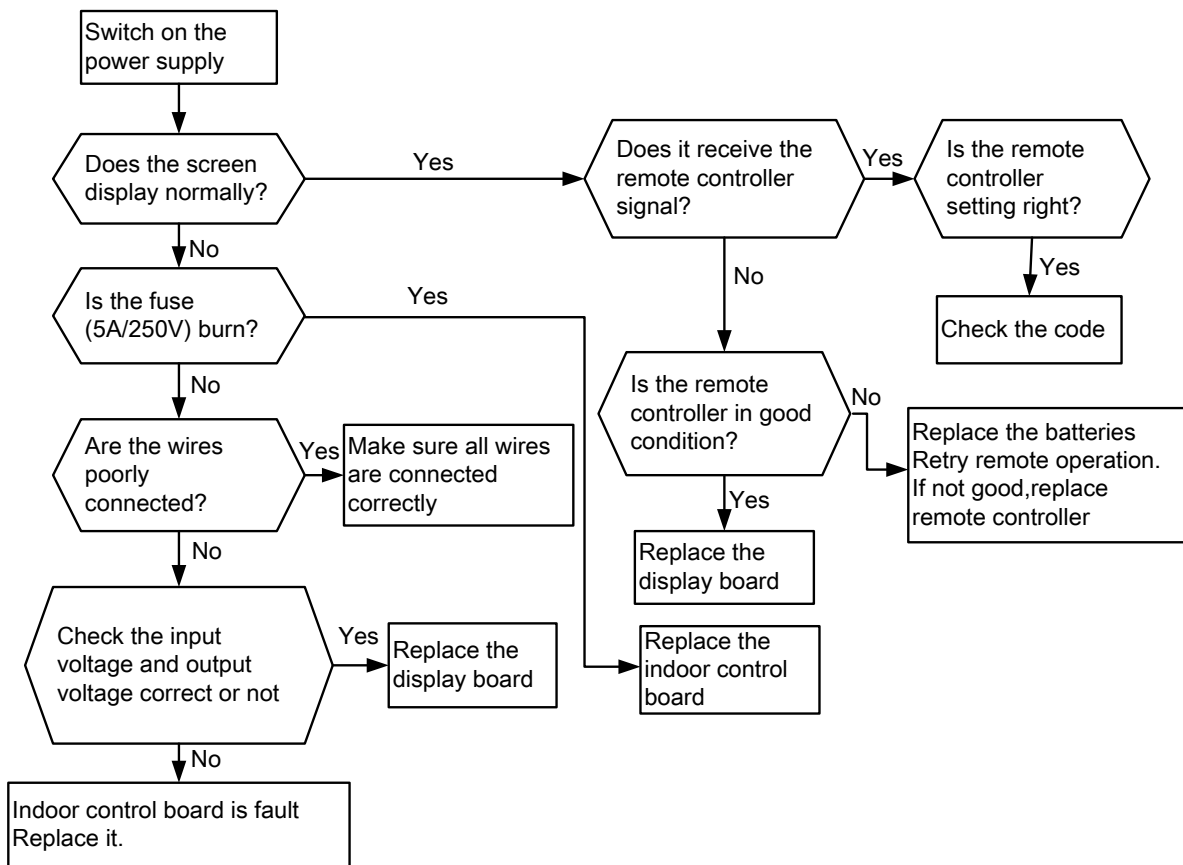
Fasten the connection in the case of loose connection and then conduct verification.

3. Measure the voltage between SI and N with multi-meter and see whether the voltage fluctuates between 0 VDC and 24 VDC.

Replace indoor and outdoor control boards if there are no voltage fluctuations.

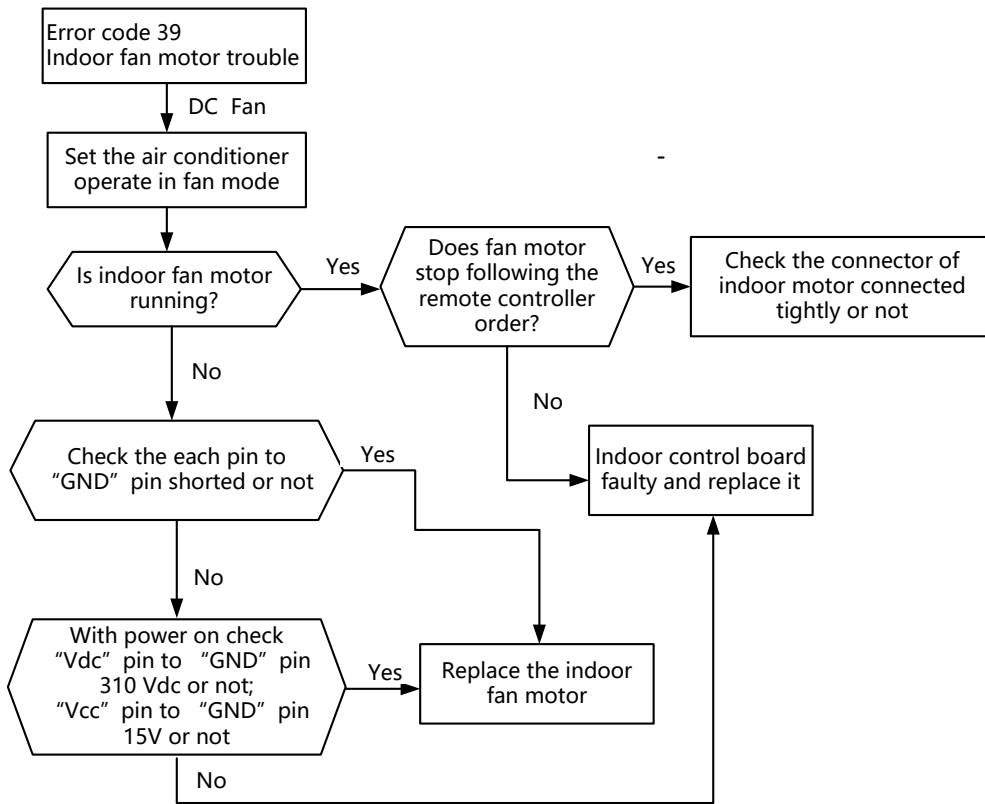
TROUBLESHOOTING

Unit Does Not Run



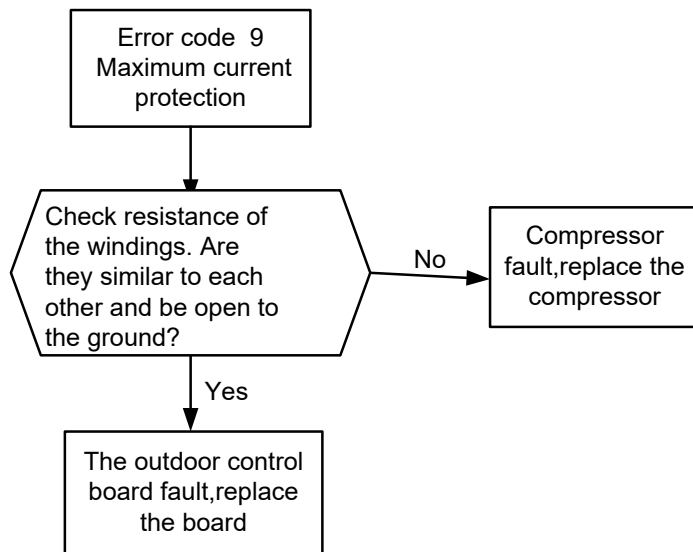
TROUBLESHOOTING

Error Code 39-DC Fan



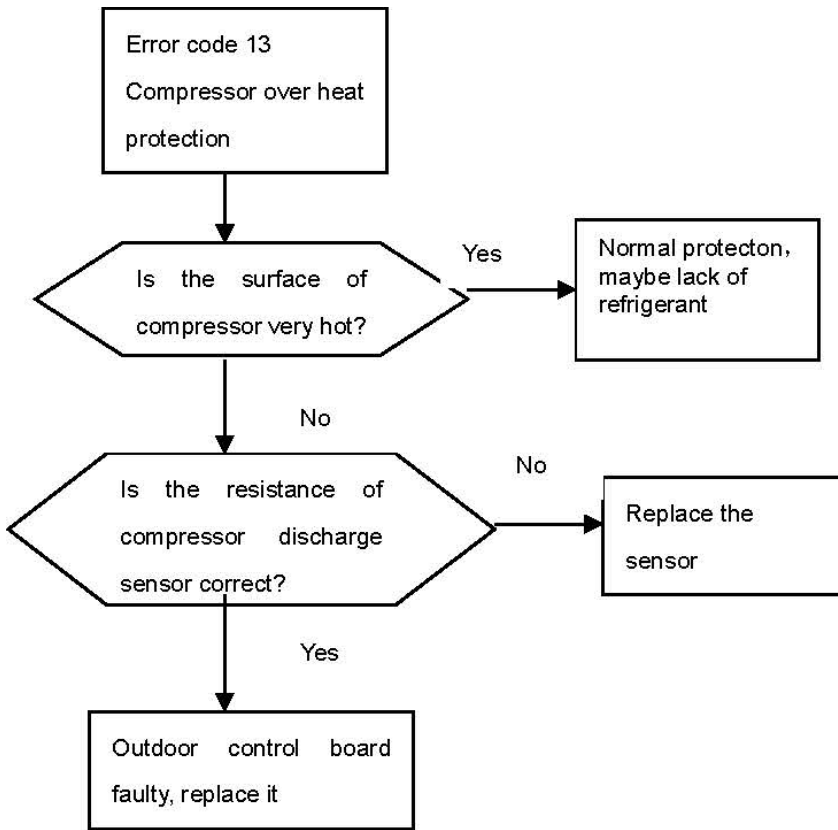
TROUBLESHOOTING

Error Code 9

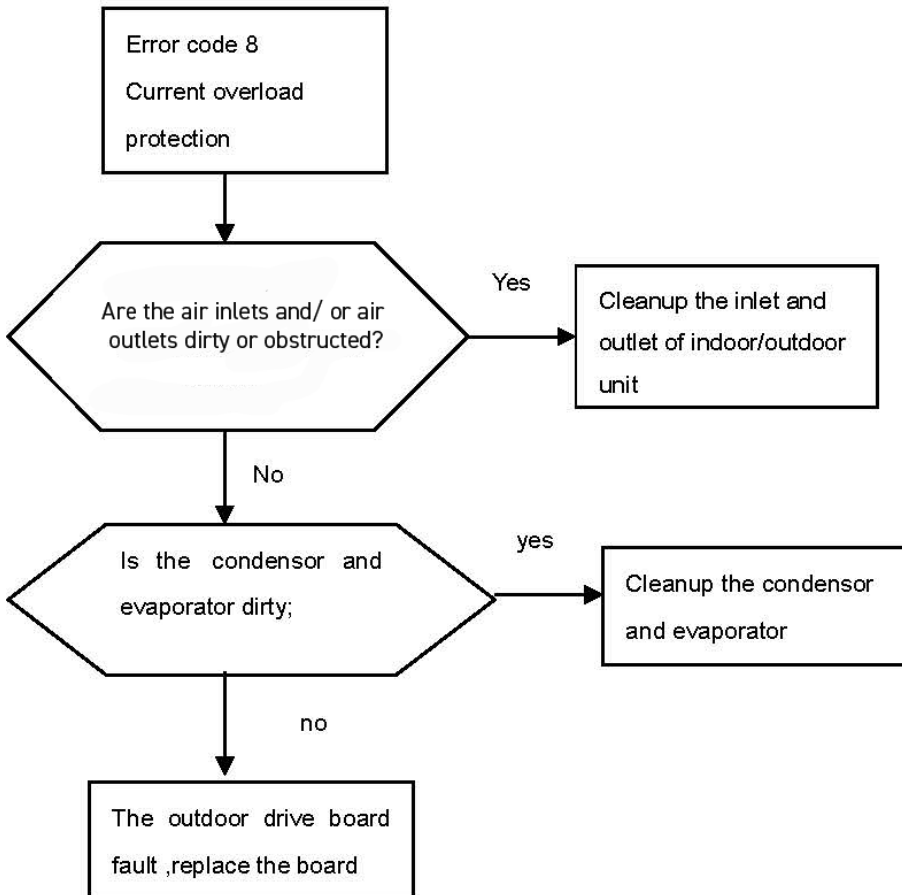


TROUBLESHOOTING

Error Code 13

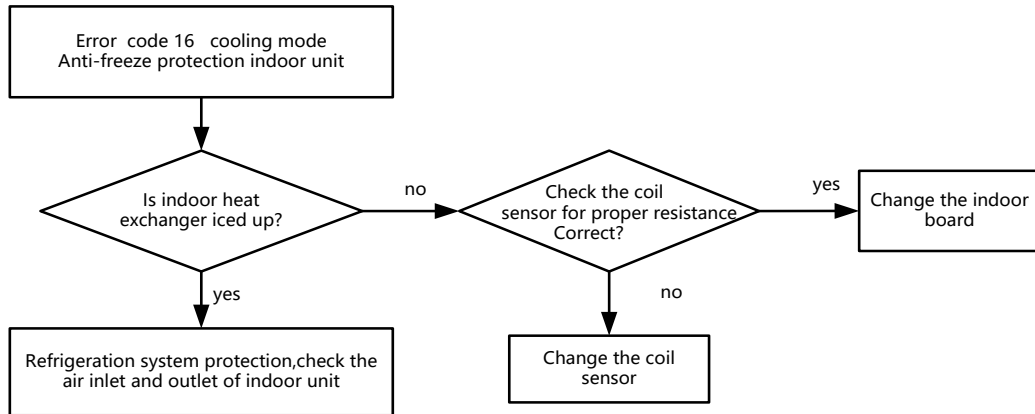


Error Code 8

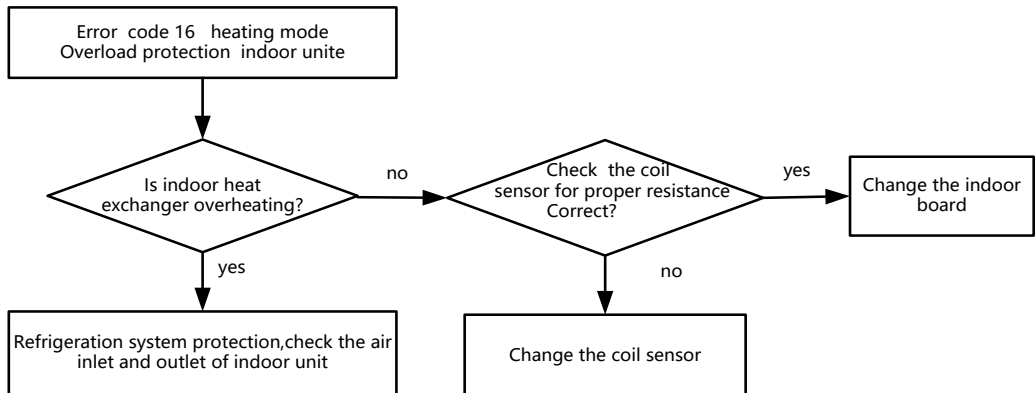


TROUBLESHOOTING

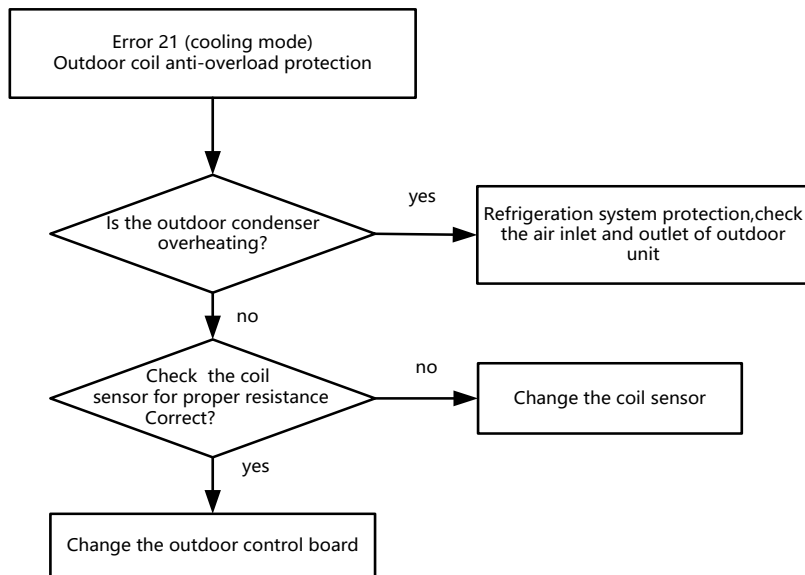
Error Code 16



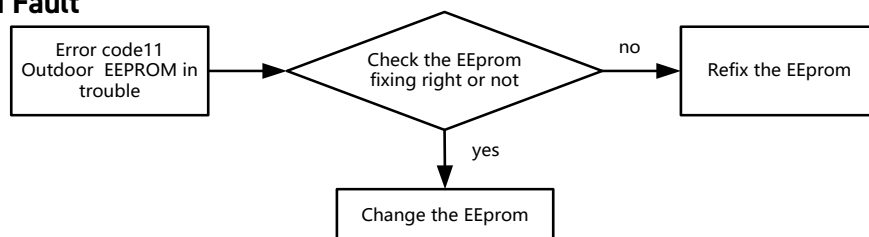
Error Code 16 Heating Mode



Error Code 21 Cooling Mode

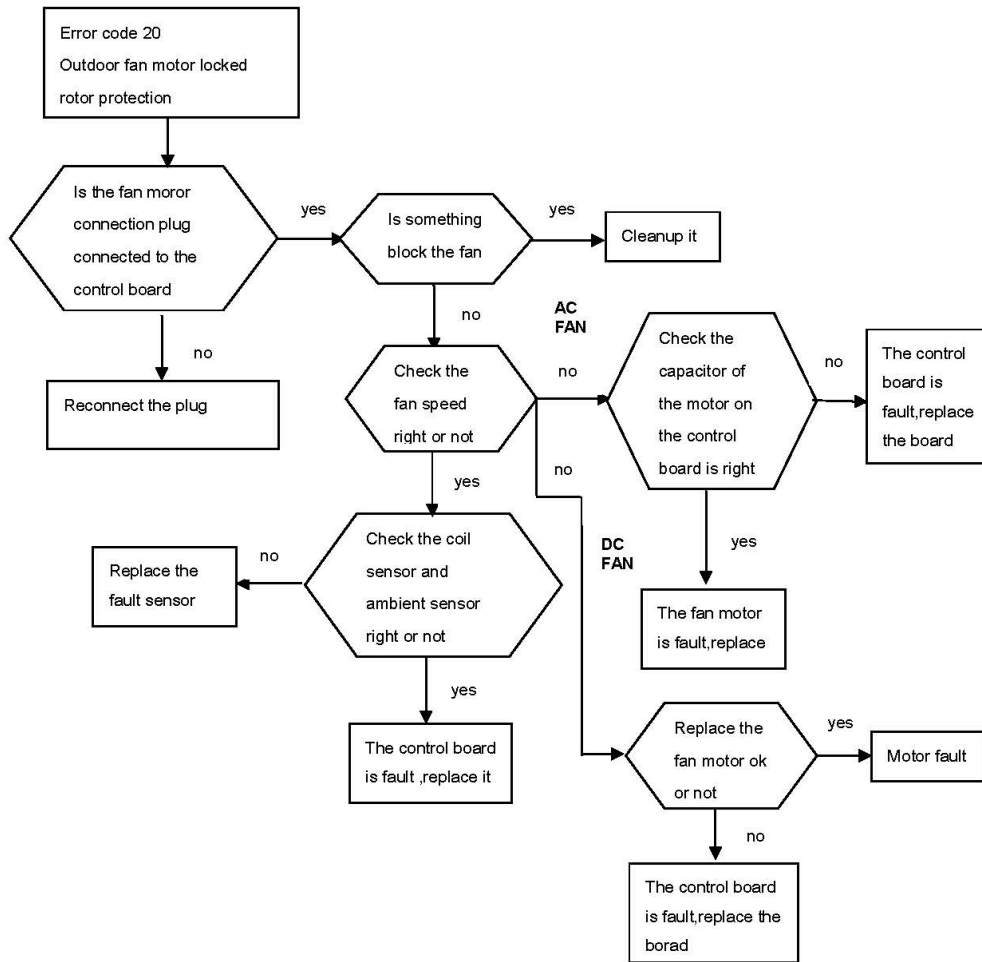


Error Code 11 EEPROM Fault

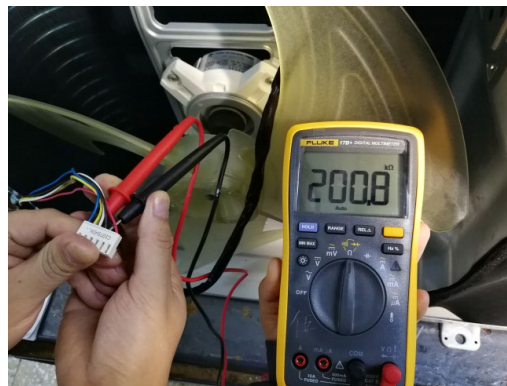
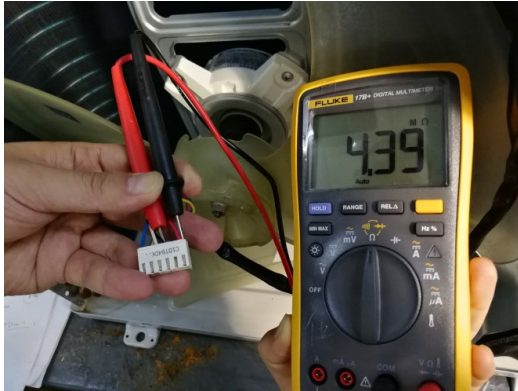


TROUBLESHOOTING

Error Code 20

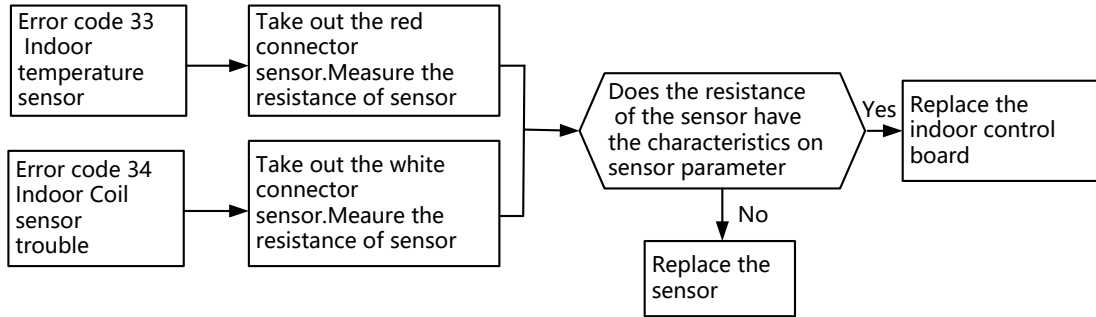


DC fan motor test point:

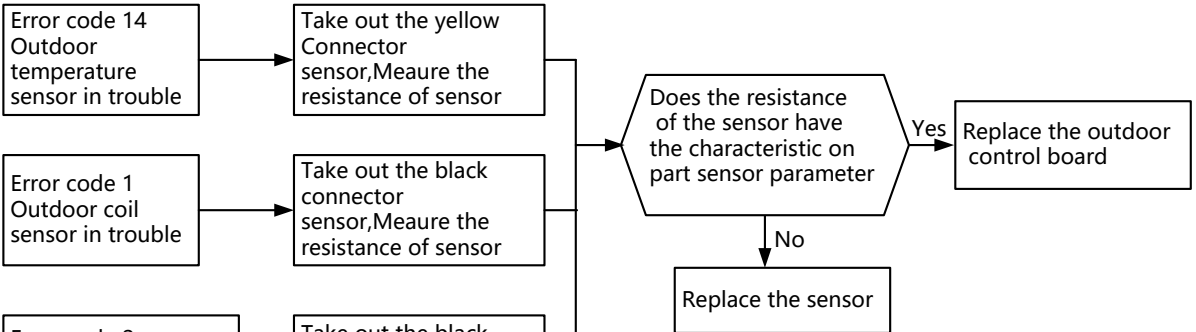


TROUBLESHOOTING

Error Code 33



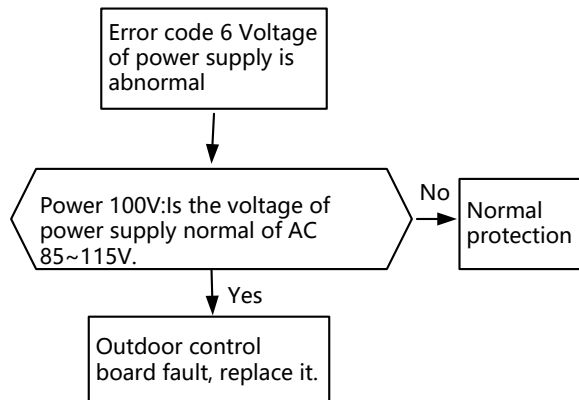
Error Code 14



Error Code 1

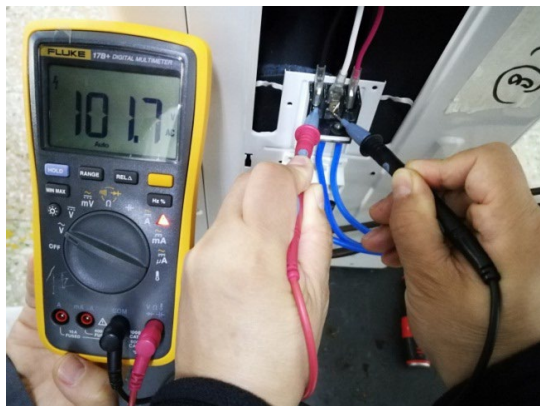
Error Code 2

Error Code 6



The Voltage protection values is different according to the model

AC voltage test point:

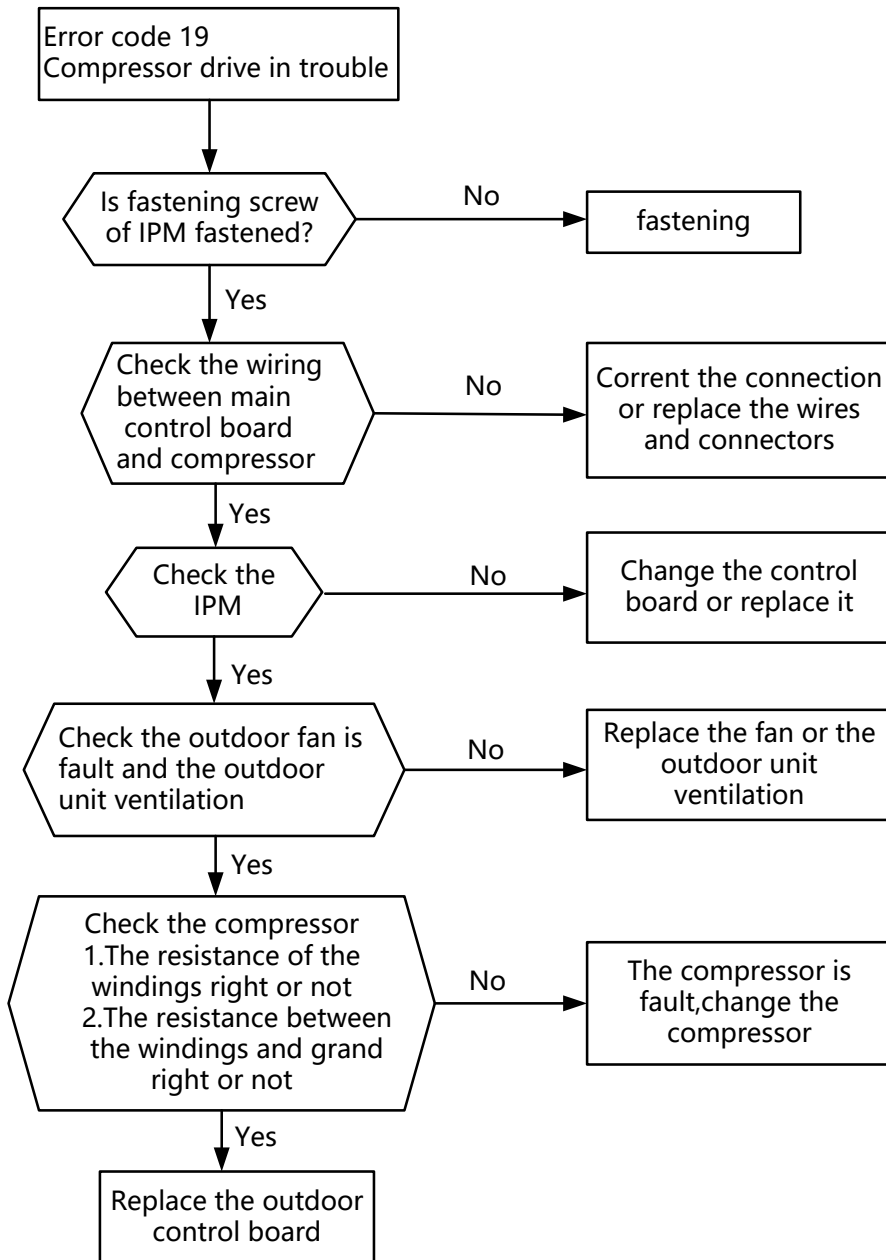


Sensor test point:



TROUBLESHOOTING

Error Code 19



test point:

Check the screw of IPM fastening:

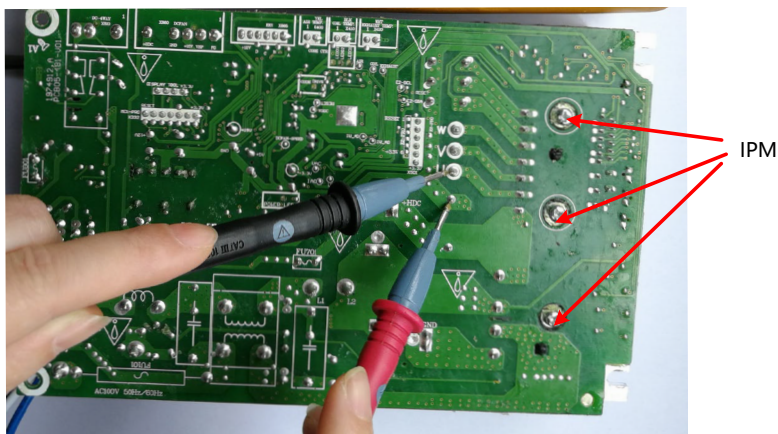
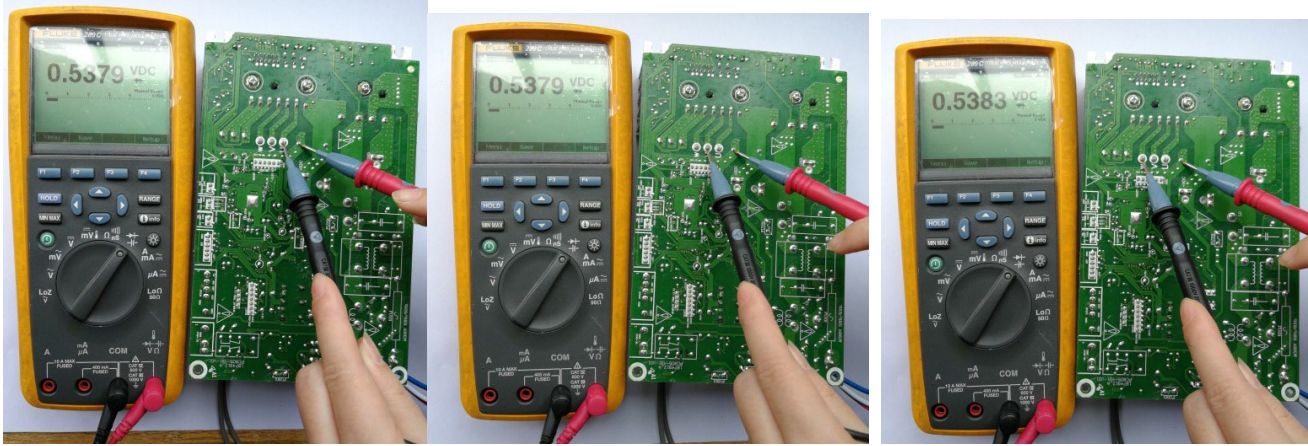


Fig. 713

TROUBLESHOOTING

Error Code 19

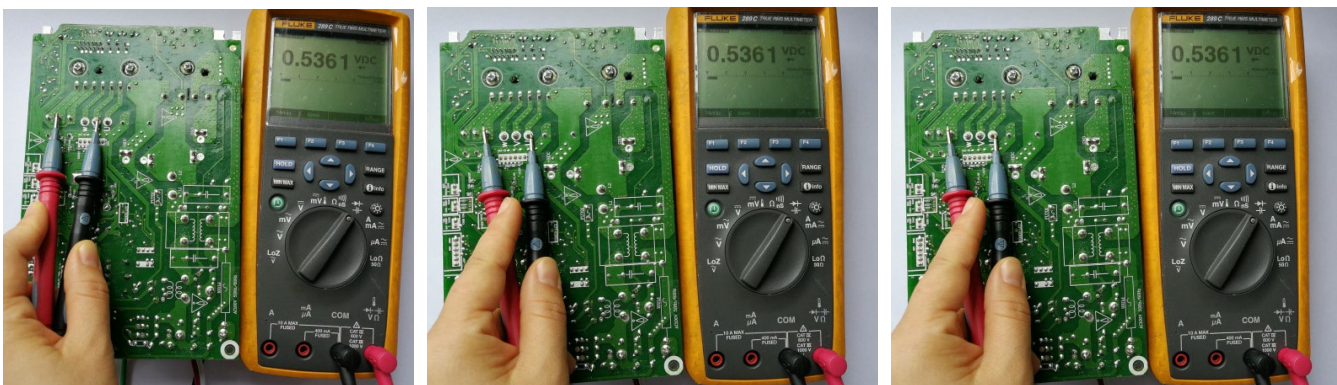
Forward of IPM P-U/P-V/P-W test :



Reverse of IPM P-U/P-V/P-W test:



Forward of IPM N-U/N-V/N-W test :



Reverse of IPM N-U/N-V/N-W test :



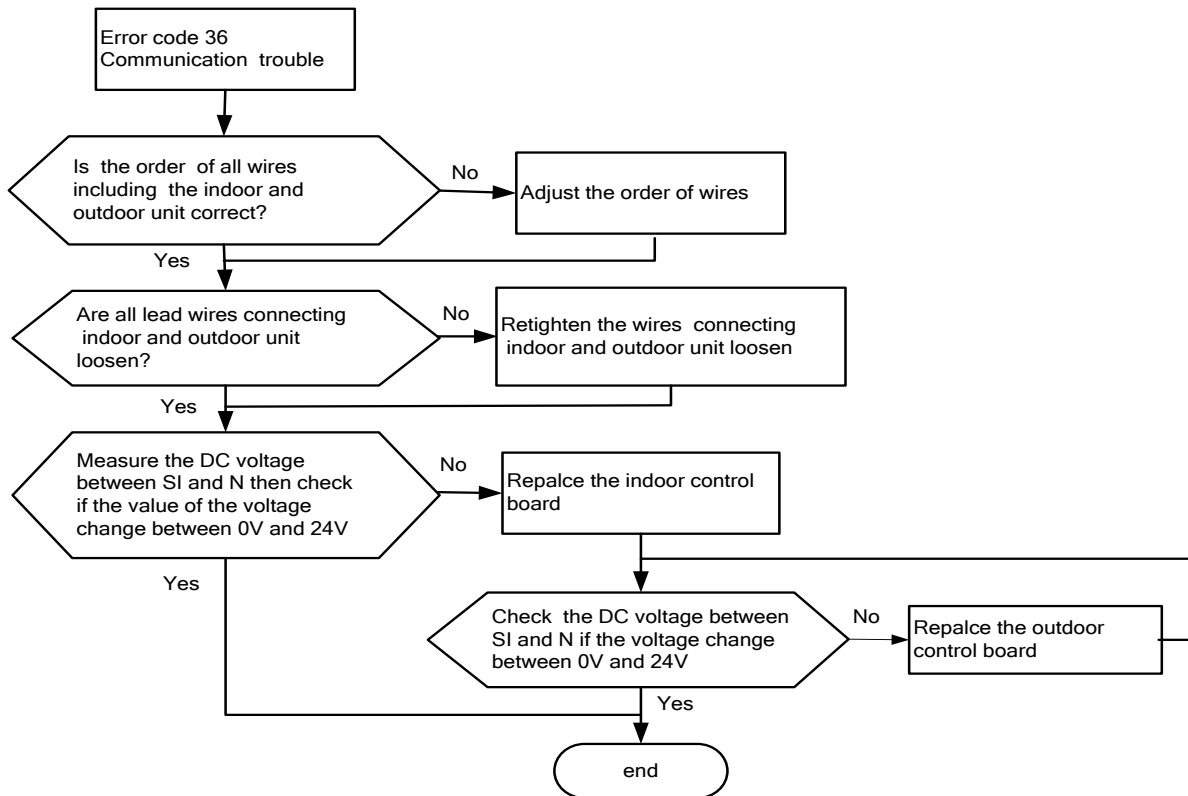
TROUBLESHOOTING

Error Code 19

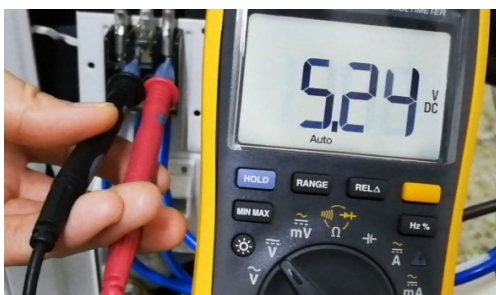
The resistance of the compressor U-W/V-W



Error Code 36

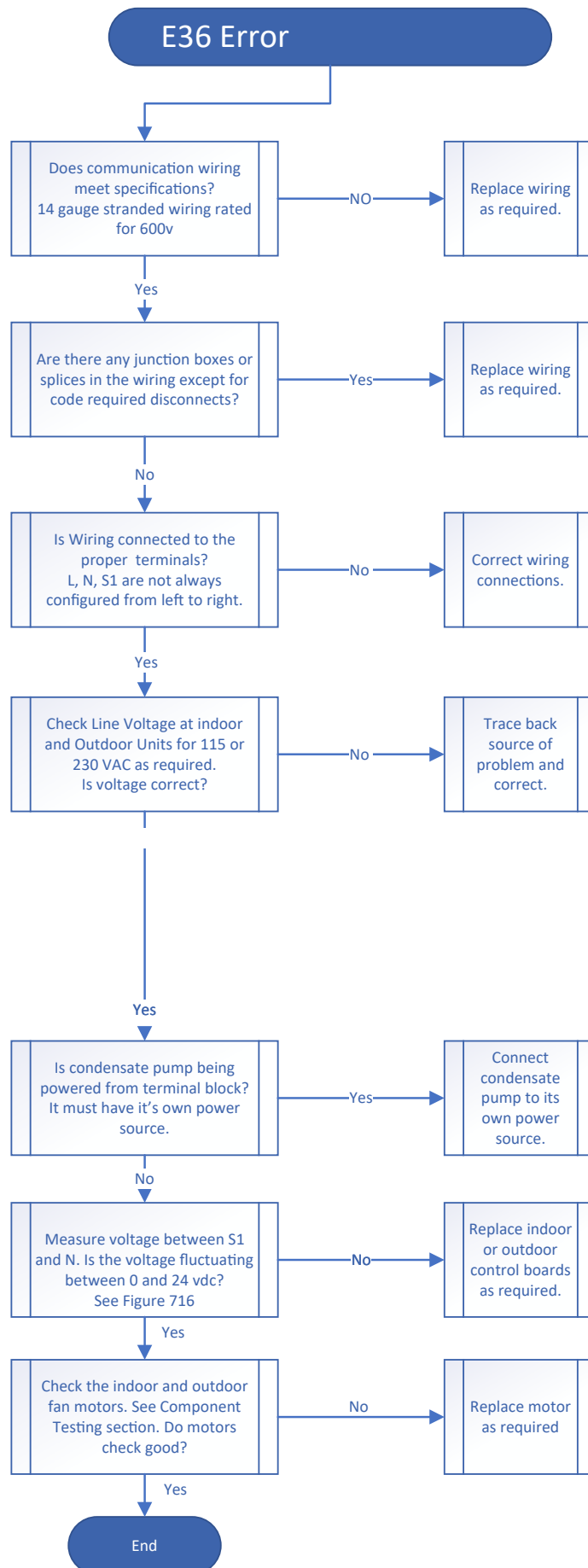


SI and N test point:



TROUBLESHOOTING

Error Code 36

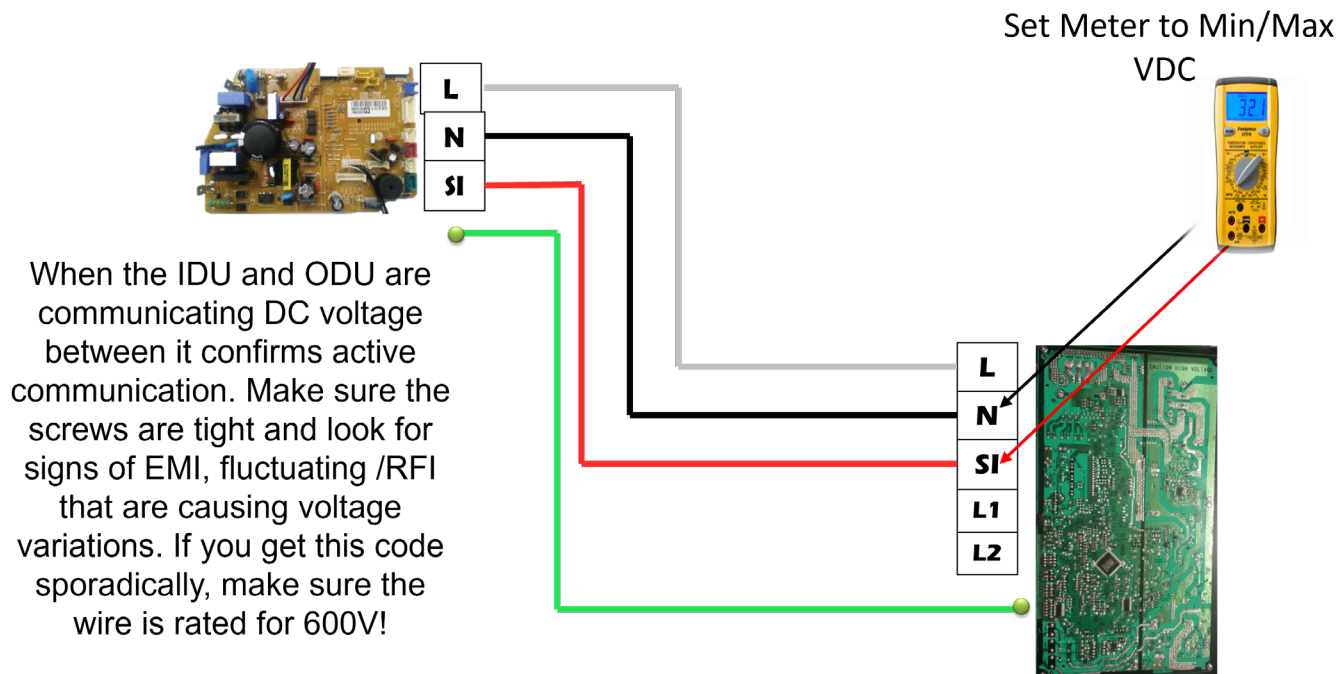


See Figure 716

TROUBLESHOOTING

Error Code 36

Check from SI to Neutral on the outdoor unit or indoor unit



TROUBLESHOOTING

Blank Display/ Indoor Micro Switch

If the Display is blank, check to see if the door is properly closed.

If the door is properly closed, confirm that you have proper line voltage to the indoor unit.

If the indoor unit door is not properly closed, or if the door micro switch has malfunctioned the display may be blank. See Figure 717

When the micro-switch is not engaged, and the power button is depressed, there will be no display and the system will not operate or respond in any way. See Figure 718.

When the Timer On/Clock button is pressed you will see a temperature on the display, but still no system operation. After a few seconds, the display will drop the temperature leaving just the Wi-Fi and Timer icons. Still no indoor unit operation. See Figure 719.



Fig. 717 (Door Micro Switch)

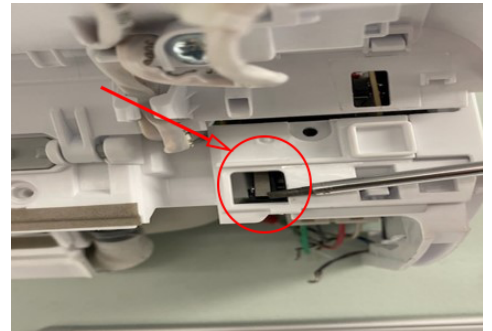


Fig. 718 (Blank Display)



TROUBLESHOOTING

Blank Display/Indoor Unit Door Micro Switch

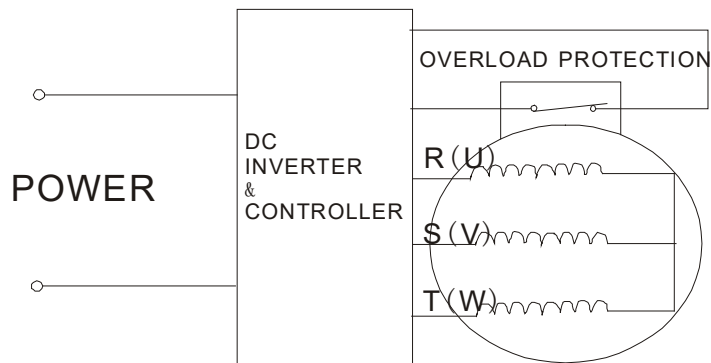
When the Timer On/Clock button is pressed you will see a temperature on the display, but still no system operation. After a few seconds, the display will drop the temperature leaving just the Wi-Fi and Timer icons. Still no indoor unit operation. See Figure 719.



Fig. 719 (Momentary Temp. Display)

COMPONENTS TESTING

Compressor



Resistance Test.

The compressor is at fault if the resistance of winding is 0 (short circuit) or ∞ open circuit.

Common signs compressor is faulty:

- Compressor motor lock.
- Discharge pressure value approaches static pressure value .
- Compressor motor winding abnormality.

Note:

- Don't put a compressor on its side or turn over.
- Assemble the compressor quickly after removing the plugs. Prolonged exposure will damage the internal components of the compressor
- Ensure wiring is correct before operating. Reverse operation will permanently damage the compressor.


• Electric Reactor


Common Problems:

- Sound abnormality
- Runs in a sporadic rhythm.

COMPONENT TESTING

Capillary Tube

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|---|
|  | BURN HAZARD Proper safety procedures must be followed, and proper protective clothing must be worn when working with a torch. |
| | Failure to follow these procedures could result in moderate or serious injury. |

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|---|
|  | CUT/SEVER HAZARD Be careful with the sharp edges and corners. Wear protective clothing and gloves, etc. |
| | Failure to do so could result in serious injury. |

COOLING MODE

In the cooling mode of operation, high pressure liquid enters the check valve forcing the slide to close the opposite port (liquid line) to the indoor coil. This directs the refrigerant through the cooling capillary tube to the indoor coil.

HEATING MODE

In the heating mode of operation, high pressure refrigerant enters the check valve from the opposite direction, closing the port (liquid line) to the outdoor coil. The flow path of the refrigerant is then through the heating capillary to the outdoor coil.

Failure of the slide in the check valve to seat properly in either mode of operation will cause flooding of the cooling coil. This is due to the refrigerant bypassing the heating or cooling capillary tube and entering the liquid line.

Test the Capillary Tube and Check Valve Assy

Allow unit to run for ten minutes before checking temps in order for unit to stabilize. Units tested at low ambient temps may frost momentarily, but will return to normal once unit pressure stabilizes. If frost does not stop after 10 minutes then a possible restriction or low refrigerant charge may be present.

1. Check the capillary tube temperature by hand where the refrigerant enters the capillary tube. A partial restriction of the capillary tube will be indicated by frost or freezing in that area.
2. If check valve fails closed or the capillary tube is fully restricted, then pressure will increase and pressure switch will open if installed. If no pressure switch is installed, the unit will shut down due to the compressor overload opening. High discharge temperature will be present at the compressor.
3. If check valve fails open the unit will continue to run, but there will be little to no cooling or heating.

In normal operation, the tube will be cooler on the side where the coolant is entering the cap tube then where it exits. If the check valve is stuck open, there will be little difference in temperature.

COMPONENT TESTING

Reversing Valve

A reversing valve is a component of a heat pump that changes the direction of refrigerant flow, allowing the system to function in both heating and cooling modes.

It consists of a pressure-operated, main valve and a pilot valve actuated by a solenoid plunger. The solenoid is energized by 24 vac during the heating cycle only.

The single tube on one side of the main valve body is the high-pressure inlet to the valve from the compressor. The center tube on the opposite side is connected to the low pressure (suction) side of the system. The other two are connected to the indoor and outdoor coils. Small capillary tubes connect each end of the main valve cylinder to the "A" and "B" ports of the pilot valve. A third capillary is a common return line from these ports to the suction tube on the main valve body. Four-way reversing valves also have a capillary tube from the compressor discharge tube to the pilot valve.

The plunger assembly in the main valve can only be shifted by the pressure differential between the high and low sides of the system. The pilot section of the valve opens and closes ports for the small capillary tubes to the main valve to cause it to shift.

Checking the Reversing Valve

NOTE: System operating pressures must be near normal before valve can shift. NOTE: You must have normal operating pressures before the reversing valve can shift.

Run the unit in the heating mode then disconnect connector CN 906 from the main PCB and the valve should shift to cooling mode. If valve does not shift - replace the valve (verify the unit is properly charged before replacing valve.) For a stuck valve diagnosis run in the cooling mode and check the temp difference between the suction line from the evaporator and the common suction line at the compressor, if there is more than a 3 °F difference then change the valve.

Checking The Reversing Valve Solenoid

The solenoid coil is an electromagnetic type coil mounted on the reversing valve and is energized during the operation of the compressor in the heating cycle.

1. Turn off high voltage electrical power to unit.
2. Unplug line voltage lead from reversing valve coil.
3. Check for electrical resistance through the coil. If the coil is open replace the coil.
4. Check from each lead of coil to the copper liquid line as it leaves the unit or the ground lug. There should be no continuity between either of the coil leads and ground; if there is, coil is grounded and must be replaced.
5. If coil tests okay, reconnect the electrical leads.
6. Make sure coil has been assembled correctly.

NOTE: Do not start unit with solenoid coil removed from valve, or do not remove coil after unit is in operation. This will cause the coil to burn out.

⚠ WARNING



ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD

Disconnect power to the unit before servicing. Failure to follow this warning could result in serious injury or death.

⚠ WARNING

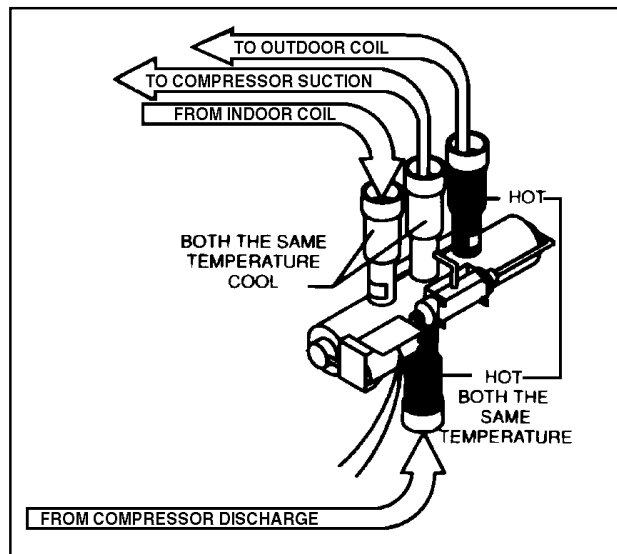
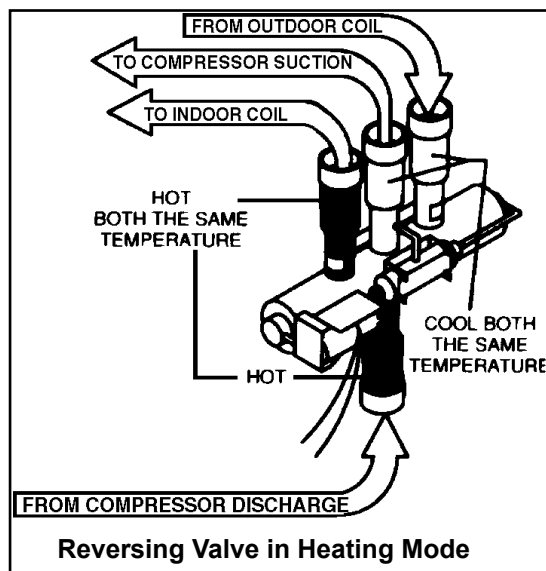


HIGH PRESSURE HAZARD

Sealed Refrigeration System contains refrigerant and oil under high pressure.

Proper safety procedures must be followed, and PPE must be utilized when working with refrigerants.

Failure to follow these procedures could result in serious injury or death.



COMPONENTS TESTING

Indoor Fan Motor Testing (230v models)

Power Check:

1. Turn unit on.
2. Check indoor fan connector on main PCB.
See Indoor Unit Main PCB Terminal ID

There are 5 wires:


Voltage for Power (Red) to Ground (Black) = 310 VDC
Motor Return Voltage (White) to Ground (Black) = 15 VDC
PWM (Yellow) to Ground (Black) = 0-6.5 VDC

3. DC Voltage test

Manually rotate indoor fan motor slowly for several revolutions, and measure voltage "YELLOW" and "GND" on motor. The voltage repeats 0V DC and 5V DC.

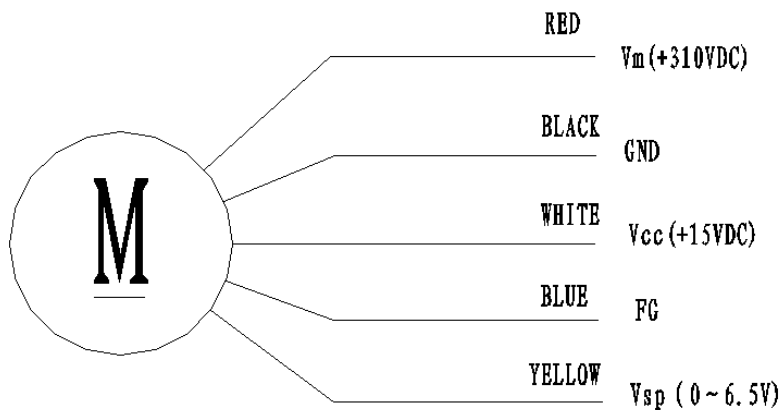
Notes:

- Do not hold motor by lead wires.
- Do not connect or disconnect the molex connector while power ON.
- Do not drop motor against hard material. Malfunction may not be observed at early stage after such shock. But it may be found later, this type of mishandling voids our warranty.

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|---|
|  | <p>ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD</p> <p>Turn off electric power before service or installation. Extreme care must be used, if it becomes necessary to work on equipment with power applied.</p> <p>Failure to do so could result in serious injury or death.</p> |



Indoor DC Fan Motor




| | | |
|---|--------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | RED | V _m (+310VDC) |
| 2 | -- | ----- |
| 3 | -- | ----- |
| 4 | BLACK | GND |
| 5 | WHITE | V _{cc} (+15VDC) |
| 6 | BLUE | FG |
| 7 | YELLOW | V _{sp} (0 ~ 6.5V) |

COMPONENTS TESTING

Indoor Fan Motor Testing (115v models)

1. Apply power to unit.
2. Check voltage at Indoor motor control connector.
See [Indoor Unit Main PCB Terminal ID](#)
 - a. White to ground VAC (Should read Supply line Voltage).
 - b. If No voltage is present replace PCB.
 - c. If only partial voltage is present ;
Check voltage from black to ground should = 1/2 the supply voltage.
 - d. If no voltage then fan motor internal overheat limit switch [100°C (212°F)] has opened. (If motor is cool to touch- replace motor), if hot proceed to next check.
 - e. Check red to ground should = 1/2 supply voltage.
If no voltage present replace PCB
3. Remove power from the unit.
4. Check fan motor windings resistance;
 - a. Remove power from unit.
 - b. Disconnect indoor motor control connector X842.
 - c. Check resistance
Red to Black = (red to white) +(black to white).
Replace motor if windings check bad.

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|---|
|  | ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD Turn off electric power before service or installation. Extreme care must be used, if it becomes necessary to work on equipment with power applied. |
| | Failure to do so could result in serious injury or death. |



COMPONENTS TESTING

Outdoor Fan Motor Testing

Resistance Test.

1. Disconnect the outdoor fan motor plug on the main PCB.

See Outdoor Unit - Main PCB ID

U= Yellow V= Red W= White

3. Using an OHM Meter, check resistance from U to V, U to W, and V to to W.

All of the readings should be within 0.1 ohms of each other.

A difference of more than 0.1 ohms indicates that windings may be damaged and the motor should be replaced.

NOTE: Actual OHM values may vary due to temperature of the motor.


4. Using a MegOhm Meter, check the motor windings for a short to ground.

Measure the resistance of each winding to ground.

A reading of less than 10 Megohms indicates that the motor windings may be damaged and the motor should be replaced..

Notes:

- Do not hold motor by lead wires.
- Do not connect or disconnect the molex connector while power ON.
- Do not drop motor against hard material. Malfunction may not be observed at early stage after such shock. But it may be found later, this type of mishandling voids our warranty.

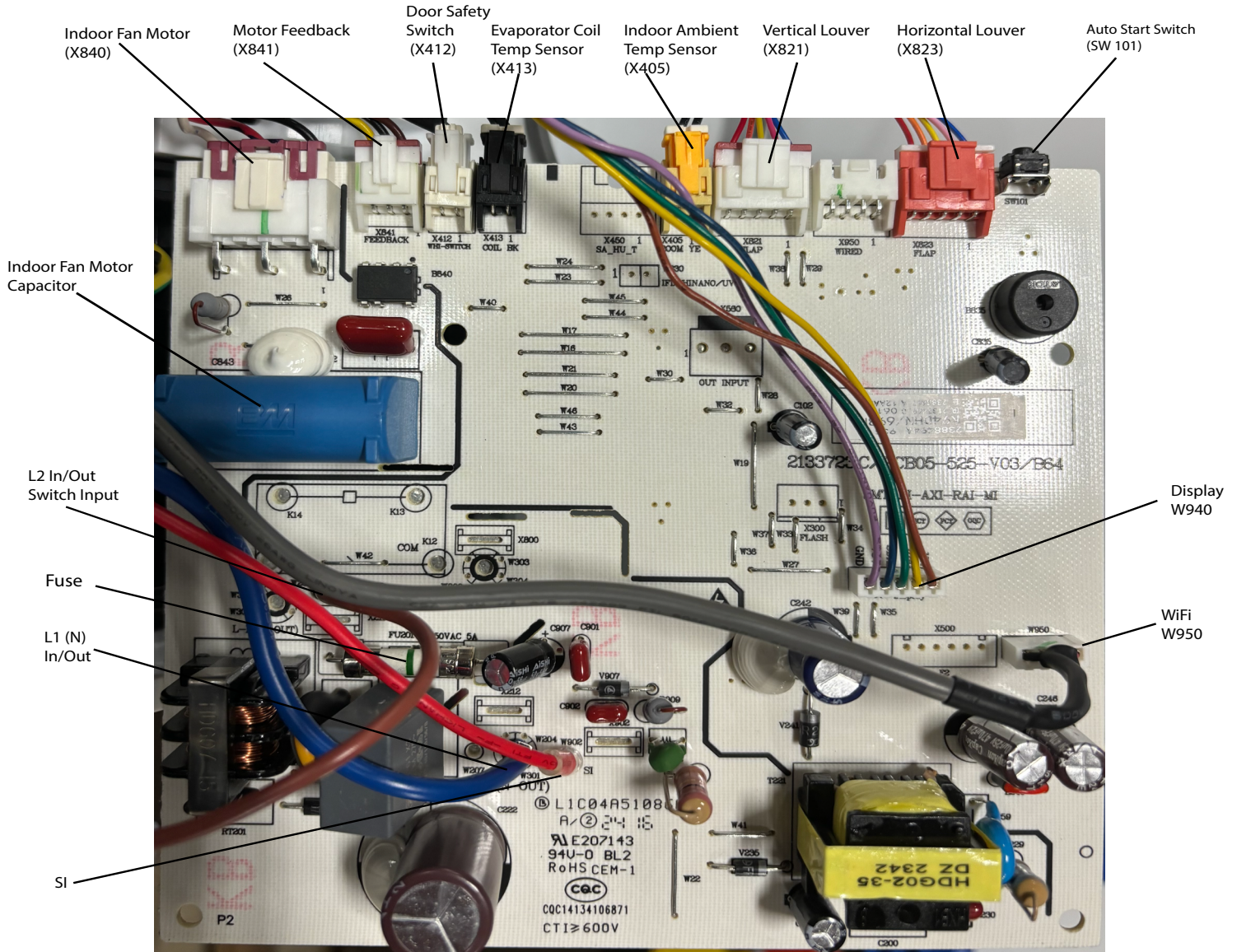
| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|---|
|  | ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD Turn off electric power before service or installation. Extreme care must be used, if it becomes necessary to work on equipment with power applied. |
| | Failure to do so could result in serious injury or death. |



COMPONENTS TESTING

Indoor Unit Main PCB Terminal ID (115v)

FAHFW09A1C, FAHFW12A1C



COMPONENTS TESTING

230v Indoor Unit Main PCB Terminal ID (No A2L Sensor Capability)

FAHFW18A3D, FAHFW24A3D, FAHFW36A3D

Indoor Fan Motor (X842) Door Safety Switch (X412) Evaporator Coil Temp Sensor (X413) Indoor Ambient Temp Sensor (X405) Vertical Louver (X821) Horizontal Louver (X823) Auto Start Switch (SW 101)

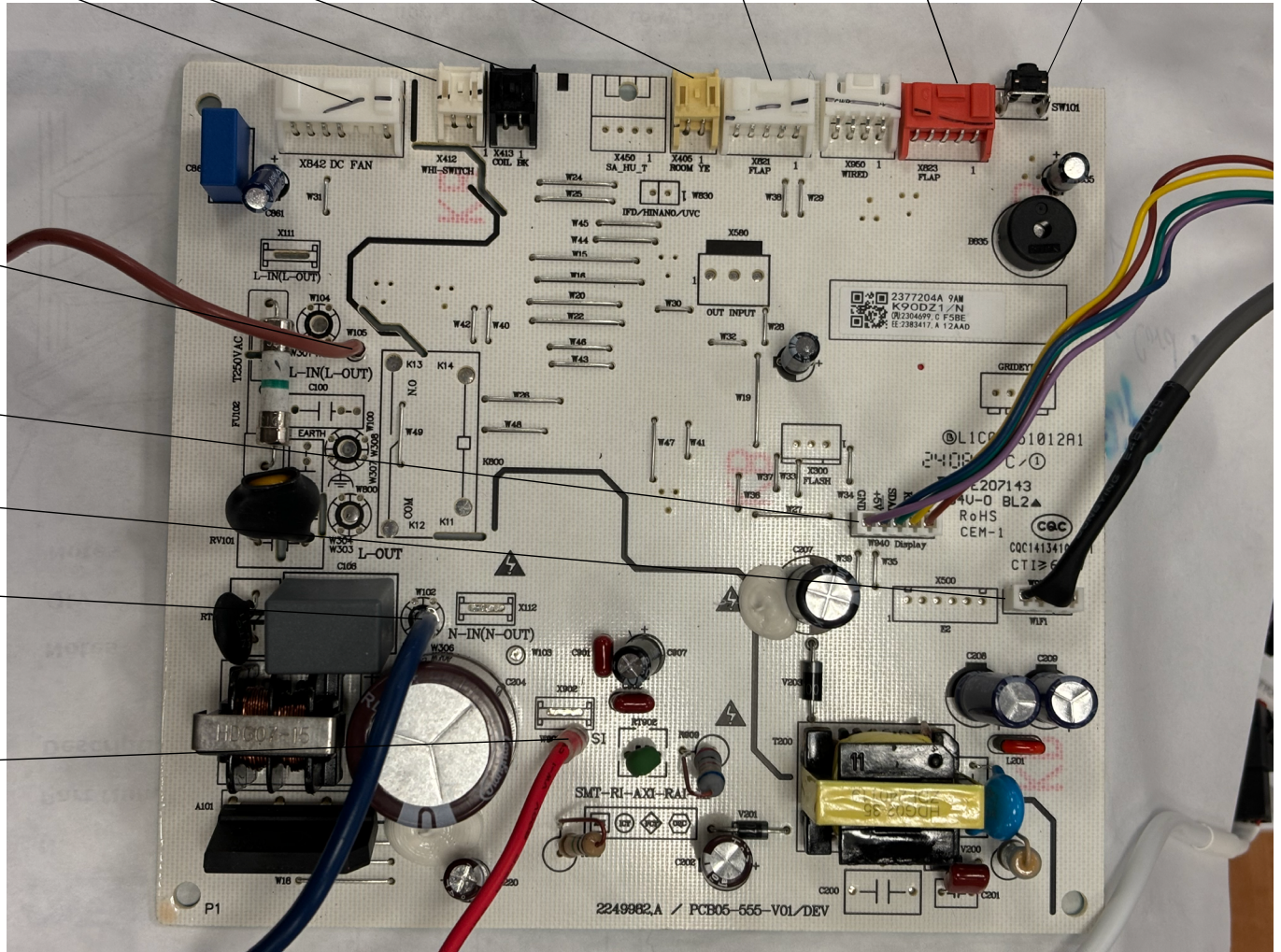
L2 In/Out switch input

Display (W940)

WiFi (W950)

L1/N In/Out

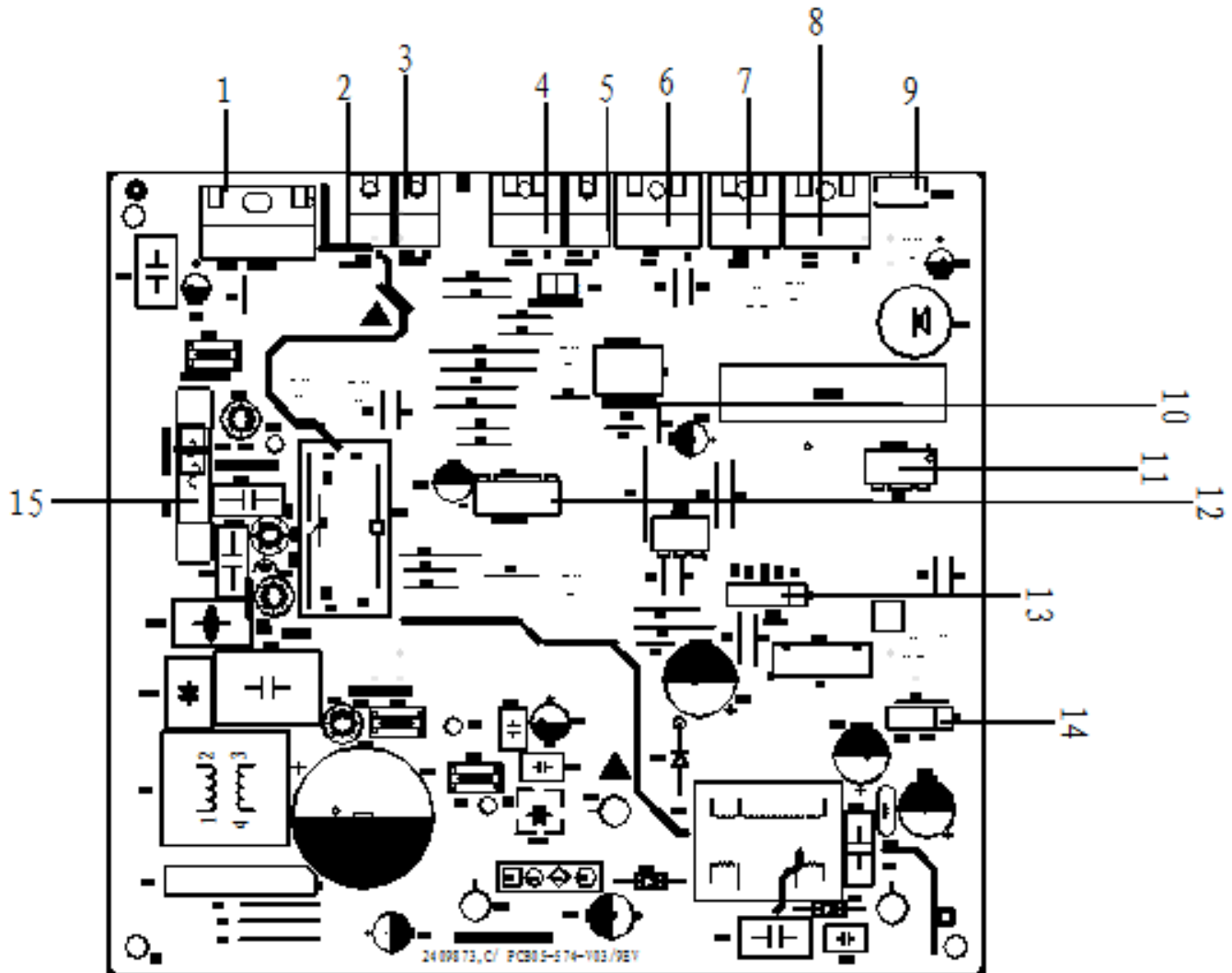
SI



COMPONENTS TESTING

230v Indoor Unit Main PCB Terminal ID (With A2L Sensor Capability)

FAHFW18A3D, FAHFW24A3D, FAHFW36A3D



Terminal Identification Table

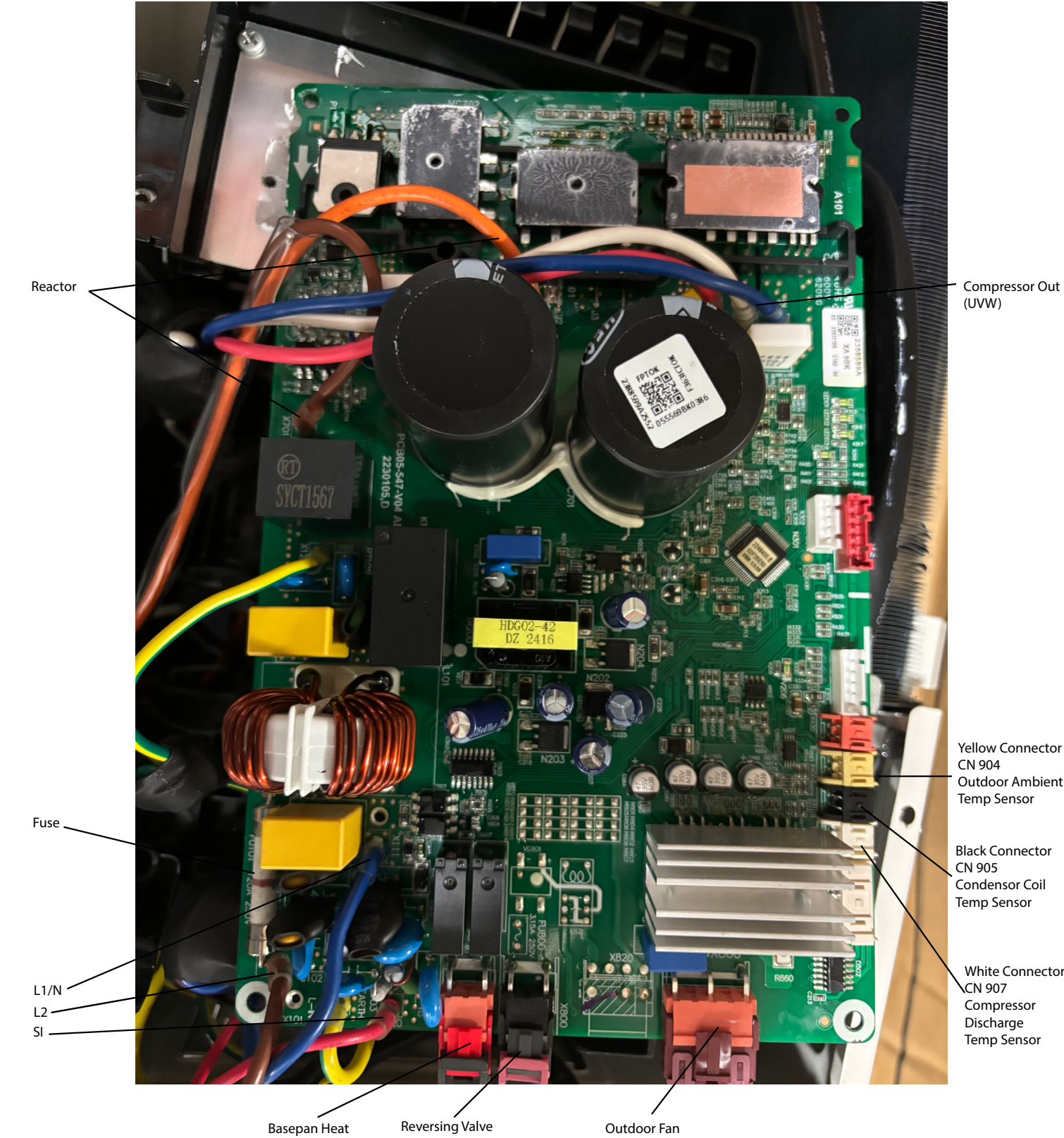
| | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|----|-------------------|
| 1 | Interface of DC motor | 9 | Switch Button |
| 2 | Panel switch | 10 | Out-input |
| 3 | Pipe temperature Sensor | 11 | Grid eye |
| 4 | Temperature and Humidity Sensor | 12 | REF SENSOR |
| 5 | Room temperature Sensor | 13 | Display Interface |
| 6 | Left & Right Swing | 14 | Wifi Interface |
| 7 | Wired | 15 | Protective tube |
| 8 | Up & Down Swing | | |

Figure 606

COMPONENTS TESTING

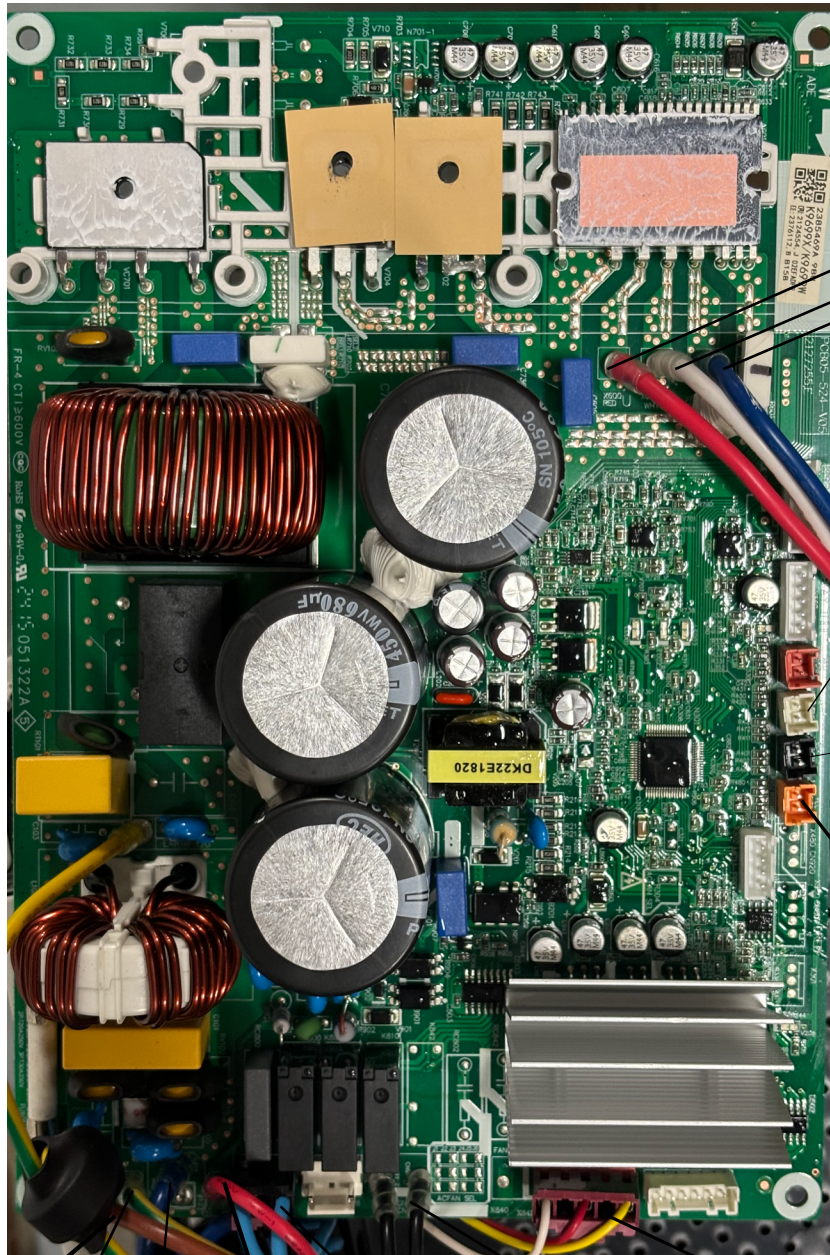
115v Outdoor Unit - Main PCB Terminal ID

FPHSR09A1C, FPHSR12A1C



COMPONENTS TESTING

Outdoor Unit - Main PCB Terminal ID
FSHSR18B3D



U V W

White Connector
CN 907
Compressor Discharge
Temp Sensor

Black Connector
CN- 905
Condensor Coil
Temp Sensor

Yellow Connector
CN 904
Outdoor Ambient
Temp Sensor

Outdoor
Fan
Motor
CN 909

Basepan
Heater
CN 911

Reversing
Valve
CN 906

SI (Red)

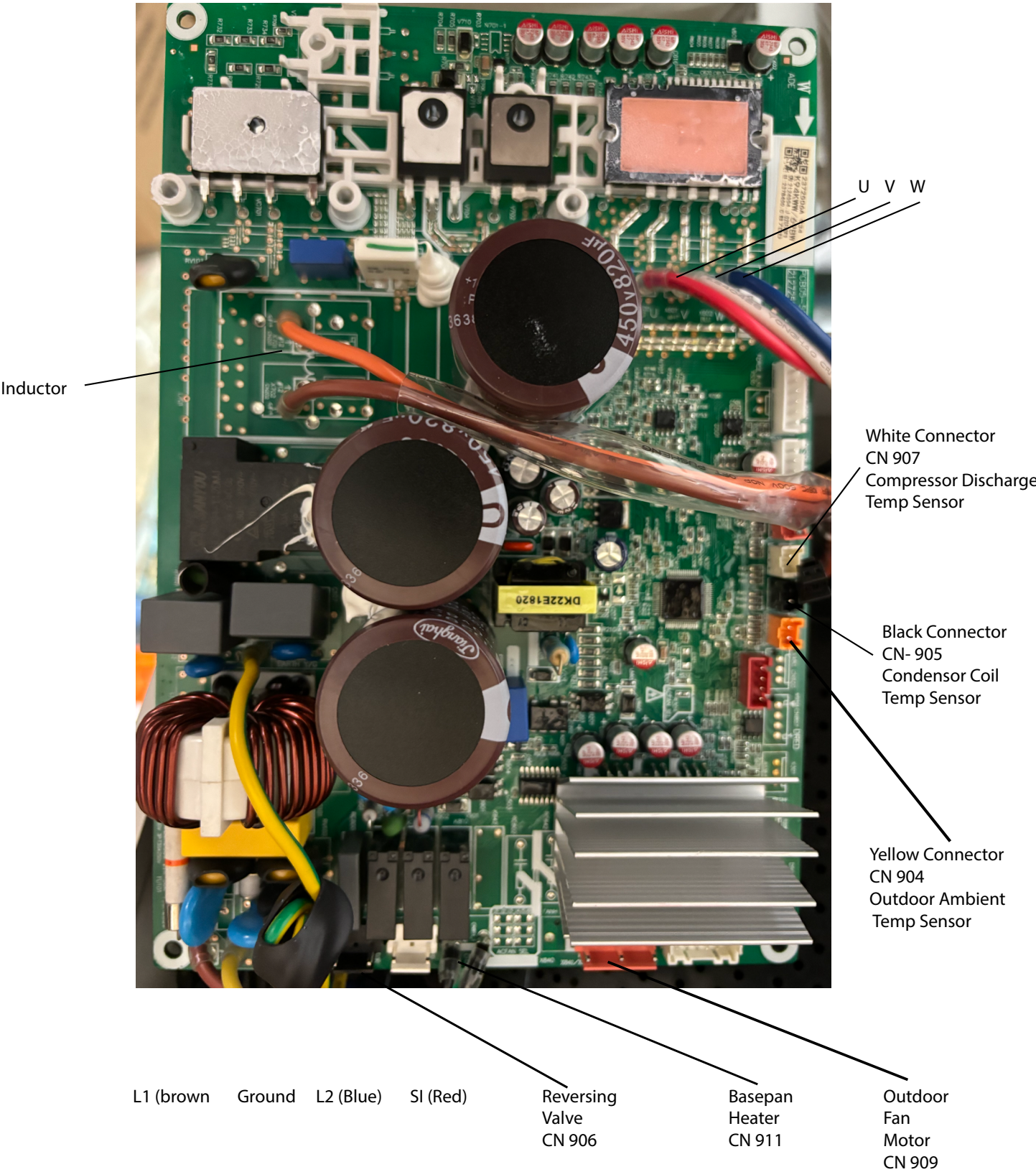
L2 (Blue)

Ground

L1 (brown)

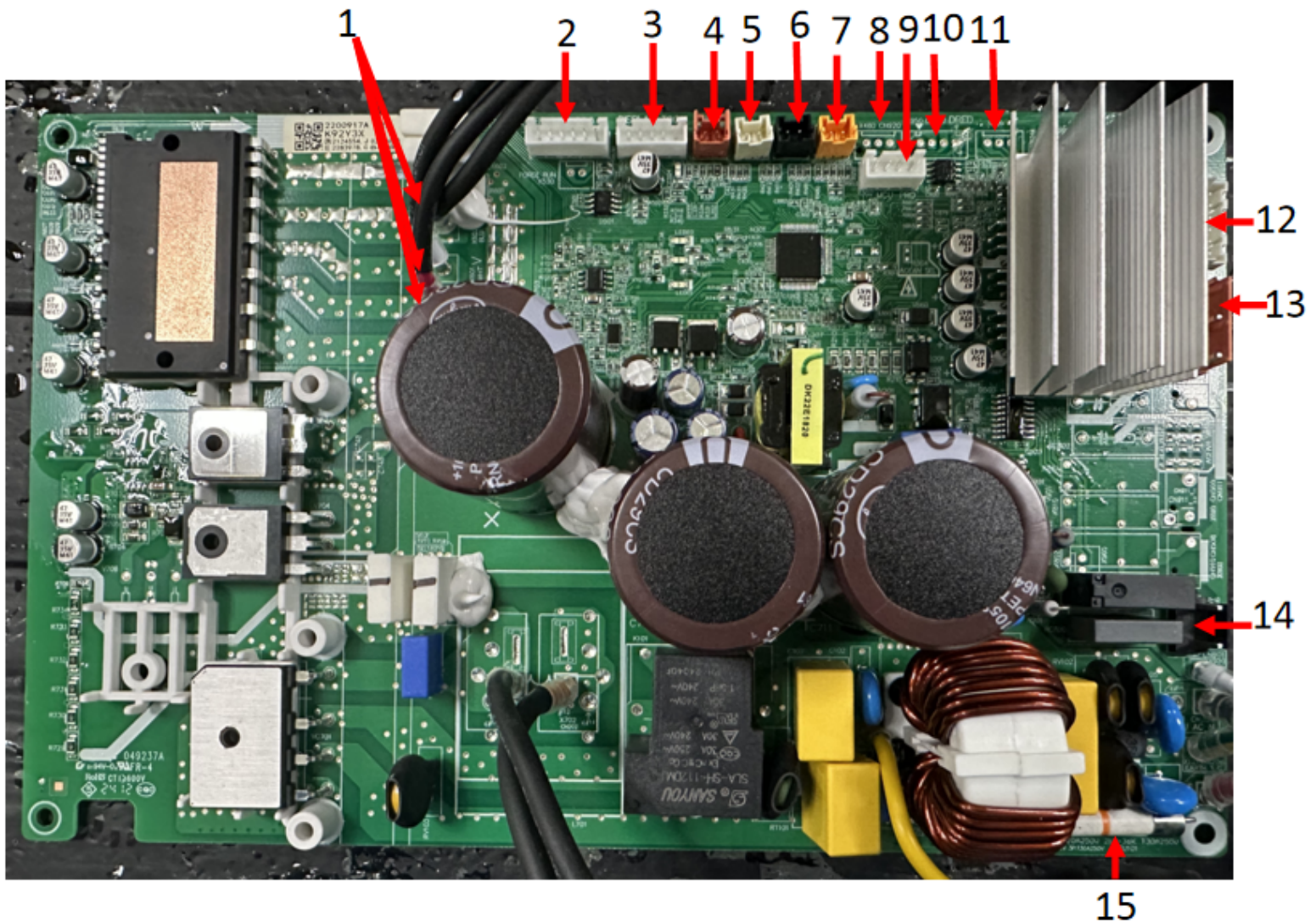
COMPONENTS TESTING

Outdoor Unit - Main PCB Terminal ID
FSHSR24B3D



COMPONENTS TESTING

Outdoor Unit - Main PCB Terminal ID
FSHSR36B3D



| | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|----|----------------------------|
| 1 | Compressor | | 9 | Program writing |
| 2 | EE | | 10 | DRED |
| 3 | Tooling | | 11 | Model Selection |
| 4 | temperature | | 12 | Electronic expansion value |
| 5 | Discharge temperature | | 13 | DC-Fan |
| 6 | Coil temperature | | 14 | 4-WAY value |
| 7 | Outdoor Temperature | | 15 | FUSE |
| 8 | Compressor AD-PRESS | | | |

R-32 SEALED SYSTEM REPAIR

General Information

WARNING: Electrical Shock Hazard

Disconnect all power to the unit before starting maintenance. All electrical connections and wiring **MUST** be installed by a qualified electrician and conform to all codes which have jurisdiction. Failure to do so can result in property damage, severe electrical shock or death.



WARNING: This Product uses R-32 Refrigerant

Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.

When not installed, the appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).

Do not pierce or burn.

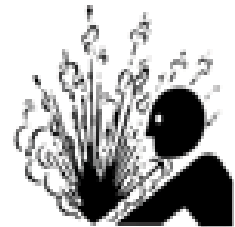
Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odor.



**Refrigerant
Safety Group
A2L**


WARNING: Refrigeration System under High pressure

Do not puncture, heat, expose to flame or incinerate. Only certified refrigeration technicians should service this equipment. R-32 systems operate at higher pressures than R22 equipment. Appropriate safe service and handling practices must be used.





 **Warning:** Prior to beginning work on systems containing FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized.

NOTICE: Individuals working on these units must be EPA 608 Certified along with A2L Refrigerant Training.

 **Warning:** Refrigerant R-32 cannot be used as a retrofit for R-410A refrigerant. The mixing of refrigerant across classes is prohibited. R-32 is not a drop in replacement for R-410A.

General Work Area: All maintenance staff and others working in the installation area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces as defined by the Occupational Safety And Health Administration shall be avoided.

 **Warning:** Job site should be examined for safety hazards such as flammable vapors, ignition sources, ventilation and confined spaces. Create a safe perimeter with barriers and signs designating a flammable area.

 **Warning:** Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimise the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work is being performed.

Check for presence of refrigerant:

- The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres.
- Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.
- Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.
- The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for all refrigerant systems:
 1. Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used.
 2. Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.

If a leak is suspected, all flame sources shall be removed/extinguished.

If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system per EPA guidelines.

Presence of fire extinguisher: If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, a class ABC Rated fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a class ABC Rated fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

R-32 SEALED SYSTEM REPAIR

General Information

Warning:

No ignition sources: No person carrying out work in relation to a REFRIGERATING SYSTEM which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks.

Ventilated Area: Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before accessing the refrigerant in the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant away from the work area or external to building envelope.

During Repairs To Sealed Components: All power must be removed from the equipment being worked on prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a constant leak detector shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.

Checks And Repairs To Electrical Devices:

- Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected remove power supply to unit. **DO NOT OPERATE.**
- Initial safety checks shall include:
 - That capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
 - That no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
 - Verify unit is properly grounded.
- Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.
- Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.
- Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres. Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.
-

The following is a list of important considerations when working with R-32 equipment:

- R-32 pressure is similar to R-410A and approximately 60% higher than R-22 pressure.
- R-32 cylinders must not be allowed to exceed 125°F, they may leak or rupture.
- R-32 must never be pressurized with a mixture of compressed air, it may become MORE flammable.
- Servicing equipment and components must be specifically designed for use with R-32 and dedicated to prevent contamination.
- Manifold sets must be equipped with gauges capable of reading 750 psig (high side) and 200 psig (low side), with a 500-psig low-side retard.
- Gauge hoses must have a minimum 750-psig service pressure rating.
- Recovery cylinders must have a minimum service pressure rating of 400 psig, (DOT 4BA400 and DOT BW400 approved cylinders).
- POE (Polyol-Ester) lubricants must be used with R-32 equipment.
- To prevent moisture absorption and lubricant contamination, do not leave the refrigeration system open to the atmosphere for extended periods of time.
- If unit refrigerant is low, recover the refrigerant, evacuate, and recharge unit to nameplate amount.
- If there is any amount of refrigerant in the system charge from the low side.
- Always charge by liquid inverted.

Verify with tool manufacturers that all tools used during this repair are non-sparking and can be used with A2L Refrigerants.

No halide torches for leak testing.

Refrigerant monitors or detectors must be used to detect refrigerant in the work area.

- R-32 A2L Refrigerant Recovery System.
- Vacuum Pump rated for A2L refrigerant (capable of 300 microns or less vacuum.)
- Nitrogen bottle with purging and pressurizing capabilities up to 550 psi.
- Oxy/ Acetylene torch or similar equipment utilized for brazing.
- Non-Sparking (Not Halide) Electronic Leak Detector rated for detecting A2L refrigerant.
- Digital refrigerant scale
- Refrigeration Gauges rated for A2L Refrigerants with temp scales for R-32 refrigerant.
- Gauge Manifold (Right handed threads).
- A2L compatible Vacuum Gauge capable of 300 microns or less.
- Nitrogen regulator for purging and testing, rated to 800 psi. (Capable of low psi flow)
- Pipe tubing cutter.
- Refrigerant recovery cylinder. (Flammable A2L label)
- Ventilation fan.
- Class ABC fire extinguisher.
- Process Tube adapter kit
- Recovery access tool.
- Purge hose fittings
- Pinch off and opening tools

R-32 SEALED SYSTEM REPAIR

Required Equipment



ABC Fire Extinguisher



Recovery Machine



Vaccum Pump



Nitrogen



Guage Manifold



Nitrogen Regulator



Vaccum Guage



Recovery access tool



Process tube adapter kit



Purge hose fittings



Pinch off and opening tools



R-32 SEALED SYSTEM REPAIR

Refrigerant Removal, Recovery, and Evacuation

NOTE: When accessing the refrigerant in the system to make repairs or for any other purpose, conventional procedures shall be used. However, for FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANTS (R-32 is classified in the A2L group for mildly flammable refrigerants) it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration. Follow all EPA 608 regulations and procedures along with AHRI 15 Best Practices for A2L refrigerants.



Warning: Ensure sufficient ventilation at the repair place.



Warning: Ensure there are no open flame sources or hot surfaces that exceed 1200°F in the work area.



Warning: Discharge capacitors in a way that won't cause any spark. The standard procedure to short circuit the capacitor terminals usually creates sparks.

NOTICE: Ensure that the following precautions are taken prior to opening the sealed system.

- Verify Recovery machine is rated for A2L refrigerants.
- Mark the Job site inspection area as flammable work zone using appropriate signs.
- Utilize a Refrigerant leak detector or refrigerant monitor to sense the area for the presence of refrigerants.
- Disconnect all power supply to unit.
- Properly ground all equipment and hoses along with tank to prevent a static build up .
- Ensure adequate ventilation is provided for the job site.
- Do not mix A2L refrigerant Gages and hoses with other refrigerants.
- Keep exposure of refrigerant to Air to as minimum as possible (creates a dangerous condition).
- Under no circumstances is the mixing of refrigerants in the recovery cylinders allowed and should be strictly avoided at all times. Do not introduce oxygen into any recovery cylinders.

1. Recover refrigerant to EPA sec. 608 standards. If a low charge is suspected weigh recovered refrigerant and compare to unit nameplate. Refer to Figure G.3

NOTE: DO NOT RECOVER TO A VACUUM PRIOR TO FLUSHING WITH NITROGEN. STOP RECOVERY AT 0-5 PSI.

3. Purge system with dry nitrogen.(3-5 minutes).

4. Perform an evacuation to 500 microns and break vacuum with Dry Nitrogen.

5. Re-purge the unit for 3-5 minutes or until the nitrogen flows out both process tubes.

6. Re-evacuate unit to 500 microns and break vacuum with Dry Nitrogen.


8. Open the refrigerant circuit by cutting out components.


Transportation


Be aware that local, state, and national codes exist that regulate the transportation of flammable gases. Be sure to become informed of the regulations and always stay compliant.

R-32 SEALED SYSTEM REPAIR

Component Replacement/Brazing

 **Warning:** Ensure sufficient ventilation at the repair place.


 **Warning:** Presence of fire extinguisher. If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, have a ABC class fire extinguisher available to hand.

 **Warning:** No person carrying out work in relation to a REFRIGERATING SYSTEM which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks.

 **Warning:** Ensure there are no open flame sources or hot surfaces that exceed 1200°F in the work area.

NOTE: When brazing is required, the following procedures shall be carried out in the right order:

1. Remove and recover refrigerant, and evacuate the system. Refer to the [refrigerant removal, recovery, and evacuation section](#) of this manual.

 **Warning:** Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

2. Perform a check of the work area for the presence of flammable refrigerant prior to brazing or performing any hot work. Use a non-Sparking (Not Halide) A2L certified Electronic Leak Detector rated for detecting R-32 refrigerant.
3. Re-pipe all repairs and install all components to sealed system.

4. Purge nitrogen through the unit. at approximately 2-3 psi through the duration of the brazing process. (Nitrogen must be purging through the unit while any brazing is being performed.)

5. Pressure test unit to 550 psi minimum and hold pressure for 30 minutes minimum. Inspect for any leaks with a leak detection fluid and repair as required. Repeat as required until system passes leak test.

6. Triple evacuate the unit to achieve a 500 micron level.

7. Pressurize nitrogen to 550 psi and leak test all connections with a leak detection fluid. Repair any leaks found.

8. Reassemble sealed enclosures accurately. If seals are worn, replace them.

9. Charge the system with the amount of refrigerant specified on the model nameplate. [Refer to the refrigerant charging section of this manual for charging procedures.](#)

R-32 SEALED SYSTEM REPAIRS

Refrigerant Charging

WARNING: Electrical Shock Hazard

Disconnect all power to the unit before starting maintenance. All electrical connections and wiring **MUST** be installed by a qualified electrician and conform to all codes which have jurisdiction. Failure to do so can result in property damage, severe electrical shock or death.



WARNING: This Product uses R-32 Refrigerant

Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.

When not installed, the appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).

Do not pierce or burn.

Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odor.



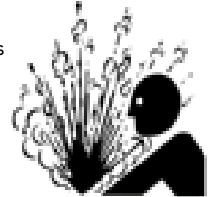
Refrigerant
Safety Group
A2L

WARNING: Refrigeration System under High pressure

Do not puncture, heat, expose to flame or incinerate. Only certified refrigeration technicians should service this equipment. R32 systems operate at higher pressures than R22 equipment. Appropriate safe service and handling practices must be used.

WARNING: Freeze Hazard

Proper safety procedures must be followed, and all PPE must be utilized when working with liquid refrigerant. Failure to comply could result in minor to moderate injury.



NOTE: Always weigh in refrigerant based on the model nameplate.

Warning:

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment.
- Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Charge unit with refrigerant cylinder in the inverted position to obtain liquid refrigerant.
- Charge the unit according to the amount on the name plate matching the unit.
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the REFRIGERATING SYSTEM.
- Prior to recharging a system, it shall be pressure-tested with the dry nitrogen.

The acceptable method for charging the sealed system is the Weighed in Charge Method. The weighed in charge method is applicable to all units. It is the preferred method to use, as it is the most accurate.

The weighed in method should always be used whenever a charge is removed from a unit such as for a leak repair, compressor replacement, or when there is no refrigerant charge left in the unit. To charge by this method, requires the following steps:

-  **Warning:** Ensure sufficient ventilation at the repair place.

-  **Warning:** Ensure there are no open flame sources or hot surfaces that exceed 1200°F in the work area.

1. Recover Refrigerant in accordance with EPA regulations. (Refer to [Refrigerant Removal, Recovery, and Evacuation Section](#)).

NOTE: If a low charge is suspected weigh recovered refrigerant and compare to unit nameplate.

NOTE: Service ports are located on the side of the unit. See figure G.3.

2. Weigh in the refrigerant charge with the proper quantity of R-32 refrigerant per model nameplate.

3. Perform triple evacuation.

NOTE: EPA Section 608 regulations require that if a system is charged with flammable refrigerant it must have red markings on the service ports.

R-32 SEALED SYSTEM REPAIRS

Refrigerant Charging Triple Evacuation

Friedrich requires all installations are Leak Checked and Evacuated in accordance to the “triple evacuation” process. This process promotes a dry tight refrigeration system before opening the service valves. It recommended that a single port refrigeration manifold and hoses rated over 31.5 psi be used. Refrigeration hose valves, along with a vacuum pump and micron gauge, must be used to ensure the system can be vacuumed and held under 500 microns. Check all equipment and hoses for proper usage and leaks before beginning.

1. 1st Nitrogen Pressure Test:

Ensure all refrigeration connections are properly flared, secured, and torqued to their respective settings.

Pressurize the system with nitrogen to 550 psi. Soap all connections with an approved refrigerant leak detection solution.

The pressure in the system must hold for one hour respective to the environmental conditions and should not vary less than 540psi. If pressure can not be adequate held, check integrity of flares and torque specifications. Once pressure is held adequately, purge the nitrogen charge to system pressure of 5-10 psi. **DO NOT RETURN TO ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE.**

2. 1st Vacuum Micron Test:

Connect hoses and vacuum pump to the outdoor unit as shown in Fig. 436. Start the vacuum pump and vacuum to 1000 microns. Close the valve to the vacuum pump and check for micron rise for 15 minutes. If microns rise to near atmospheric pressure, there is a potential leak; repeat step 1. If microns rise over 5000, the system is very wet and will require further nitrogen purges.

3. 2nd Nitrogen Break:

Once the system holds below 5000 microns, reconnect the nitrogen tank break the system vacuum with 30-50 psi of nitrogen. Wait 5 minutes, then purge to 5-10 psi. **DO NOT RETURN TO ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE.**

4. 2nd Vacuum Micron Test:

Reconnect vacuum pump and gauge and begin evacuation. Vacuum system to 500 microns. Close vacuum valve and check for micron rise. Vacuum should hold under 1000 microns. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until achieved.

5. 3rd Nitrogen Break:

Once the system holds below 1000 microns, reconnect the nitrogen tank break the system vacuum with 30-50 psi of nitrogen. Wait 5 minutes, then purge to 5-10 psi. **DO NOT RETURN TO ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE.**

6. 3rd Final Vacuum Micron Test:

Reconnect vacuum pump and gauge and begin evacuation. Vacuum system to 300 microns. Close vacuum valve and check for micron rise. Vacuum should hold under 500 microns. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until achieved. Once held under 500 microns, the system is considered dry and tight.

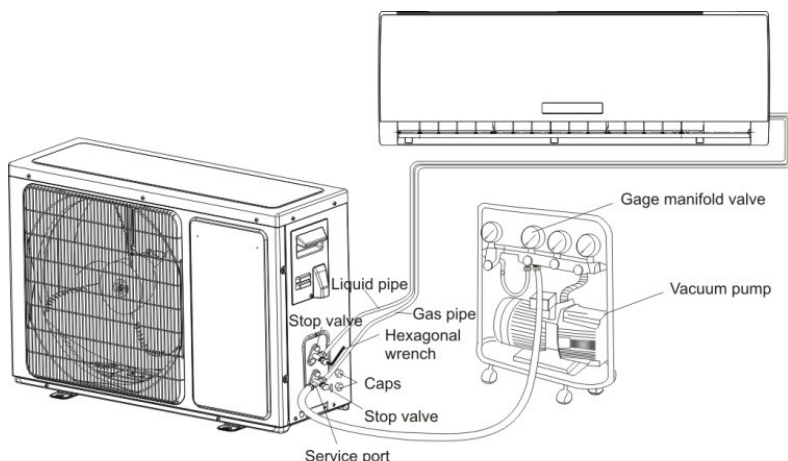
7. Charging the system:

Unscrew Service Valve Caps to expose the inner hexagon head. Use an allen-head spanner or service wrench with appropriate adapter to release the refrigerant into the system. If the calculated line set length is over 2 ft, weight in the additional charge with an approved refrigerant scale as needed. Refer to Table G.1.

| Capacity (Btu/h) | Refrigerant Pre-Charge | Pipe Size | | Standard Length (ft) | Max. Elevation H (ft) | Max. Length L (ft) | Additional Refrigerant (oz/ft) |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------|------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | LIQUID | GAS | | | | |
| FSHSR09B1C | 21.2 oz | 1/4" | 3/8" | 25 | 50 | 66 | .22 |
| FSHSR12B1C | 21.9 | 1/4" | 3/8" | 25 | 50 | 66 | .22 |
| FSHSR18B3D | 45.9 oz | 1/4" | 1/2" | 25 | 50 | 100 | .22 |
| FSHSR24B3D | 47.6 | 3/8" | 5/8" | 25 | 50 | 100 | .32 |
| FSHSR36B3D | 72.4 | 3/8" | 5/8" | 25 | 50 | 100 | .40 |


Table G.2


Figure G.3





R-32 SEALED SYSTEM REPAIRS


Compressor Replacement

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|--|
|  | ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD Turn off electric power before service or installation. Extreme care must be used, if it becomes necessary to work on equipment with power applied. Failure to do so could result in serious injury or death. |

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|--|
|  | HIGH PRESSURE HAZARD Sealed Refrigeration System contains refrigerant and oil under high pressure. Proper safety procedures must be followed, and PPE must be utilized when working with refrigerants. Failure to follow these procedures could result in serious injury or death. |

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|--|
|  | EXPLOSION HAZARD The use of nitrogen requires a pressure regulator. Follow all safety procedures and wear protective safety clothing etc. Failure to follow proper safety procedures could result in serious injury or death. |

| ⚠ CAUTION | |
|---|--|
|  | FREEZE HAZARD Proper safety procedures must be followed, and proper protective clothing must be worn when working with liquid refrigerant. Failure to follow these procedures could result in minor to moderate injury. |

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|--|
|  | NEVER , under any circumstances, liquid charge a rotary-compressor through the LOW side. Doing so would cause permanent damage to the new compressor. Use a charging adapter. |

1. Be certain to perform all necessary electrical and refrigeration tests to be sure the compressor is actually defective before replacing.
2. Recover all refrigerant from the system through the process tubes. Refer to [Refrigerant Removal, Recovery, and Evacuation](#) Section of this manual).

PROPER HANDLING OF RECOVERED REFRIGERANT ACCORDING TO EPA REGULATIONS IS REQUIRED.


3. After all refrigerant has been recovered, cut and remove compressor. Be certain to have both suction and discharge process tubes open to atmosphere.
4. Install the replacement compressor.


CAUTION: Seal all openings on the defective compressor immediately. Compressor manufacturers will void warranties on units received not properly sealed. Do not distort the manufacturers tube connections.

5. Braze all connections. Refer to the [Component Replacement/Brazing section](#) of this manual.
6. Charge system with proper amount of refrigerant per the model nameplate. Refer to the [Refrigerant charging section of this manual](#).

R-32 SEALED SYSTEM REPAIR

Replace The Reversing Valve

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|---|
|  | <p>HIGH PRESSURE HAZARD</p> <p>Sealed Refrigeration System contains refrigerant and oil under high pressure.</p> <p>Proper safety procedures must be followed, and PPE must be utilized when working with refrigerants.</p> <p>Failure to follow these procedures could result in serious injury or death.</p> |

| ⚠ WARNING | |
|---|---|
|  | <p>EXPLOSION HAZARD</p> <p>The use of nitrogen requires a pressure regulator. Follow all safety procedures and wear protective safety clothing etc.</p> <p>Failure to follow proper safety procedures could result in serious injury or death.</p> |

| NOTICE |
|--|
| <p>FIRE HAZARD</p> <p>The use of a torch requires extreme care and proper judgment. Follow all safety recommended precautions and protect surrounding areas with fire proof materials. Have a fire extinguisher readily available. Failure to follow this notice could result in moderate to serious property damage.</p> |

1. Recover all refrigerant from the system through the process tubes. Refer to [Refrigerant Removal, Recovery, and Evacuation](#) Section of this manual).

PROPER HANDLING OF RECOVERED REFRIGERANT ACCORDING TO EPA REGULATIONS IS REQUIRED.

2. Remove solenoid coil from reversing valve. If coil is to be reused, protect from heat while changing valve.

NOTE: When brazing a reversing valve into the system, it is of extreme importance that the temperature of the valve does not exceed 250°F at any time.

Wrap the reversing valve with a large rag saturated with water. "Re-wet" the rag and thoroughly cool the valve after each brazing operation of the four joints involved.

The wet rag around the reversing valve will eliminate conduction of heat to the valve body when brazing the line connection.

3. Cut all lines from reversing valve. [Refer to the Brazing section of this manual.](#)

4. Clean all excess braze from all tubing so that they will slip into fittings on new valve.

5. Remove solenoid coil from new valve.

6. Protect new valve body from heat while brazing with plastic heat sink (Thermo Trap) or wrap valve body with wet rag.

7. Fit all lines into new valve and braze lines into new valve.

8. Braze all connections. Refer to the [Brazing section of this manual.](#)

9. Pressurize with nitrogen to 550 psi and leak test all connections with a leak detection fluid. Repair any leaks found.

10. Once the sealed system is leak free, install solenoid coil on new valve.

11. Charge system with proper amount of refrigerant per the model nameplate. Refer to the [refrigerant charging section of this manual.](#)

WIRING DIAGRAMS

115v Indoor Unit

FAHSW091AC, FAHSW12A1C

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

2014258,C

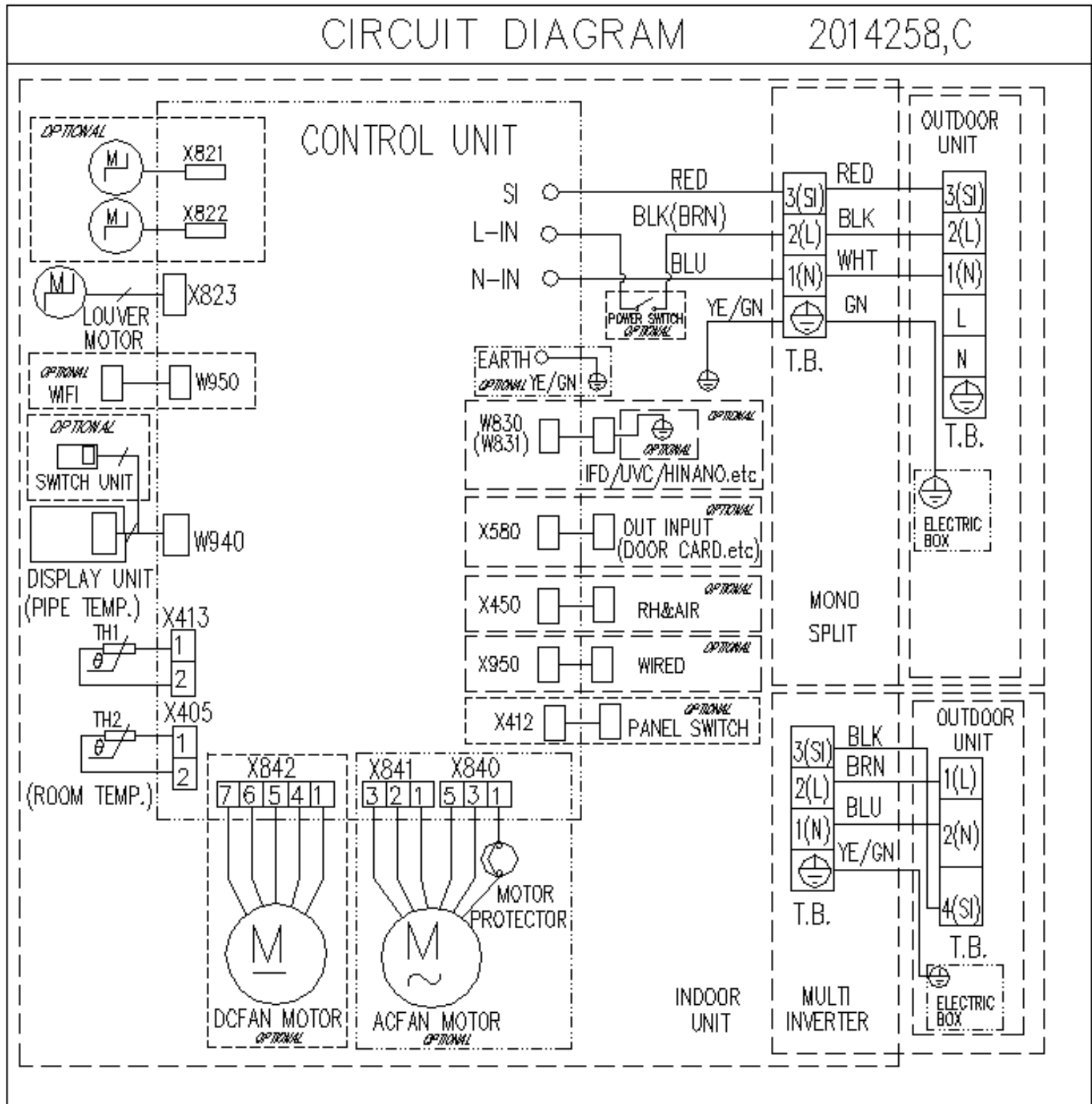


Figure 801

FAHFW18A3D, FAHFW24A3D, FAHSW36A3D



WIRING DIAGRAMS

230v Indoor Unit Without A2L Sensor Capability

FAHFW18A3D, FAHFW24A3D, FAHSW36A3D

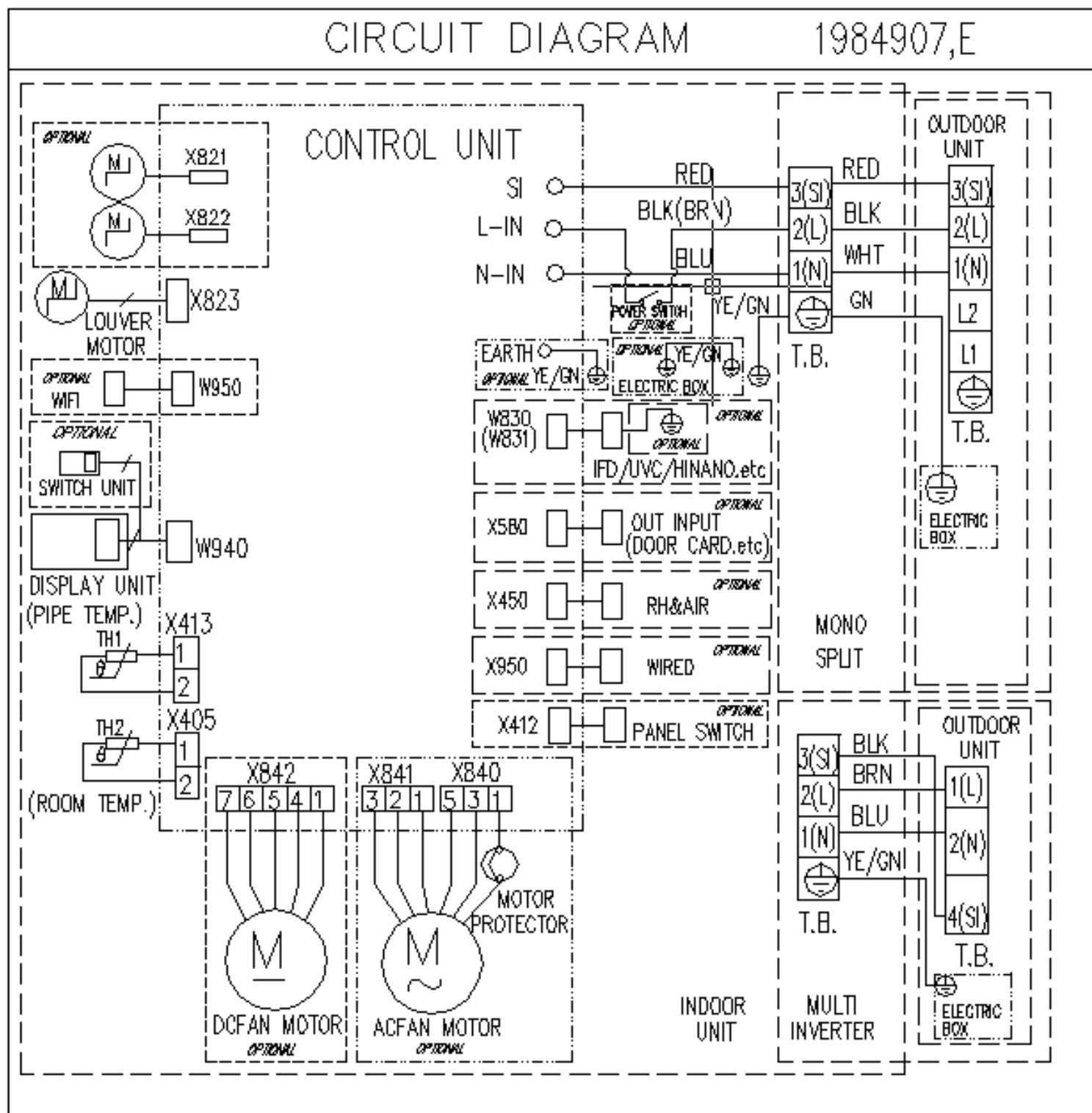


Figure 803

WIRING DIAGRAMS

115v Outdoor Unit

FPHSR09A1C, FPHSR12A1C

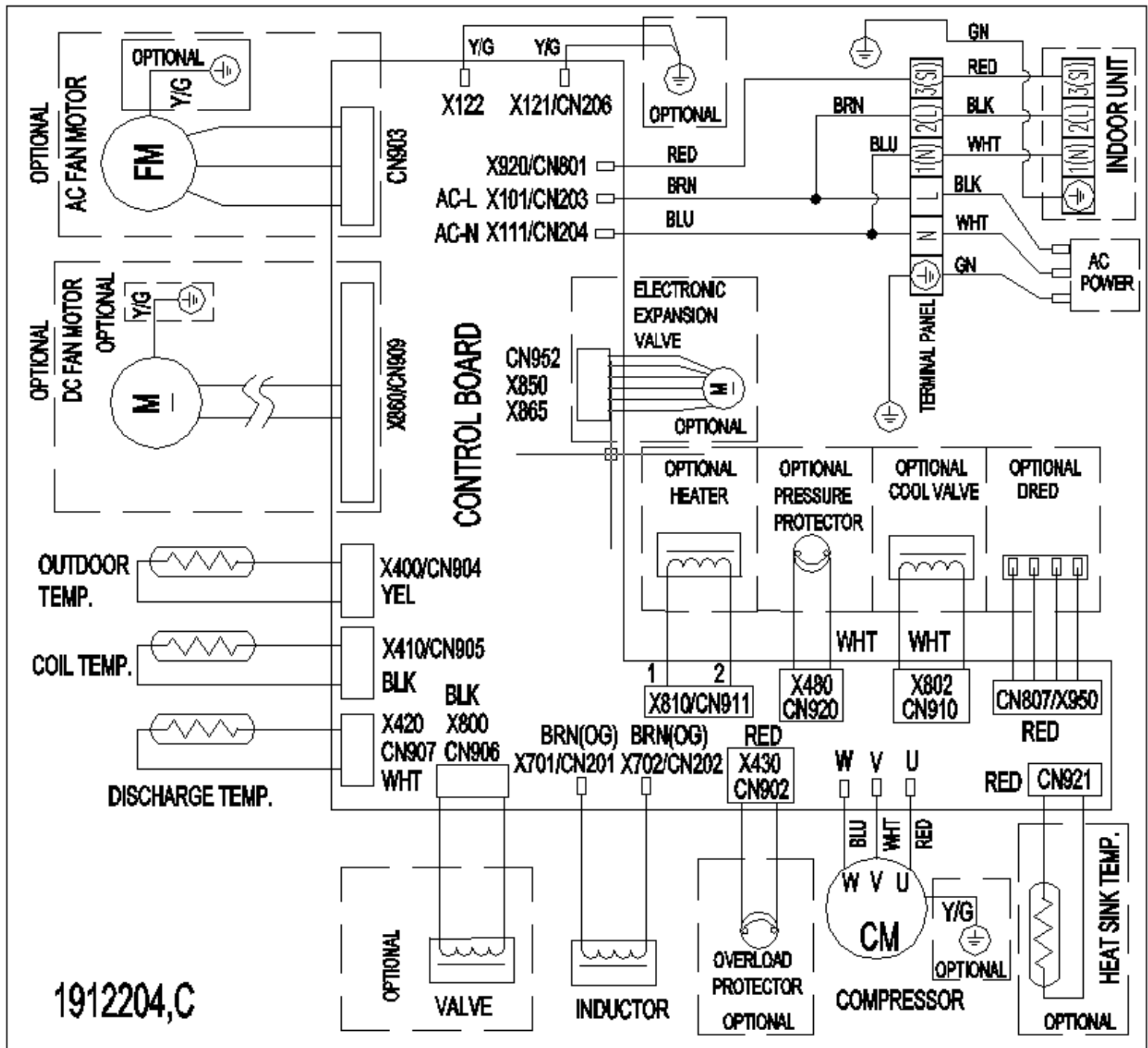


Figure 804

WIRING DIAGRAMS

230V Outdoor Unit

FSHSR18A3D, FSHSR24A3D, FSHSR36A3D

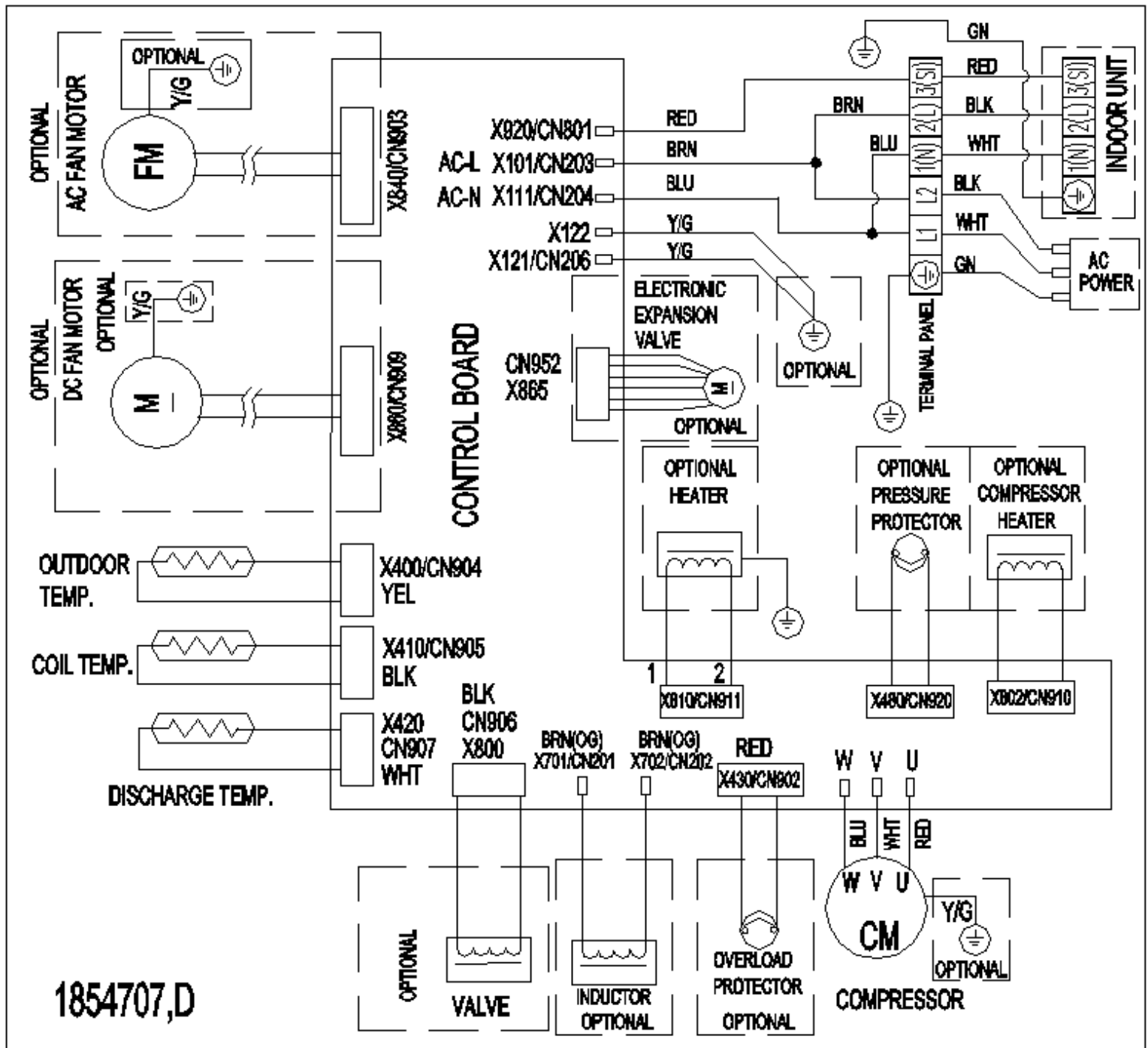
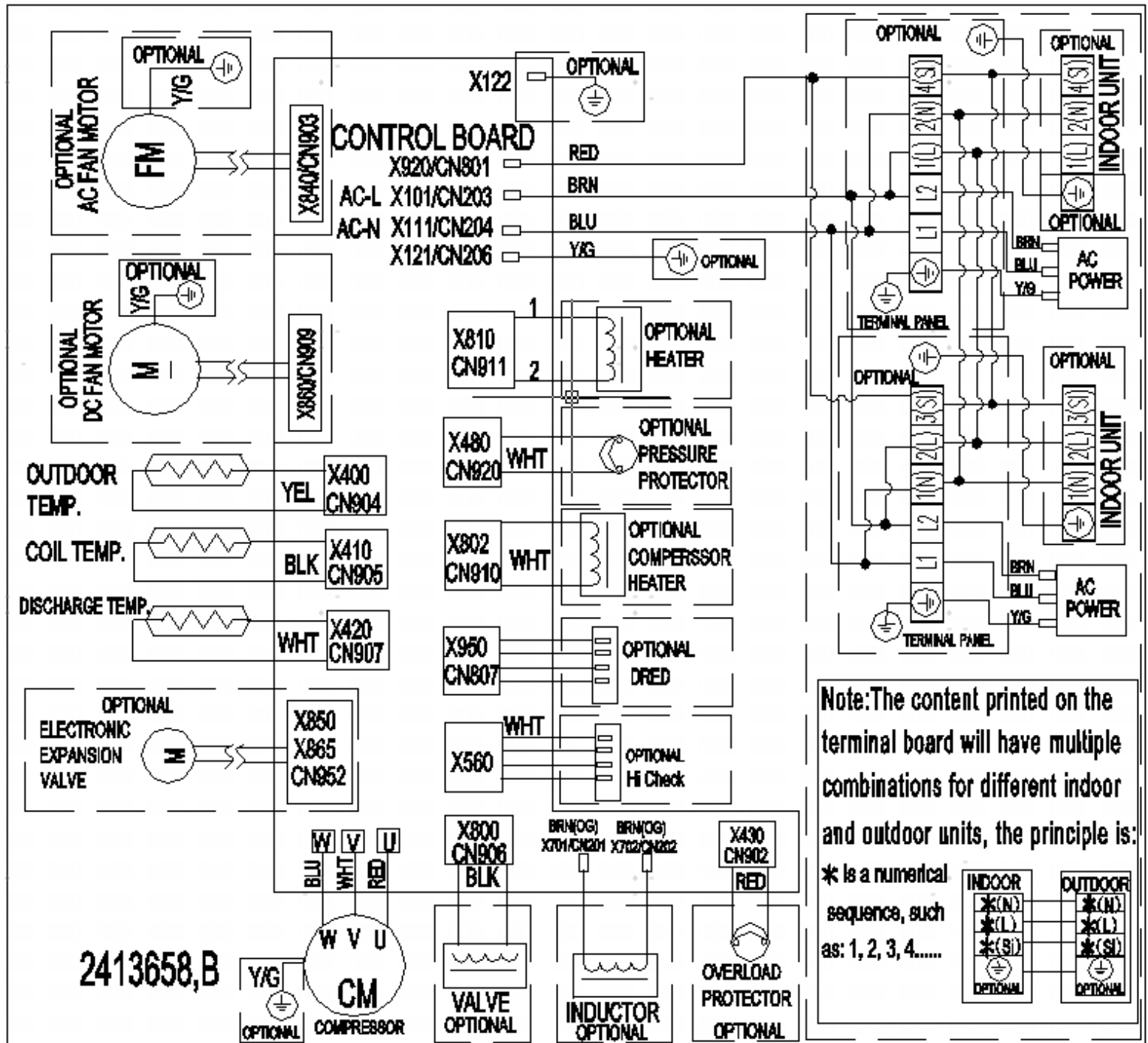


Figure 805

WIRING DIAGRAMS

230V Outdoor Unit

FSHSR36A3D



APPENDIX

Interactive Parts Viewer

All Friedrich Service Parts can be found on our online interactive parts viewer.

Please click on the link below:

[Interactive Parts Viewer](#)

For Further Assistance contact Friedrich customer service at **(1-800-541-6645)**.

Limited Warranty

Current warranty information can be obtained by referring to <https://www.friedrich.com/professional/support/product-resources>

APPENDIX

Thermistor Resistance Values

1. THE PARAMETER OF THE INDOOR COIL AND INDOOR ROOM SENSOR ,THE PARAMETER OF THE OUTDOOR COIL AND OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMP SENSOR:

(R(0)=15k B(0/100)=3450)

| Temperature(°C) | Resistance(k) | Voltage(V) | | Temperature(°C) | Resistance(k) | Voltage(V) |
|-----------------|---------------|------------|--|-----------------|---------------|-------------|
| -20 | 38.757 | 0.58143512 | | 31 | 4.292 | 2.715076661 |
| -19 | 36.844 | 0.60795346 | | 32 | 4.137 | 2.76063657 |
| -18 | 35.038 | 0.63530819 | | 33 | 3.989 | 2.805589174 |
| -17 | 33.331 | 0.66352684 | | 34 | 3.847 | 2.850117358 |
| -16 | 31.719 | 0.69257720 | | 35 | 3.711 | 2.894109636 |
| -15 | 30.196 | 0.72246147 | | 36 | 3.58 | 2.937788018 |
| -14 | 28.755 | 0.75321223 | | 37 | 3.455 | 2.980713033 |
| -13 | 27.392 | 0.78480857 | | 38 | 3.335 | 3.023117961 |
| -12 | 26.103 | 0.81722911 | | 39 | 3.219 | 3.065272268 |
| -11 | 24.882 | 0.85051031 | | 40 | 3.108 | 3.106725146 |
| -10 | 23.727 | 0.88458737 | | 41 | 3.001 | 3.147759536 |
| -9 | 22.632 | 0.91951536 | | 42 | 2.899 | 3.187898487 |
| -8 | 21.594 | 0.95527085 | | 43 | 2.801 | 3.227439565 |
| -7 | 20.611 | 0.99179340 | | 44 | 2.706 | 3.266717909 |
| -6 | 19.678 | 1.02913875 | | 45 | 2.615 | 3.305249514 |
| -5 | 18.794 | 1.06721353 | | 46 | 2.528 | 3.342947037 |
| -4 | 17.954 | 1.10609872 | | 47 | 2.444 | 3.380169671 |
| -3 | 17.158 | 1.14565549 | | 48 | 2.363 | 3.416856492 |
| -2 | 16.401 | 1.18599135 | | 49 | 2.286 | 3.45247766 |
| -1 | 15.683 | 1.22696435 | | 50 | 2.211 | 3.487894953 |
| 0 | 15 | 1.26865672 | | 51 | 2.139 | 3.522585993 |
| 1 | 14.351 | 1.31098658 | | 52 | 2.07 | 3.556485356 |
| 2 | 13.734 | 1.35393437 | | 53 | 2.003 | 3.590032381 |
| 3 | 13.148 | 1.39741342 | | 54 | 1.939 | 3.622673675 |
| 4 | 12.589 | 1.44157386 | | 55 | 1.877 | 3.654865988 |
| 5 | 12.058 | 1.48618720 | | 56 | 1.818 | 3.686036427 |
| 6 | 11.553 | 1.53125563 | | 57 | 1.76 | 3.717201166 |
| 7 | 11.071 | 1.57689691 | | 58 | 1.705 | 3.747244673 |
| 8 | 10.613 | 1.62286005 | | 59 | 1.652 | 3.776658768 |
| 9 | 10.176 | 1.66928515 | | 60 | 1.6 | 3.805970149 |
| 10 | 9.76 | 1.71601615 | | 61 | 1.551 | 3.834009923 |
| 11 | 9.363 | 1.76311968 | | 62 | 1.503 | 3.861880963 |
| 12 | 8.985 | 1.81043663 | | 63 | 1.457 | 3.888973616 |
| 13 | 8.624 | 1.85805887 | | 64 | 1.413 | 3.91524643 |
| 14 | 8.279 | 1.90597205 | | 65 | 1.37 | 3.941267388 |
| 15 | 7.951 | 1.95387327 | | 66 | 1.328 | 3.967019291 |
| 16 | 7.637 | 2.00204130 | | 67 | 1.289 | 3.991234935 |
| 17 | 7.337 | 2.05033368 | | 68 | 1.25 | 4.015748031 |

APPENDIX

Thermistor Resistance Values

| | | | | | | |
|----|-------|------------|--|----|-------|-------------|
| 18 | 7.051 | 2.09859271 | | 69 | 1.213 | 4.039284017 |
| 19 | 6.778 | 2.14682606 | | 70 | 1.177 | 4.062450215 |
| 20 | 6.516 | 2.19524793 | | 71 | 1.142 | 4.085229093 |
| 21 | 6.267 | 2.24333597 | | 72 | 1.109 | 4.106941536 |
| 22 | 6.028 | 2.29151689 | | 73 | 1.076 | 4.12888601 |
| 23 | 5.8 | 2.33944954 | | 74 | 1.045 | 4.149715216 |
| 24 | 5.581 | 2.38741691 | | 75 | 1.015 | 4.17007359 |
| 25 | 5.372 | 2.43506494 | | 76 | 0.986 | 4.189944134 |
| 26 | 5.172 | 2.48247664 | | 77 | 0.957 | 4.210004953 |
| 27 | 4.981 | 2.52951096 | | 78 | 0.93 | 4.228855721 |
| 28 | 4.797 | 2.57653834 | | 79 | 0.904 | 4.247168554 |
| 29 | 4.622 | 2.62291710 | | 80 | 0.878 | 4.265640683 |
| 30 | 4.453 | 2.66931854 | | | | |

Note: the AD value in the table is calculated on the basis of the pull-down resistor is 5.1K.

2. THE PARAMETER OF OUTDOOR COMPRESSOR TEMPERATURE SENSOR:

| R(0)=187.25k B(0100)=3979) | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|------------|--|---------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Temperature (°C) | Resistance(k) | Voltage(V) | | Temperature (°C) | Resistance (k) | Voltage(V) |
| -20 | 542.867 | 0.06185563 | | 51 | 19.907 | 1.273074475 |
| -19 | 512.839 | 0.06543004 | | 52 | 19.148 | 1.310312934 |
| -18 | 484.672 | 0.06917993 | | 53 | 18.422 | 1.348029498 |
| -17 | 458.239 | 0.07311215 | | 54 | 17.728 | 1.386170907 |
| -16 | 433.423 | 0.07723358 | | 55 | 17.065 | 1.424680494 |
| -15 | 410.115 | 0.08155140 | | 56 | 16.43 | 1.463624623 |
| -14 | 388.213 | 0.08607312 | | 57 | 15.822 | 1.502961719 |
| -13 | 367.625 | 0.09080590 | | 58 | 15.241 | 1.542579738 |
| -12 | 348.264 | 0.09575738 | | 59 | 14.684 | 1.582573078 |
| -11 | 330.048 | 0.10093573 | | 60 | 14.151 | 1.622834232 |
| -10 | 312.904 | 0.10634837 | | 61 | 13.64 | 1.663405088 |
| -9 | 296.761 | 0.11200385 | | 62 | 13.151 | 1.704175229 |
| -8 | 281.556 | 0.11790981 | | 63 | 12.682 | 1.745200698 |
| -7 | 267.227 | 0.12407536 | | 64 | 12.233 | 1.786371104 |
| -6 | 253.72 | 0.13050821 | | 65 | 11.802 | 1.827760456 |
| -5 | 240.982 | 0.13721739 | | 66 | 11.388 | 1.869364416 |
| -4 | 228.965 | 0.14421140 | | 67 | 10.992 | 1.910971223 |
| -3 | 217.624 | 0.15149895 | | 68 | 10.611 | 1.952788467 |
| -2 | 206.917 | 0.15908889 | | 69 | 10.246 | 1.994602839 |
| -1 | 196.805 | 0.16699001 | | 70 | 9.896 | 2.036415908 |
| 0 | 187.25 | 0.17521257 | | 71 | 9.559 | 2.078366648 |
| 1 | 177.957 | 0.18402550 | | 72 | 9.236 | 2.120229484 |
| 2 | 169.186 | 0.19319719 | | 73 | 8.925 | 2.162162162 |
| 3 | 160.903 | 0.20273937 | | 74 | 8.627 | 2.203928178 |
| 4 | 153.179 | 0.21252789 | | 75 | 8.341 | 2.245558418 |
| 5 | 145.685 | 0.22297275 | | 76 | 8.065 | 2.287251934 |

APPENDIX

Thermistor Resistance Values

| | | | | | |
|----|---------|------------|-----|-------|-------------|
| 6 | 138.696 | 0.23368340 | 77 | 7.8 | 2.328767123 |
| 7 | 132.086 | 0.24480509 | 78 | 7.546 | 2.369998606 |
| 8 | 125.833 | 0.25634646 | 79 | 7.301 | 2.411176512 |
| 9 | 119.916 | 0.26831655 | 80 | 7.065 | 2.452217815 |
| 10 | 114.315 | 0.28072493 | 81 | 6.843 | 2.492120501 |
| 11 | 109.01 | 0.29358432 | 82 | 6.624 | 2.532777116 |
| 12 | 103.984 | 0.30690352 | 83 | 6.414 | 2.573028606 |
| 13 | 99.222 | 0.32068816 | 84 | 6.212 | 2.612972641 |
| 14 | 94.708 | 0.33494897 | 85 | 6.017 | 2.652726847 |
| 15 | 90.427 | 0.34969710 | 86 | 5.829 | 2.692216328 |
| 16 | 86.366 | 0.36494000 | 87 | 5.648 | 2.731362468 |
| 17 | 82.512 | 0.38068793 | 88 | 5.474 | 2.770083102 |
| 18 | 78.854 | 0.39694585 | 89 | 5.306 | 2.808524698 |
| 19 | 75.381 | 0.41372093 | 90 | 5.144 | 2.846617549 |
| 20 | 72.082 | 0.43102355 | 91 | 4.988 | 2.884289108 |
| 21 | 68.948 | 0.44885674 | 92 | 4.837 | 2.921715219 |
| 22 | 65.968 | 0.46723835 | 93 | 4.692 | 2.958579882 |
| 23 | 63.136 | 0.48615877 | 94 | 4.552 | 2.995066949 |
| 24 | 60.443 | 0.50562884 | 95 | 4.417 | 3.031113488 |
| 25 | 57.88 | 0.52566481 | 96 | 4.286 | 3.066931265 |
| 26 | 55.367 | 0.54691396 | 97 | 4.161 | 3.10190676 |
| 27 | 52.978 | 0.56877112 | 98 | 4.039 | 3.13682074 |
| 28 | 50.707 | 0.59123237 | 99 | 3.922 | 3.171050177 |
| 29 | 48.547 | 0.61430611 | 100 | 3.776 | 3.214826021 |
| 30 | 46.492 | 0.63799445 | 101 | 3.703 | 3.237170332 |
| 31 | 44.537 | 0.66229036 | 102 | 3.602 | 3.268602192 |
| 32 | 42.676 | 0.68720188 | 103 | 3.501 | 3.300650422 |
| 33 | 40.904 | 0.71272849 | 104 | 3.409 | 3.33039475 |
| 34 | 39.217 | 0.73885738 | 105 | 3.317 | 3.360680043 |
| 35 | 37.609 | 0.76561057 | 106 | 3.228 | 3.390506582 |
| 36 | 36.077 | 0.79296593 | 107 | 3.141 | 3.420179056 |
| 37 | 34.616 | 0.82093877 | 108 | 3.058 | 3.448975451 |
| 38 | 33.224 | 0.84949031 | 109 | 2.977 | 3.477549351 |
| 39 | 31.895 | 0.87866649 | 110 | 2.899 | 3.505516033 |
| 40 | 30.628 | 0.90841082 | 111 | 2.823 | 3.533201704 |
| 41 | 29.419 | 0.93873381 | 112 | 2.749 | 3.56058226 |
| 42 | 28.264 | 0.96965549 | 113 | 2.678 | 3.587254695 |
| 43 | 27.162 | 1.00111890 | 114 | 2.609 | 3.613561484 |
| 44 | 26.109 | 1.03315203 | 115 | 2.542 | 3.639477628 |
| 45 | 25.103 | 1.06573050 | 116 | 2.477 | 3.664977902 |
| 46 | 24.142 | 1.09883007 | 117 | 2.414 | 3.6900369 |
| 47 | 23.223 | 1.13246511 | 118 | 2.353 | 3.714629083 |
| 48 | 22.345 | 1.16658089 | 119 | 2.294 | 3.738728832 |
| 49 | 21.505 | 1.20120120 | 120 | 2.237 | 3.762310501 |
| 50 | 20.701 | 1.23631868 | | | |

Note: the AD value in the table is calculated on the basis of the pull-down resistor is 6.8K.

APPENDIX

Accessories

WALL CONTROLLERS



FPWC1

FPWC1 Optional wired wall controller for Floating Air Select single zone and Floating Air[®] Pro, single and multizone models. Does not work with FPHSW36A3B at this time. Please check with your Friedrich representative for options.
Cable length = 24 ft (8m)

APPENDIX

Friedrich Authorized Parts Depots



FRIEDRICH

United Products Distributors Inc.

4030A Benson Ave
Halethorpe, MD 21227
888-907-9675
c.businsky@updinc.com

Shivani Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Inc.

2259 Westchester Ave.
Bronx, NY 10462
sales@shivanionline.com

NEUCO Inc.

515 W Crossroads Parkway
Bolingbrook, IL 60440
312.809.1418
borr@neuco.com

The Gabbert Company

6868 Ardmore
Houston, Texas 77054

713-747-4110
800-458-4110

Johnstone Supply of Woodside

27-01 Brooklyn Queens Expway
Woodside, New York 11377

718-545-5464
800-431-1143

Reeve Air Conditioning, Inc.

2501 South Park Road
Hallandale, Florida 33009

954-962-0252
800-962-3383

Total Home Supply

26 Chapin Rd Ste 1109
Pine Brook, NJ 07058
877-847-0050

support@totalhomesupply.com
<https://www.totalhomesupply.com/brands/Friedrich.html>

TECHNICAL SUPPORT CONTACT INFORMATION

Friedrich Air Conditioning Co.
10001 Reunion Place, Suite 500 • San Antonio, Texas 78216
1-800-541-6645
www.friedrich.com